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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 2nd editon For the lover of Family history and family stories



This is a facing brick that can be found at the Hoogeind in Leerdam.

As an ode to the ancestors that have lived on the Hoogeind (Hoogmiddelcooperdijk) since 1560.

The image of a stylized apple tree stands for the name Bogerd, Bogert, Boogaard, Boogert.

The regional name for an orchard, a fruit tree planted piece of land.

Designed by M.G. Bogert

The whole of this 2nd edition of the "**Digital Bogerd Familieboek**" and the digital ancestor overviews on the website "bogerdgenealogie.jouwweb.nl", aim to create a Parenteel-plus of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.

Until today, 23,420 descendants have been found, of which 8,717 are also descendants of Charlemagne.

A Parenteel contains all descendants of an ancestor in male and female lines.

Supplemented with family details of both sons and daughters, their sons and daughters and so on. A parenteel is therefore the most extensive form of parentage research.

I wish everyone a lot of reading pleasure and inspiration during this "journey in time" of the Bogerd family and in-laws.

I hope that this set in digital book form and the available ancestor overviews on the site "bogerdgenealogie.jouwweb.nl", will entice everyone to start an investigation into the own family history of and for one's own family and children.

If your search raises questions and you could use some help, let me know.

You can also add your own research results and family stories.

As a result, it is increasingly becoming a book about and for all descendants.

This 2nd version of the digital book has therefore been supplemented with 4 new family stories. It concerns the families of Abraham Bogaards, Abraham Lent Bogart, of Anthonie Rekoert, father-in-law of Elisabeth Aalbertsdr Molenaar and the acquaintance of Polly Thompson and Hans and Thea Bogerd. You can also find a number of links to specific information about the emigrated families in America and Canada.

You can report your questions and suggestions about beautiful family stories through the following accounts. The website **bogerdgenealogie.jouwweb.nl** or via the email address **bogerd60@gmail.com**.

If there are new developments you will be kept informed via bogerdgenealogie.jouwweb.nl and the Facebookaccount Bogerdgenealogie.

Good luck and have fun creating your own family story.

Mico Bogerd

december 2021

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### This collection consists of a digital book with additional overviews.

Short stories about monarchs, kings, nobility in Europe and their relationship with descendants of Gijsbert's Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.

Without the woman, many of us would not have the name Bogerd, and would not have the capabilities that have occurred in their lives.

The male descendants often knew how to marry the right woman. Both in the Netherlands and in America was the woman often the "stepping stone "to the nobility and / or to wealth and prosperity".

#### The Four Women

For many descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in the Boogaertman in the Netherlands, the following women are the link to Charlemagne, the European Nobility, princes and kings.

- Neeltje Cornelisdr van Schaik, born on November 28,1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
- Teuntje Pieterse van Casant, born on October 21,1744 in Noordeloos, South Holland
- Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden, born on September 1,1754 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
- Maaike Maria van Meeteren, born on December 14,1861 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

### Who are the ancestors, what role did they play, what was the time in which they lived and their living situation.

- The first part of the book describes the oldest ancestors and their role in the European history.
  - Namely the ancestors of the **8,717** descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman and who are also descended from Charlemagne.
- The second part shows the connected surnames that have been found so far of the descendants of the Four Women, elaborated in descendant overviews.
  - The relationship between Charlemagne and Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman becomes clear.
- The third part gives a picture of the living situations, the professions of the descendants and their any influences in their local living environment.
  - The differences between the Netherlands and America.

    Where possible substantiated with found court and family records.
  - You will also find personal notes on 334 descendants.

#### The following overviews supplement the book and will also be available.

- An overview of the descendants found of Arnulf Saint van Metz and his great-grandson Charlemagne in relation to the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.
  - 44 generations, 9,492 descendants of Arnulf Saint van Metz
  - 41 generations, 9,430descendants of Charlemagne
- An overview of the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz found in den Boogertman.
  - 18 generations, 23,420 descendants.
- An overview of the descendants of the grandsons of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.
  - Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert (1595), 16 generations and 13,415 descendants.
  - Louw Theunisz Bogaert (1598), 16 generations and 8,470 descendants.
  - Cornelis Theunisz Bogert (1590), 15 generations and 3,417 descendants.
- An overview of the descendants of the Four early pioneers of the Bogaert family in America in the 17<sup>th</sup> century.
- A detailed overview of the descendants of each of the FOUR women, who are the link to the European nobility, princes and kings.
- By the end of 2021, 128 overviews with 10 to approximately 15 generations of ancestors will be available for download. In combination with the overviews in this book, you can find your distant ancestors. If you have any questions, please contact me.
- Until the publication of this Digital Book, the 1st edition of the Dutch version has been downloaded 383 times, the English version has been downloaded 34 times and the ancestor overviews have been downloaded 10,844 times.

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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The beginning of the guest across the World

#### 1.1 The start in 1990

Because of my brother's enthusiasm in searching for our ancestors, I am too got interested. Together we developed an efficient search method.

- He searched the municipal, church and police archives for family details and with these data I could search for additional data in the Central Bureau for Genealogy.
- In those years, the computer was just emerging and we still had to do a lot of writing and searching.

Our search came to a standstill for several years and the only real results were boxes with lists and a 1<sup>th</sup> family book published by my brother.

#### 1.2 The sequel in 2010

Eventually I got the same "jitters" to further investigate the family genealogy and I decided to put the "old data" on an international genealogical program.

- It resulted in an inexhaustible flow of data.
   Data that you should have "sweated" about for months around 1990, the program showed see in a few minutes names and relationships that were not yet found at the time.
- Only it soon became clear that you have to be very careful with just accepting what is state. Checking the data is important to prevent errors and turn them into one minimum.

But one learns by doing and at the end of 2011 the pedigree of the Bogerd family was in the picture until 1540 relations with the Bogaert / Bogart family in America and Canada were also clarified and explained with photos and stories.

#### 1.3 Previously printed books about Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman's descendants

In the meantime, the mentioned 1th book of my brother has now been continued.

- In 2014 is een 2<sup>nd</sup> series of 6 books printed in limited editions.
- It concerns the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.
- In 2014, the number of descendants found was 10.815.
- Descendants found by me up to 2014 in the Netherlands, America, Canada, New Zealand and Australia.

•	Deel I	12 <sup>th</sup>	geneneration	descendants	nr.	4510 - 6338
•	Deel II	13 <sup>th</sup>	geneneration		nr.	6339 - 8040
•	Deel III	14 <sup>th</sup>	geneneration			8046 - 9292
•	Deel IV	15 <sup>th</sup>	geneneration		nr.	9293 - 10257
•	Deel V	16 <sup>th</sup> ,17 <sup>th</sup> ,18 <sup>th</sup>			nr.	10258 - 10815
•	Deel VI		Register of na			

- In 2017, the number of descendants found had increased to 15.314.
- In this year it became clear that a book about the results of a search for ancestors and their descendants produces a book that is quickly outdated.
- The third of the book is a family book, just for the children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren of Bastiaan Bogerd and Adriana van Put and is also in limited edition printed.

#### 1.4 Correctness and Accuracy of Information

- I have tried to make the data in this book as accurate as possible.
- By comparison and checks with sources available on the Internet and Heritage.
- Nevertheless, there will be inaccuracies and improvements will be possible.
- The cooperation of everyone is therefore appreciated.
- This overview is certainly not complete yet.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 1.5 Genealogital search method "Parenteel"

I chose to get a good idea of the true size of direct relatives to both the male and female lines all available data, which are related are to take over our Bogerd family one on one including interesting personal and photo data from international genealogy programs.

Subsequently, I started testing these for correctness and completeness.

Learning moments for me were:

- An important choice turned out to be that the male as the female line was included.
- A reference to a municipal deed provides more certainty than no reference.
- An existing document in which the person is mentioned provides more confirmation than none.
- The way a name is written in a deed is decisive and not the name in daily use.

Much information about the "Bogerd descendants" in America and Canada has been found on the internet.

The books by **John Albert Bogart** (1889-1969) from America and by **Marshall Campbell Bogart** (1847-1927) from Canada gave me additional and specific family information.

For my search for the relationship of the family "Bogerd descendants" with Charlemagne, was the internet also an inexhaustible source of information.

Many birth, death and wedding dates are often not exact but an estimate.

- John Ooms' site was a good starting point for the Dutch and European nobility. John has an extensive site with an extensive overview of the Dutch and European nobility and royal houses.
- Of course Wikipedia and Heritage were also a great source of information.

In addition, over the years I have visited and / or had contact with many involved families verify or supplement my data. In addition, I also usually during my visits was given the opportunity to digitally copy existing family photos and received permission to be allowed to use it.

I would therefore like to thank these people for their cooperation.

#### 1.6 What have we received from our ancestors

This reference book is not intended to be a mere listing of deceased parents, grandparents and parents to show other ancestors of descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in the Boogaertman.

This reference work is also intended to provide a picture of the housing and living situation of the ancestors and the families with which they married and lived.

This collection of digital information focuses on the ancestral line of descendants. I tried to find the following answers:

- 1. Are we a descendant of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman via the male or via the female line.
- 2. Are we a descendant of Charlemagne and also of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman or both.
- 3. We recognize in ourselves something of the perseverance and the urge to survive of the descendants described. The way in which, despite difficult choices, they have managed to build a new life and even managed to acquire a place in local, European and American history.
- 4. Does faith play an important role for the descendants. Many even flee to America to keep their faith.

#### 1.7 A special thanks to everyone who was helpful to me

During my search I have found that the descendants I have approached are very helpful and were friendly. During a personal meeting, the hospitality and togetherness stood out.

- It is striking that here too the women were important in making this collective work possible.
- Trudi Middelkoop and Abe Drijver thank you for your agreement to Bogerd-related to be able to use information from your books.
- Judith A. Bloodsworth for your help with the English translation of the 1<sup>ste</sup> edition of my digital book from Dec 2020.

#### In relation to the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 1.8 A special meeting

One of the finest examples my genealogical research has led to is the story below.

For me, this is a unique example that a family research can lead to.

Through my search, the contact with my cousin Hans and his wife Thea has been strengthened again. Thea found my research so interesting that she years ago started distributing flyers in the Schoonrewoerd region to publicize my family research.

#### A short introduction

John Albert Bogart (1889-1969) from Ludlow, Kentucky, USA as mentioned earlier, had in the 1950s published his book of "The Bogart Family, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and his Descendants".

John Albert Bogart had visite the Netherlands for his research in the 1950s.

He hoped to find a lot about his ancestors, especially in the Schoonrewoerd region.

He has visited several places and talked to several people about the "Bogaert" family.

#### An American woman Schoonrewoerd

One evening in 2018 I received a phone call that Hans and Thea had a visit from an American woman", her name was Polly Thompson. Polly Thompson turned out to be the granddaughter of John Albert Bogart.

She wanted to know what her grandfather had seen and felt during his search in the region where his ancestors had lived and inhabited.

Her surprise was great when she was told during her conversations with people in Schoonrewoerd to have a talk with Hans and Thea. They could tell her everything about the Bogerd family. People remembered that Thea was able to tell a lot about my family research.

#### The photo

The photo shows two blood relatives, for many of us also our relatives.

Polly Thompson from America visiting Hans Bogerd and his wife Thea from Leerdam.

They both have a relationship with Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.

But until that moment they were not aware of each other's existence, nor of their mutual relationship.

#### The family booklet of Bas Bogerd and Adriana van Put

Hans and Thea showed my parents' family booklet to Polly Thompson.

A story about the ancestors of this couple and their descendants.

The story also included in this, is the story told us in our childhood, we had a "sugar daddy" in America. The story is now somewhat clarified.

Polly's surprise was further increased when she found an article about her grandfather John Albert.

In the photo they are together as good friends, with the booklet with family information between each other.

The friendship is still there in 2021 and they have now a permanent contact.



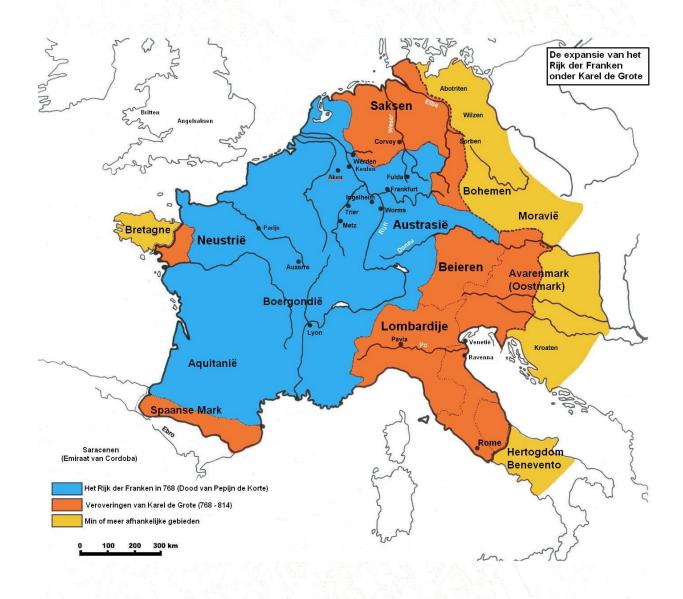
Polly Thompon, Hans and the booklet

Polly and Hans are blood relatives of the 14th and 15th generation descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman one from America and the other from the Netherlands.

The photo also shows not two but three relatives.

In relation to the descendants of





In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 7th century

#### 2. Begga van Andenne (610-693)

# Great-great-grandmother of Charlemagne De oldest female ancestor in this book of some of the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman

This story is dedicated to a saint that few will know, Namely the Holy Begga of Andenne.

Her death date is December 17, 693, so that was quite a long time ago. Begga came not only from a royal family, but also a family with many Saints.

On the 17<sup>th</sup> December 693 Begga was canonized. She founded a monastery at Andenne after his Rome, feast day 17 December.



Her father was Pepijn van Landen († 639) who is considered blessed is considered to.

Her mother was Ida (or Iduberga) van Nivelles, who later became was also canonized.

Also her sister, the more famous Gertrudis van Nivelles, was canonized after her death.

And that doesn't stop there: Begga got married around 643 with Ansegilus of Metz, the son of Arnulf, Saint of Metz. So her father-in-law is also on the calendar of saints.

Her father Pepijn van Landen was hofmeier among the Merovingian kings and the first hofmeijer who after a coup actually exercised the power.

The kings still ruled in name only.

Hence, in ancient chronicles Pippin is also called as first duke of Brabant is mentioned and his daughter Begga as the first duchess.

Begga and Ansegius had a son, **Pepijn van Herstal** († 16 Dec 714), who would become the progenitor of the Carolingians, as great grandfather of **Charlemagne**.

So she was part of a politically powerful dynasty.

But what about that holiness?

After the death of her husband, Begga decided her life and her Putting possessions in the service of God.

She made a pilgrimage to Rome and built after her return in her hometown Andenne aan de Maas seven churches, after analogy to that of Rome.



She founded a monastery at one of them in 691, which she led as an abbess until her death. Her sister Gertrudis did something similar by founding and running the Abbey of Nivelles, with which this lady had also earned her place among the ranks of the saints.

Because the name Begga resembles the word 'begijn', it was erroneously used in the Middle Ages considered their founderess. Despite that misconception, that worship has remained.

The portrait accompanying this story is an engraving by Frans van den Wijngaerde (1643-1672) after a portrait van Pepijn van Landen with his daughter Begga by the painter Peter Paul Rubens (1577-1640).

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 2.1

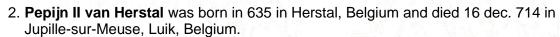
#### Family relationships

1. **Begga 'the Saint' van Andenne** was born in 610 in Landen, Belgium and passed away on 17 dec. 693 in Andenne sur Meuse, Namen, Belgium.

She married Ansegilus van Metz in 645. Ansegilus, son of Arnulf Saint van Metz and Doda Clothilde Sainte van Saksen, was born in 610 and died in 685.

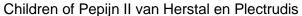
Children of Begga 'the Saint' van Andenne en Ansegilus van Metz

- 2. Pepijn II van Herstal was born in 635 in Herstal, Belgium and died on Dec. 16 714 in Jupille-sur-Meuse, Luik, Belgium.
- ii. 3. Clothildis (Doda) van Herstal is geboren in 650 en overleden in 699.
- iii. 4. Martin (Hardrad) van Laon was born in 660 in Laon, Aisne, Picardie, France and died on 17 jul. 695 in Laon, Aisne, Picardie, France.
- iv. 5. Martin Ansegisel van Herstal was born in 660 in Herstal, Luik, Belgium And died in 696 in Laon, Aisne, France.



Hij married 1<sup>th</sup> Plectrudis in 670. Plectrudis, daughter of Theodoric III Clovis Diederik van Mérovingiens and Amalberga Doda Maubege the Saint of Oeren, died on Aug.10, 725 in Köln, Germany.

Hij was 2<sup>nd</sup> the partne Alpaida (Chalpaida). Alpaida (Chalpaida), daughter of Alberic of Bavaria and Adèle van Poitiers, was born in 654 in Heristal, Luik, Belgium and died on Dec 16, 714 in Austrasia, Frankish Empire, now Belgium.



- ii. 7. Drogo van Herstal was born in 670 and died in 708.
- iii. 8. Grimoald II van Herstal was born in 680 and died in 714.

Children of Pepijn II van Herstal en Alpaida (Chalpaida)

- Karel Martel was born Aug, 686 in Herstal, Belgium and died Okt 22, 741 in Quierzy-sur-Oise, department Aisne, France.
- Karel Martel was born on Aug 23, 686 in Herstal, België and died Okt 22, 741 in Quierzy-sur-Oise, department Aisne, France.
   Hij married 1<sup>th</sup> Ruodhaid

Hij married 2<sup>nd</sup> Rotrude (Chrotrude) of Trier in 707. Rotrude (Chrotrude), daughter of Lievin van Treves (Trier) en Willigarde van Bavaria, is geboren in 690 in Austrasia, Frankish Empire, now Belgium and died in 724 in Quierzy, France.

Children of Karel Martel en Rotrude (Chrotrude) van Trier

- i. 15. Jerome Martel was born in 705 in Parijs, Ile-de-France, France And died on an unknown date.
- Carloman der Franken Hofmeier der Franken was born in 713 in Vienna, Austria and died on Dec 4, 755 in Benedictine Abbey Monte Cassino, Cassino, Latium, Italy.
- iii. 17. Pepijn III, the Short One was born in 714 in Jupille sur Meuse, province Liège, Belgium and died on Sep 24, 768 in Saint-Denis, Paris, France.

Children of Charles Martel en Ruodhaid

iv. 18. Bernhard Martel was born in 725 and died in 787.













14-1-2022

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 7<sup>th</sup> century

3.

#### Pepijn II of Herstal 635 – 714



Died in Jupille-sur-Neuse, France

An ancestor of some of the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman

**Pepijn II of Herstal** was known by the nickname the Younger, the Middle or the Fat, he was a Frankish Hofmeier.

He was the son of the Hofmeier Ansegisel and of (the holy) Begga, a daughter of the Hofmeier Pepijn van Landen. He was buried in the Abbey of Sint-Arnulf (his grandfather) in Metz.

Due to the failed coup d'état of his brother-in-law Grimoald, son of Hofmeijer Pepijn van Landen and Saint Ida van Nijverl and his wife's brother, his family had fallen into political disgrace, many prominent relatives, including his father, were killed.

Pepijn still had the extensive family possessions along the Meuse and Moselle.

Through his marriage to Plectrudis (around 670) he acquired even more possessions on the Moselle and in the Eifel.

He also managed to regain a lot of prestige by killing Gundewin, the murderer of his father.

After his sons Drogo (708) and Grimoald (714) had died during his lifetime, Pepijn was appointed at the urging of his wife Plectrudis his minor grandson Theudoald, the son of Grimoald, to his successor. However, Theudoald was too young to rule himself.

When Pepijn van Herstal on December 16, 714, almost eighty years old, suddenly died in Jupille (now part of the Liège conurbation in modern Belgium), Plectrudis would become the regency exercise.

His rightful grandchildren proclaimed themselves Pepijn's Herstal's true successors, and tried with the help of Plectrude to maintain their position as steward of the palace.

However, Charles Martel, the eldest son of his second wife, had won the favor of the **Austrasian nobility**.

He had proven himself a powerful soldier, serving his followers successful raids of sizeable loot to provide.

Despite the best efforts of Plectrudis, who took him for some time imprisoned, Karel Martel succeeded to be the only Hofmeier of the palace and the de facto ruler of the Frankish Empire too turn into.

Charles Martel is called the first of the Carolingians.

Originally a party name during the Frankish Civil War and the children and grandchildren of Plectrudis were the last of the Pepinids.



Charles Martel's struggle with the nobles of Austrasia for supremacy the entire Merovingian Empire will be explained in the following pages.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 8th century

#### 4. Charles Martel & Pepiniden or Pippiniden

Pippinids are a dynasty of Frankish nobles from Austrasia, at the time of the last Merovingian Kings. These kings did not come out of their castles and were "slothful".

The name Pepiniden comes from the numerous nobles who were called Pepijn and many of them were Hofmeier of the reigning King and had real power in the kingdom.

#### Pepijn van Herstal as Hofmeier

Dagobert III was the son of Childebert III and Ermenchilde.
In 711 he succeeded his father as King of Austrasia, Neustria and Burgundy.
Because he was only 12 years old at the time, the real leadership rested by his
Hofmeier *Pepijn van Herstal* in Austrasia. Pepijn's eldest son Grimoald II,from his marriage to
Plectrudi, was a Hofmeier of Neustria and Burgundy.

When Grimoald II was murdered in April 714, Pepijn had no more sons from his marriage to Plectrudis and only his son Charles Martel from his marriage to Alpaida (Chalpaida), was still in life. However, Plectrudis ensured that Pepijn excluded his son Charles from the succession and his minor grandson Theudoald (son of Grimoald II) as his successor.



Charles Martel 686 – 741 Born in Herstal, Belgium Hofmeier of the Frankish Empire.



He reorganized the Frankish army and administration and managed both successfully domestic and foreign opponents, especially the Arabs, Frisians and Saxons to face. His power became so great that he took the place of the Merovingian kings, without proclaiming himself king.

The Merovingians were a dynasty of Frankish Kings, changing on a regular basis area in parts of today's Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, France and Germany of the 5<sup>th</sup> till in the 8<sup>th</sup> century.

The **Merovingian dynasty** takes its name from Merovech, a more or less legendary one king of the Salian Franks about 450. His grandson, Chlodovech, also known as Clovis, united most of Gaul north of the Loire under one authority.

The capital of the Merovingians was located in Tournai until 486. It is unclear when this town became the capital. Where the center of the Merovingian Empire used to be, and until when, is also the subject of discussion.

It is only known that this was Dispargum, probably Duisburg across the Rhine, although Duisburg near Tervuren has also been suggested. After Tournai, Clovis moved his capital to Paris.

Halfway through the 7<sup>th</sup> century the Merovingian had little real power, and they were mostly symbolic figures. They began to devote themselves more and more to worldly pleasures, and left the rule of their kingdom to their hofmeier ( *major domus* in Latin ).

The profession of Hofmeier became hereditary from the Pepinids and the subsequent Carolingians.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 8th century

#### 4.1 Charles Martel & Frankish Civil War from 715 to 718



This War broke out after the death of Hofmeier *Pepijn* van *Herstal* on December 16,714 and fought between *Theudoald*, his grandson and intended successor, together with his widow *Plectrudis* on the one hand and on the other hand his *bastard son Charles Martel*. The 3<sup>th</sup> party in the conflict was Raganfrid, his successor as Hofmeier in Neustria and the new one Frankish King Chilperic II.

Futher can the Frisian King Radboud be considered as a coalition partner of the Neustriërs as a 4<sup>th</sup> party.

During the war there were different interests and coalitions.

Broadly speaking, it came down to Austrasia, the north-east of the Frankish Empire, faced the rest of the empire, consisting of Neustria and the Kingdom of Burgundy, where the heirs of Pepijn van Herstal played an important role.

Pepijn van Herstal's widow, Plectrudis, and her grandson Theudoald were opponents of Charles Martel, a bastard son of the late hofmeier.

King Chilperic II with Hofmeier Raganfrid at his side had their own interests, as did the Frisian king Radboud.

## After five battles, the Frankish Civil War was decided in favor of Charles Martel.



The ancestor of the "Carolingian House" is *Charles Martel*.

Even though he does not consider himself king over the "Merovingian Empire".

He was the only one who had the power.

Born as the bastard son of Pepijn II "The Middle One", he completes the work of his ancestors.

He send missionaries to the newly conquered territories, including Friesland (globlly West-Central Netherlands, Friesland and Belgium.

Those first missionaries are English and because they speak Saxich and therefore they had no language poblems.

The IJsselstreek will only comes with Bonifatius, Willibrord, Lubuïnis and Liudger.

The cause of this late conversion is that the missionaries hang out with the Franks and therefore by the Sazons who live here, cannot be seen with much confidence.

After all, they cooperate with the enemy.

Religious missionaries put an end to Saxon independence. Charles Martel does this in the political field.

Due to the conquests of Friesland, Hesse and Thuringia, he surrounded the Saxons.



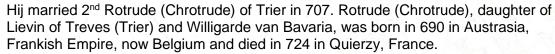
In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 4.2

#### Family relationships

 Charles Martel was borne on Aug 23, 686 in Herstal, Belgium and died on Okt 22, 741 in Quierzy-sur-Oise, department Aisne, France. Hij married 1<sup>th</sup> Ruodhaid



Children of Charles Martel en Rotrude (Chrotrude) of Trier

- i. 15. Jerome Martel was born in 705 in Parijs, Ile-de-France, France And died on an umknown date.
- ii. 16. Carloman der Franken Hofmeier der Franken was born in 713 in Vienna, Austria and died on Dec 4, 755 in Benedictine Abbey Monte Cassino, Cassino, Latium, Italy.
- iii. 17. **Pepijn III**, de Korte, born in 714 in Jupille sur Meuse, province Liège, Belgium and died on Sep 24, 768 in Saint-Denis, Paris.

Children of Charles Martel en Ruodhaid

- iv. 18. Bernhard Martel was born in 725 and died in 787.
- 15. **Jerome Martel** was born in 705 in Paris, Ile-de-France, France and died on an Unknown date. Hij married Ermentrude.
- 16. Carloman der Franken Hofmeier der Franken was born in 713 in Viènna, Austria And died on Dec 4, 755 in Benedictine Abbey of Monte Cassino, Cassino, Latium, Italiy. Hij married Gertrude of Bavaria.

Children of Carloman der Franken, Hofmeier der Franken en Gertrude of Bavaria

- Rotrudis (Rotrude) of Austrasie (der Franken) was born in 740 in Austrasie, France and died in 780 in Paris, Ile-de-France, France.
- 17. **Pepijn III**, de Korte was born in 714 in Jupille sur Meuse, province Liège, Belgium and Died on Sep 24, 768 in Saint-Denis, Paris, France.

He married Bertrada of Laon in 740. Bertrada, daughter of Charibert of Laon and Gisele (Bertrada) van Prüm, was born on May1, 720 and died on Jul12, 783 in Laon.

Children of Pepijn III, de Korte and Bertrada of Laon

- i. 7. **Charlemagne** was born on Apr 2, 742 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany and died on Jan 28, 814 in Aachen, Germany.
- ii. 8. Karloman was born in 751 and died in 771 in Samoussy, Ainse, France.
- 7. **Charlemagne** was born on Apr 2, 742 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germanyand died on Jan 28, 814 in Aachen, Germany.
  - Hij married 1th Himiltrude. Himiltrude was born in 742 and died in 780.
  - Hij married 2<sup>nd</sup> Hildegard of Vinzgau in 772 in Aachen, Germany. Hildegard, daughter of Gerold I of Vinzgau and Emma of Alemannen, was born on May 4, 756 in Thionville, Moselle, France and died on Apr 25, 783 in Thionville, Moselle France.
  - Hij married 3<sup>th</sup> Fastrade in 783 in Worm, Rijnland-Palts, Germany. Fastrade, daughter of Rudolf III van Franconië and Aeda of Bavaria, was born in 765 and died on Aug 10, 794 in Frankfurt, Germany.
  - Hij married 4<sup>th</sup> Luitgard in 794. Luitgard died on Jun 4 jun, 800 in Tours, France.











4.3

#### The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### In 741 Charles *Martel* divides his Empire between his two sons.

Shortly afterwards he dies and a revolt breaks out.



**Carloman**, (713-755), Hofmeier der Franken during the Merovingische period (741-747).

Born in Vienna, Austria ans died 4-12-755 in Latium, Rome, Italy.



Pepijn III, "the Short, the Younger" (714 -768).

Born in Jupille sur Meuse, Liège, Belgium and died 24-12-768 in Saint-Denis, Paris, France

#### **The Merovingian Period**

Is a period in which a dynastie of Frankish Kings ruled.

They ruled over a regularly changing area in parts of today's the Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, France and Germany from the 5<sup>th</sup> into the 8<sup>th</sup> century

**Pepijn III** en **Carloman** thinks it twill be wise to appoint a Merovingische King, Childerik III, without any power.

The fraternal government came to an end in 747 when Carloman join the monastery. It was not until 751 that Pippin III deposed the last Merovingian king to proclaim himself King. That same year, he helps Pope Stephen II fight the Lombards, who are besieging Rome.

Pepin III defeats the Lombards in 754 and 756 and acquires the title Patricius Romanorum, patron of Rome.

- The Longobard Empire was a tribe created by the East Germanic tribe of the Longobards founded kingdom on the Italian peninsula from 568 to 774.
- They were defeated in a short war the Byzantines, who had recently taken possession of Italy
  with great difficulty. Finally in 751 they conquered the Exarchate of Ravenna region of Rome
  and environs.
- When Pepijn III gives the pope land around Rome, the Papal State is created.

In 753 and 758 Pepijn III undertook campaigns against the Saxons and in 759 against Septimanië. In 768 he subdues the independent Duchy of Aquitanië (de region Dordogne in France)

Duet o these campaigns, the Frankish Emipre grows enormously in surface area.



Pope Stefanus II receive Pepijn the Short in 754

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 5. The 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> century

## Charlemagne, (748-814). Born in Aix-la-Chapelle (France) either Aachen (Germany)

The most famous ancestor of many descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman



After Pepijn III, "the Short, the Younger", his sons take over the reign in 768.

- Charlemagne (742-814) and
- Karloman, (751-771), king of Austrasië, (768-771)

The death of Karloman brought Charlemagne all the power.

He puts an end to the Longobard Empire (568-774), of which the kings resided Pavia. *Charlemagne* crowned himself with the longobard iron crown in Pavia, Italy in 774.

**Charlemagne** confirmed the donation of his father *Pippin III* to the Pope, so that the Ecclesiastical State takes its final shape.

An alliance also arises between the Pope and the Frankish king.

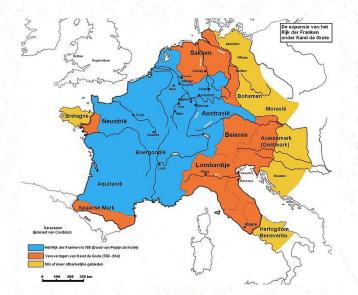
In the end, the Saxon leaders Alboin and Widukind submit and let themselves be baptize. The subsequent victories over Bavaria and the Avars make Charles' s Empire so great as Western Europe.

Only under *Charlemagne*, Saxony's definition is added to the Frankish Empire and with it also the Achterhoek and the Liemers in the provence of Gelderland in the Netherlands.

At Christmas 800, Charles I is crowned Emperor by Pope Leo III.

This historical event is of great importance, because in the perception of the medieval man there is only one empire.

After his coronation as emperor, this becomes the Holy Roman Empire, the official language is Latin and up to the nineteenth century, rulers will adorn themselves with the Imperator Romanorum.



Expansion of the Empire of the Franks under Charlemagne

The Empire of the Franks in 769 (death of Pepijn the Short)

Conquests of Charlemagne (768 - 814)

More or less dependent areas

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 5.1

#### Family relationships

- 1. **Charlemagne** was born on Apr 2, 742 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany and died on Jan 28, 814 in Aachen, Germany.
  - Hij married 1th Himiltrude. Himiltrude was born in 742 and died in 780.
  - Hij married 2<sup>nd</sup> Hildegard of Vinzgau in 772 in Aachen, Germany. Hildegard, daughter of Gerold I of Vinzgau and Emma van Alemannen, was born on May 4, 756 in Thionville, Moselle France and died on May 26, 783 in Thionville, Moselle France.
  - Hij married 3<sup>th</sup> Fastrade in 783 in Worm, Rijnland-Palts, Germany. Fastrade, daughter of Rudolf III van Franconië and Aeda of Bavaria, was born in 765 and died on Aug 10, 794 in Frankfurt, Germany.
  - Hij married 4<sup>th</sup> Luitgard in 794. Luitgard died on Jun 4 jun, 800 in Tours, France.

#### Children of Charlemagne and Himiltrude

- viii. 9. Pepijn the Hunchback was born in 767 and died in 811 in Prüm, Rijnland-Palts, Germany.
- ix. 10. Alpais was born in 777 and died on Jul 23, 850.

#### Children of Charlemagne and Hildegard of Vinzgau

- Charles the Younger was born in 772 in Aachen, Germany and died on Dec 4, 811 in Bavaria, Germany.
- ii. 3. **Pepijn (at birth Karloman) van Italy** was born on Apr 2, 773 and died On Jul 8, 810 in Milan, Italy.
- iii. 4. Adelais was born on Feb 1, 774 in Italy and died on Aug 1, 774 in Pavië, Italy.
- iv. 5. Rothudris der Karolingen was born in 775 and died on Jun 6, 810.
- v. 6. **Louis the Pious** was born on Apr 6, 778 in Chasseneuil, Poitiers, France And died on Jun 20, 840 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany.
- vi. 7. Bertrade (Bertha) of France was born in 779 and died on Jan 14, 823.
- vii. 8. Gisele der Karolingen was born in 781 and died in 814.

#### Children of Charlemagne and Fastrade

- x. 11. Hiltrudis (Hildegardis) der Karolingen was born in 783 in Thionville, Moselle France and died in 783 in Thionville. Moselle France.
- xi. 12. Theodrada was born in 785 and died in 850.
- 2. **Charles the Younger** was born in 772 in Aachen, Germany and died on Dec 4, 811 in Bavaria, Germany.
- 3. **Pepijn** (at birth Karloman) **of Italy** was born on Apr 2, 773 and died on Jul 8, 810 in Milan, Italy. He married 1<sup>th</sup> Bertha of Toulouse, daughter of Willem of Toulouse and Witburge Guitberge of Hornbach.
  - Hij married 2<sup>nd</sup> Chrothais, daughter of Bernhard Martel and unknown.

Children of Pepijn (at birth Karloman) of Italy en Bertha of Toulouse

- i. 13. Bernard of Italy was born in 797 and died on Apr 17, 818.
- ii. 14. Aeda of Italy.
- 4. Adelais was born on Feb 1, 774 in Italy and died on Aug 1, 774 in Pavië, Italy.
- 5. **Rothudris der Karolingen** was born in 775 died on Jun 6, 810. She married Rorico Count of Rennes. Rorico died Mar 1, 839.
- 6. **Louis the Pious** was born on Apr 6, 778 in Chasseneuil, Poitiers, France and died on Jun 20, 840 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Ermengarde Haspengouw (Hesbaye) in 795. Ermengarde, daughter of Ingerman van Hesbaye and Rotrudewas born in 778 died on Okt 3, 818 in Angers, Maine-et-Loire, Anjou France.

He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Judith of Bavaria in 819. Judith, daughter of Welfi der Welven and Eigilwich of Saxony, was born in 805 in Tours, France and died on Apr 19, 843 in Tours, France.





In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 6. The 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> century

When **Charlemagne** entered the Frankish Empire after the death of his brother *Karloman* in 771 reunited, a supranational Empire emerged in Western Europe.

Supranationalism is a mode of cooperation and decision-making in political communities
consisting of several states. In supranational organizations certain powers are transferred
from national states to an authority which is above the nation states.

At the death of Charlemagne, the kingship passed to his son

#### **Louis the Pious**

Born 6-4-778 and died 20-6-840.



To circumvent customary law and preserve the order and unity of the Empire, *Louis the Pious* issued the "*Ordinatio Imperii* of 817".

As a result, the eldest son would always inherit the emperorship, along with the supreme authority over his brothers, if any, who would then become (sub) king of a federal state.

This arrangement concerned his three legitimate children from his 1<sup>th</sup> marriage with *Ermengarde Haspengouw*.

Lotharius I 795 – 855
 Pepijn I, 797 – 838
 Lodewijk II (de Duitser) 806 – 876

Zijn 4<sup>nd</sup> son **Charles the Bald** (823-877) in his 2<sup>nd</sup> marrige to Judith was born only after composing of the "*Ordinatio Imperii*".

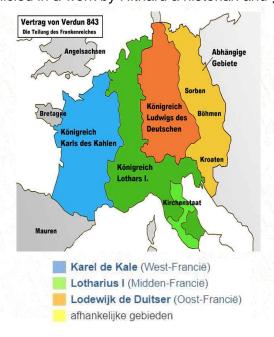
Charles the Pious wanted to make an adjustment to secure Charles the Bald his inheritance. However, this only resulted in conflict.

After the death of Pepijn I in 838 and the death of his father Louis the Pious in 840, **Lothair I** to take possession of the entire Empire.

At the battle of Fontenoy (841) Lothair I was defeated by his brother **Louis II**, the German and his half-brother **Charles the Bald**.

The Strasbourg Oath is the solemn affirmation of the half brothers' cooperation against their (half) brother and emperor Lothair I.

On Feb. 842 this is chronicled in a work by Nithard a historian and grandson of Charlemagne.



In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

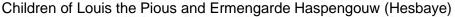
#### 6.1

#### Family relationships

Louis the Pious was born on Apr 6, 778 in Chasseneuil, Poitiers, France and died on Jun 20, 840 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Ermengarde Haspengouw (Hesbaye) in 795. Ermengarde, daughter of Ingerman van Hesbaye and Rotrude, was born in 778 and died on Okt 3, 818 in Angers, Maine-et-Loire, Anjou France.

He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Judith of Bavaria in 819. Judith, daughter of Welfi der Welven and Eigilwich van Sachen, was born in 805 in Tours, France and died on Apr 19, 843 in Tours, France.



- iii. 4. Lothar I was born in 795 and died on Sep 29, 855 in Prüm, Rijnland-Palts, Germany.
- iv. 5. Pepijn I of Aquitanië was born on Nov 13, 797 and died on Dec 13, 838.
- v. 6. Rotrude was born in 800 and died on an unknown date.
- vi. 7. Hildegarde was born in 803 in Thionville, France and died in 857.
- vii. 8. Lodewijk II the German was born in 806 and died on Sep 28, 876 in Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Children of Louis the Pious and Judith of Bavaria.

- i. 2. Gisela was born in 821 and died on Jul 5, 874.
- ii. 3. **Charles the Bald** (Charles II) was born on Jun 13, 823 in Frankfurt an Main, Germany and died on Okt 6, 877 in Avrieux, Savoye, region Rhône-Alpes, France.
- 3 Charles the Bald (Charles II) was born on Jun 13, 823 in Frankfurt am Main, Germany and died on Okt 6, 877 in Avrieux, Savoy, region Rhône-Alpes, France.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Ermentrudis van Orléans on Dec 13, 842 in Quierzy, region Picardië, Laon, France. Ermentrudis, daughter of Odo of Orléans and Engeltrude van Paris, France was born on Sep 27, 830 and died on Okt 6, 869 in St-Denis, Nord-Pas-de-Calais He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Richildisdaughter of Bivinus van Metz and Richildis, on Okt 12, 869 in Aachen, Germany.

Children of Charles the Bald (Charles II) and Ermentrudis of Orléans

- Judith Martel van West-Francië was born in 845 and died in 875
- ii. 10. **Louis II the Stutterer** was born on Nov 1, 846 and died on Apr 10, 879 in Compiège, France.
- iii. 11. Carloman the Blind was born in 847 and died in 876 in Echternach, Germany.
- 9. Judith Martel of West-Francië was born in 845 and died in 875.

She married 1<sup>th</sup> Aethelwulf of Wessex on Okt 1, 856. Aethelwulf was born in 800 and died On Jan 13, 858.

She married 2<sup>nd</sup> Baldwin I of Flanders on Dec 13, 863 in Auxerre, France. Boudewijn I, son of Ottokar of Morinie and Anséline of Harlebeke, was born in 837 in Laon, France and died on Jan 2, 879 in St. Omaars, France.

Children of Judith Martel of West-Francië and Baldwin I of Flanders

i. 23. **Baldwin II the Bald of Flanders and Boulogne** was born in 865 in Ghent and died on Sep 10, 918 in Blandijnberg, Ghent, Belgium.







14-1-2022

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 6.1 vervolg

#### Family relationships

10. **Louis the Stutterer II** was born on Nov 1, 846 and died on Apr 10, 879 in Compiège, France.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Ansgardis of Hiémois of Bourgondië on Mar 1, 862. Ansgardis was born in 840 and died on Nov 2, 881.

He Married 2<sup>nd</sup> Adelheid of Paris in 875. Adelheid, daughter Paltsgraaf Adalhart, Was born in 853 in Paris, France and died on Nov 10, 901 in Lyon, France.

Children of Louis the Stutterer and Adelheid of Paris

- i. 6. Ermentrudis (Irmintrud) der Franken was born on Okt 10, 875 in Ile-de-France, Paris, France and died in 914 in Poitiers, France.
- ii. 7. **Charles III the Simple of West-Francië** was born on Sep 17, 879 and died on Okt 7, 929 in Péronne, France.

Children of Louis the Stutterer and Ansgardis of Hiémois of Bourgondië

- iii. 8. Louis III was born in 864 and died on Aug 5, 882 in Saint-Denis, France.
- iv. 9. Karloman II was born in 866 and died on Dec 12, 884.
- 7. Charles III the Simple van West-Francië was born on Sep 17, 879 and died on Okt 7, 929 in Péronne, France.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Frederuna on Apr 1, 907. Frederuna was born in 887 and died on Feb 10, 917 in Lotharingen, France.

Hij married 2<sup>nd</sup> Hedwig (Eadgifu) of Wessex in 918. Hedwig (Eadgifu), daughter of Eduard the Elder and Aelfflaed, was born in 903 and died on Sep 26, 951.

Children of Charles III the Simple of West-Francië and Frederuna

i. 13. Ermentrude was born in 908 and passed away.

Children of Charles III the Simple of West-Francië and Hedwig (Eadgifu) of Wessex

- ii. 14. Louis IV van Overzee was born on Sep 10, 920 in Laon, France. And died on Sep 10, 954 in Sens, France.
- 23. **Baldwin II the Bald of Flanders and Boulogne** was born in 865 in Ghent and died on Sep 10, 918 in Blandijnberg, Ghent, Belgium.

He married Aelfryth of Wessex (Engeland). Aelfryth, daughter of Alfred the Great of Wessex and Ealhswith of Ealswitha, was born in 868 in Wessex, Great Britain and died on Jun 7, 929.

Children of Baldwin II the Bald of Flanders and Boulogne en Aelfryth of Wessex.

- Adalolf II the Bald of Flanders and Boulogne was born in 880 and died on Dec 13, 933.
- ii. 34 Count Arnulf I (the Great) of Flanders was born in 889 and died on Mar 27, 965 te Ghent, Belgium.
- 34. Count Arnulf I (the Great) of Flanders was born in 889 and died on Mar 27, 965 in Ghent, Belgium

He married Aleidis of Vermandois in 934, daughter of Herbert II. of Vermandois and Adelheid van Burgundy and France, was born in 916 in Bruges, Belgium and died on Okt 10, 960 in Bruges, Belgium.

Children of Count Arnulf I (the Great) of Flanders and Aleidis of Vermandois

 Hildegard of Flanders was born in 936 in Ghent, Belgium and died Apr 10, 990.









14-1-2022

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# Europe & Counts of Flanders

#### Gravensteen Castle in Ghent 1641



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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 9th century

#### 7. Count Arnulf I (the Great) of Flanders



Born in 889 and died on 27 maart 965 Burried in de St. Pieter te Ghent.

Count of Flanders in the period 918 to 964. His nickname was "the Great". He was a son of Baldwin II and Aelfryth van Wessex (*South West England*) Buried in the St. Pieter in Ghent

From his father he inherited the largest, northern part of his county.

After the death of his brother Adlolf, he illegally imposed the hand on his inheritance (933) and that of his children. This part included the region of Terwaan and Boulogne.

He also conquer Oosterbant, Artezië, Ponthieu and the region Amiens.

This extended the county of Flanders beyond the Somme

Arnulf achieved this area expansion by killing William I of Normandy at Picquigny.

A revolt of Adalolf's sons caused an administrative crisis, which forced Arnulf to entrust the earldom to the French king Lothair until the age of majority of his grandson Arnulf II of Flanders.



Zegel van Arnulf uit 941 (omschrift leest: "SIGÑV ARNVLFI FLANDRENSIS MARCHISI", "Zegel van Arnulf Vlaanderens Markgraaf").

Fearing the instability of his territorial acquisitions, Arnulf appealed to the **Clergy** to make his conquests durable and uniform through a strong religious ideology.

He thus presented himself as a defender of Gerardus van Brogne's reforms in the Abbey's of his county.

• Clergy represents the spriritual status of the Church leaders of the Roman Cathalic Church.

His 2<sup>th</sup> marriage with Aleidis, daughter of Herbert II of Vermandois and Adela of France, he had a son, Baldwin III, who reigned over part of the county from 958 to his untimely death in 962

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 9th and 10th century

#### 8.

#### **Charles III the Simple**

Born Sep 17, 879 and died on Okt 7, 929 From the Carolingian House was he King of West Francia and King of Lorraine

He got his nickname because he was always just simple and straightforward in communication, not because he would be stupid.

Charles was born as a posthumous son of Louis II the Stammerer and his second wife Adelheid of Paris.

Due to his young age, doubts about the validity of his parents' marriage (because of possible blood relationship) and because of political opponents rumors that Louis was not his father at all, he became at first passed over for kingship.

First Charles III of East Francia was chosen in 882 and a king in 888 a king was chosen who was not Carolingian: Odo, Count of Paris.

In his younger years, Charles was living at the court of the mighty Duke Ranulf II of Poitiers. On January 28, 893, thirteen-year-old Charles, with the support of Arnulf of Carinthia, was by bishop Fulk of Reims, Herbert I of Vermandois and Pippin of Senlis, in Reims as counter-king exclaimed.

After the death of Odo on January 1, 898, Charles III, as agreed, became king of West Francia. However, he had little power, the dukes and the important counts were all practical independent and more powerful than their king.

In 911 Charles was also proclaimed king in Lorraine because the Lorraine nobles, after the death of the German king Louis IV the Child , the choice of the new German king (Duke Conrad I of Franconia), did not want to support it.

Then Charles calls himself "rex Francorum" (king of the Franks), and thus spoke the pretends that he should be king of the entire old Frankish Empire .

On June 15, 923, Charles was defeated in a battle at Soissons, although Robert was killed. Robert's son-in-law Rudolf I of France became elected king.

Charles was invited to negotiate in Saint-Quentin (Aisne) but was turned down Herbert II of Vermandois (a Carolingian but brother-in-law of the dead King Robert) captured and imprisoned in Péronne (Somme).

#### 8.1

#### **Hedwig of Wessex**

Born in 903 and died on Sep 26, 951 Husband of Charles III the Simple

When her husband Charles III was taken prisoner, Hedwig fled (Eadgifu) with her son Louis IV to her half-brother, King Aethelstan of England.

In 936 she was able to return with her son and Louis IV was crowned king.

In 951 Hedwig (Eadgifu) left the monastery to marry Herbert the Elder from Omois, a son of Herbert II of Vermandois.

Her son Louis IV was so angry about this that he took her belongings. Hedwig was buried in the Saint Medardus Abbey in Soissons.



In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 9th century

#### 9.

#### **Gerulf II Count of West-Frisia** And his son Waldger, Count of Teisterbant

Born respectively in 850 and 876 and died respectively 896 en 936

West Frisia is the name by which historians use it area denoting after the Frankish conquest of the Frisian kingdom in the 8<sup>th</sup> (Frisian-Frankish wars, ca.600 - 793) was controlled by digging.

The area included the following areas:

Texel, Wieringen, Medemblik and Kennemerland, Rhineland, the Maas estuary, Schouwen and Walcheren.

The population was referred to as (western) Frisians, one collective name for closely related because of Germanic tribes.

After the death of his father Gerulf II inherited his son Waldger, a number of enfeoffed estates, consisting of the Gouwen counties Nifterlake (Utrecht), IJssel and Lek and Teisterbant (from Vlaardingen to Tiel).

Tiel was the most important city of this.

Three regions of the Lex Frisionum Law code of the Frislans recorded ca. 785 CE

Woongebied van de 'westelijke Friezen'

These areas were acquired by his father after the death of Godfrey the Sea King

The Treaty of Ribemont in 880 made the present-day Dutch territory (Lorraine) one Duchy of the East Frankish Empire.

Because the king of the West Frankish Empire also continued to claim it, count Waldger constantly maneuvering between the two monarchs to gain power.

He tried to create his own county in the river area around the emerging ones trading place Tiel.

This led to tensions with **Everhard Saxo**. Count of Hamaland, who is believed to be military was commander-in-chief of the Central Dutch river area.

Ultimately, Everhard was murdered by Waldger in 898 during a hunting trip.

#### 9.1

#### Everhard Saxo 6th Count of Hamaland and Veluwe

Born in 830 and died in 898

Everhard is first mentioned when he takes part in a failed attempt at 881 to expel Vikings from Nijmegen. He was captured and released against a ransom.

A year later he had reinforcements installed at Zutphen after that place was looted by the Vikings. In 885 he was one of the nobles who carried out the attack on Godfried the Noorman in Spijk. Everhard was awarded the position of Duke of Friesland.

One of the other nobles who were also awarded for their role in this murder was Gerulf. Gerulf's son Waldger tried to create his own county around the river area

Tiel. This led to increasing tensions with Everhard.

Ultimately, Everhard was murdered by Waldger of Teisterbant of Tesiterbant in 898 during a hunting trip.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 10. Family relationship Herbert I of Vermandois

- 1. **Charlemagne** was born on Apr 2, 742 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany and died on Jan 28, 814 in Aachen, Germany.
  - Hij married 2<sup>nd</sup> Hildegard of Vinzgau in 772 in Aachen, Germany. Hildegard, daughter of Gerold I of Vinzgau and Emma van Alemannen, was born on May 4, 756 in Thionville, Moselle France and died on May 26, 783 in Thionville, Moselle France.



#### Children of Charlemagne and Hildegard of Vinzgau

- i. 2. Charles the Younger was born in 772 in Aachen, Germany and died on Dec 4, 811 in Bavaria, Germany.
- ii. 3. **Pepijn (at birth Karloman) van Italy** was born on Apr 2, 773 and diedOn Jul 8, 810 in Milan, Italy.
- iii. 4. Adelais was born on Feb 1, 774 in Italy, died on Aug 1, 774 in Pavië, Italy.
- iv. 5. Rothudris der Karolingen was born in 775 and died on Jun 6, 810.
- v. 6. **Louis the Pious** was born on Apr 6, 778 in Chasseneuil, Poitiers, France. And died on Jun 20, 840 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany.
- vi. 7. Bertrade (Bertha) of France was born in 779 and died on Jan 14, 823.
- vii. 8. Gisele der Karolingen was born in 781 and died in 814.
- 3. **Pepijn** (at birth Karloman) **of Italy** was born on Apr 2, 773 and died on Jul 8, 810 in Milan, Italy.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Bertha of Toulouse, daughter of Willem of Toulouse and Witburge Guitberge of Hornbach.

Hij married 2<sup>nd</sup> Chrothais, daughter of Bernhard Martel and unknown.

Children of Pepijn (at birth Karloman) of Italy en Bertha of Toulouse

- i. 13. **Bernard of Italy** was born in 797 and died on Apr 17, 818.
- ii. 14. Aeda of Italy.
- 13. Bernard van Italië was born in 797 and died on Apr 17, 818.

He married Kunigonde of Laon. Kunigonde, daughter of Willem with de Hoorn of Aquitanie and Guibour van Hornbach, was born in 797 and died in 835.

Children of Bernard van Italy and Kunigonde of Laon

- i. 23. **Pepijn II of Vermandois** was born in 818 and died in 850.
- 23. Pepijn II of Vermandois was born in 818 and died in 850.

He married Rothaide of Bobbio. Rothaide, daughter of Wala Bernard van Corbie van Saint-Quentin and Hellinbruche Guillaume of Gellone, was born in 812 in Corbie, Amiens, France and died in 849 in Vermandois, Saint-Quentin, France.

Children of Pepijn II of Vermandois and Rothaide of Bobbio

- i. 3. Bernard of Laon-Bayeux was born in 845 and died in 890.
- ii. 4. Herbert I of Vermandois was born in 850 and died on Nov 6, 904.
- iii. 5. Pepiin of Vermandois ws died in Senlis.
- iv. 6. Adelinde of Vermandois was died on an unknown date.
- 4. Herbert I of Vermandois was born in 850 and died on Nov 6, 904.

Hij married **Bertha of Morvois. Bertha**, daughter of Robert I of Francië and Emma of Troyes, was born in 862 and died in 907.

Kinderen van Herbert I van Vermandois en Bertha van Morvois

- Herbert II of Vermandois was born in 884 in Saint-Quentin, Aisne, France and died on Febr 23, 943 in Aisne, France.
- ii. 10. Cunegundis of Vermandois.





10.1

#### The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 9th and 10th century

#### Herbert I of Vermandois



Born in 850 and died on Nov 6, 904

Herbert I of Vermandois was through his father Pepijn II, a grandson of Bernard of Italy.

Between 886 and 898 he became Count of Soissons and Abbot of Saint-Crépin in Soissons and in the period 888 to 889 also count of Meaux and Madrie.

In his time, he was one of them, together with Archbishop Fulco of Reims and his brother Peppin leaders of the opposition to the new king Odo of Paris, who was in the period 888 to 898 was the first Capetian to the French throne.

On January 28, 893, 79 years after **Charlemagne's** death, Herbert, Pepijn and Fulco crowned **Charles the Simple** as counter-king.

However, Odo gradually managed to win over Charles' supporters, including Herbert himself, who for this the important county of Vermandois was assigned.

Subsequently, Herbert extended his authority over Champagne.

Herbert I of Vermandois was married to Bertha of Morvois, daughter of Robert I of Francia and Emma of Troyes.

Both, Fulk of Reims and Herbert were killed by order of Baldwin II the Bald of Flanders (page 19 no.23)

#### 10.2 Herbert II of Vermandois

Born in 884 and died on Feb 23, 943

In 922 he supported Charles the Simple (page 19 no.7 and page 22) against the rebellion of Robert of Paris but in 923 he fought alongside Robert in the battle of Soissons.

On June 15, 923, Charles the Simple was defeated but Robert of Paris was killed in this one battle and his son-in-law Rudolf was elected king.

Charles the Simple was invited to negotiate in Saint-Quentin (Aisne) however was captured by Herbert II of Vermandois (brother-in-law of Robert of Paris) and locked up in the Château-Thierry.

Around 721, **Charles Martel** (pages 9,11 and 12) had this castle built as a residence for the king Theuderik IV.

- Charles Martel was born on Aug 15, 676 and died on Okt 22, 741.
- He is the grandfather of Charlemagne

Herbert would hold Charles the Simple in his power until his death in 929, to put pressure on King Rudolf with the threat of releasing Charles the Simple.

In 924 Herbert acquired Péronne and built on the river Somme in the department of Somme a castle in which he captured Charles the Simple until his death on October 7, 929. He is buried in St. Fursy in Péronne, France.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 11 male line

#### Family relationships Siegfried of Holland

1. **Dirk I Gerulf II van West-Frisia** was born in 850 in Noordwijk, North Holland and passed away in 896 in Detmold Lippe, Germany.

He married Dirksdr of Rijland in 872. Dirksdr was born in 852 and died in 880.

Children of Gerulf II van West-Frisia and Dirksdr of Riiland

- Dirk I van Holland was born in 874 and died on Okt 2, 939 in Andernach, Rijnland-Palts, Germany.
- ii. 3. Waldger van Teisterbant was born in 876 and died in 936.
- 2. **Dirk I of Holland** was born in 874 and died on Okt 2, 939 in Andernach, Rijnland- Palts, Germany.

He married Gerberga of Hamaland in 930. Gerberga, daughter of Meginhard IV of Hamaland en Gerberga van Jülich, was born in 912 in Vermandois, Peronne, France And died on Nov 1, 933 in Egmond, North Holland.

Children of Dirk I of Holland and Gerberga of Hamaland

- Dirk II of West-Frisia was born in 930 in Ghent, Belgium and die on May 6, 988 in Egmond, North Holland.
- 3. Waldger of Teisterbant was born in 876 and died in 936.

He married Alberada of Kleef. Alberada, daughter of Balderic of Kleef and Mechtild of Sachsen, was born in 868 and died in 919.

Children of Waldger of Teisterbant and Alberada of Kleef

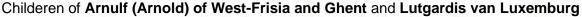
- Radboud of Teisterbant of Bösinchem was born in 894 and died in 940.
- 4. **Dirk II of West-Frisia** was born in 930 in Ghent, Belgium and died on May 6, 988 in Egmond, North Holland.

He married Hildegard of Flanders in 950. Hildegard, daughter of Graaf Arnulf I the Great of Flanders and Aleidis of Vermandois, was born in 936 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Apr 10, 990.

Children of Dirk II of West-Frisia and Hildegard of Flanders.

- Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia en Gent was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.
- Egbert of Holland was born in 953 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Dec 9, 993 in Trier, Rheinland, Germany.
- iii. 8. Erlindis of Holland was born in 953 in Egmond, North Holland and died in 1012 in Egmond, North Holland.
- 6. **Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia en Gent** was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.

He married Lutgardis of Luxemburg in 980. Lutgardis, daughter of Siegfried I of Luxemburg and Nordgau and Hedwig of Nordgau, was born in 956 in Cleve, Nordrhein-Westfalen, Germany and died on Sep 14, 1005 in Egmond, North Holland, in the Abbey.



- Adelbert (Walbert) of Ghent was born in 974 and died in 1030.
- ii. 47. Dirk III of West-Friesland was born in 980 and died on May 27, 1039.
- iii. 48. **Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland** was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.
- iv. 49. Adelina of Holland was born in 995 and died in 1045.









In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 11 female line 1

#### Family relationships Siegfried of Holland

**Lodewijk the Pious** was born on Apr 6, 778 in Chasseneuil, Poitiers, France and died on Jun 20, 840 in Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Ermengarde Haspengouw (Hesbaye) in 795. Ermengarde, daughter of Ingerman of Hesbaye and Rotrude, was born in 778 and died on Okt 3, 818 in Angers, Maine-et-Loire, Anjou France.

He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Judith of Bavaria in 819. Judith, daughter of Welfi der Welven and Eigilwich van Sachen, was born in 805 in Tours, France and died on Apr 19, 843 in Tours, France.

Children of Louis the Pious and Ermengarde Haspengouw (Hesbaye)

- iii. 4. Lothar I was born in 795 and died on Sep 29, 855 in Prüm, Rijnland-Palts, Germany.
- iv. 5. Pepijn I of Aquitanië was born on Nov 13, 797 and died on Dec 13, 838.
- v. 6. Rotrude was born in 800 and died on an unknown date.
- vi. 7. Hildegarde was born in 803 in Thionville, France and died in 857.
- vii. 8. Louis II the German was born in 806 and died on Sep 28, 876 in Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Children of Louis the Pious and Judith of Bavaria.

- i. 2. Gisela was born in 821 and died on Jul 5, 874.
- ii. 3. Charles the Bald (Charles II) was born on Jun 13, 823 in Frankfurt am Main, Germany and died on Okt 6, 877 in Avrieux, Savoye, region Rhône-Alpes, France.
- 3 Charles the Bald (Charles II) was born on Jun 13, 823 in Frankfurt am Main, Germany and died on Okt 6, 877 in Avrieux, Savoy, region Rhône-Alpes, France.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Ermentrudis van Orléans on Dec 13, 842 in Quierzy, region Picardië, Laon, France. Ermentrudis, daughter of Odo of Orléans and Engeltrude van Paris, France was born on Sep 27, 830 and died on Okt 6, 869 in St-Denis, Nord-Pas-de-Calais He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Richildisdaughter of Bivinus van Metz and Richildis, on Okt 12, 869 in Aachen, Germany.

Children of Charles the Bald (Charles II) and Ermentrudis of Orléans

- Judith Martel van West-Francië was born in 845 and died in 875.
- ii. 10. Louis II the Stutterer was born on Nov 1, 846 and died on Apr 10, 879 in Compiège, France.
- iii. 11. Carloman the Blind was born in 847 and died in 876 in Echternach, Germany.
- 9. Judith Martel of West-Francië was born in 845 and died in 875.

She married 1<sup>th</sup> Aethelwulf of Wessex on Okt 1, 856. Aethelwulf was born in 800 and died on Jan 13, 858.

She marries 2<sup>nd</sup> Baldwin I of Flanders on Dec 13, 863 in Auxerre, France. Baldwin I, son of Ottokar van Morinie and Anséline of Harlebeke, was born in 837 in Laon, France and died on Jan 2, 879 in St. Omaars, France.

Children of Judith Martel of West-Francië and Baldwin I of Flanders.

i. 23. **Baldwin II the Bald of Flanders and Boulogne** was born in 865 in Ghent and died on Sep 10, 918 in Blandijnberg, Ghent, Belgium.









In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 11 female line 2 Family relationships Siegfried van Holland

23. **Baldwin II (the Bald)** of Flanders and Boulogne was born in 865 in Ghent and died on Sep 10, 918 in Blandijnberg, Ghent, Belgium.

He married Aelfryth of Wessex (England). Aelfryth, daughter of Alfred the Great of Wessex and Ealhswith of Ealswitha, was born in 868 in Wessex, Great-Britain and died On Jun 7, 929.

Children of Baldwin II the Bald of Flanders and Boulogne and Aelfryth of Wessex, England.

- i. 33 Adalolf II the Bald of Flanders and Boulogne was born in 880 and died on Dec 13. 933.
- ii. 34 **Graaf Arnulf I (the Great) of Flanders** was born in 889 and died on Mar 27, 965 te Ghent, Belgium.
- 34. Count Arnulf I (the Great) of Flanders was born in 889 and died on Mar 27, 965 in Ghent, Belgium.

He married Aleidis of Vermandois in 934, daughter of Herbert II. of Vermandois and Adelheid of Burgundy and France, was born in 916 in Bruges (Belgium) and died on Okt 10, 960 in Bruges, Belgium.

Children of Count Arnulf I (the Great) of Flanders and Aleidis of Vermandois

- Hildegard of Flanders was born in 936 in Ghent, Belgium and died On Apr 10, 990.
- ii. 18. Liutgard of Flanders was born in 936 in Hamaland and died on Sep 29, 964.
- iii. 19. Baldwin III of Flanders was born in 940 in Ghent, Belgium and died On Nov 1, 962 in Ghent, Belgium.
- 17. **Hildegard of Flanders** was born in 936 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Apr 10, 990 She married Dirk II of West-Frisia in 950. Dirk II, son of Dirk I of Holland and Gerberga of Hamaland, was born in 930 in Ghent, Belgium and died on May 6, 988 in Egmond, North Holland.

Children of Hildegard of Flanders and Dirk II of West-Frisia

- Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.
- ii. 30. Egbert of Holland was born in 953 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Dec 9, 993 in Trier, Rheinland, Germany.
- iii. 31. Erlindis of Holland was born in 953 in Egmond, North Holland and died in 1012 in Egmond, North Holland.
- 29. **Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia en Gent** was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.

He married Lutgardis of Luxemburg in 980. Lutgardis, daughter of Siegfried I of Luxemburg and Nordgau and Hedwig of Nordgau, was born in 956 in Cleve, Nordrhein-Westfalen, Germany and died on Sep 14, 1005 in Egmond, North Holland, in the Abbey.



- i. 46. Adelbert (Walbert) of Ghent was born in 974 and died in 1030.
- ii. 47. Dirk III of West-Friesland was born in 980 and died on May 27, 1039.
- iii. 48. **Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland** was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.
- iv. 49. Adelina of Holland was born in 995 and died in 1045.











14-1-2022

11.1

11.2

#### The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The 10<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> century Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland

Born in 985 and died on Jun 6, 1030

#### Sicco-legend Fantasy or Reality, part I

Sicco or Siegfried van Holland, son of Arnulf van Gent and West-Frisia and his husband Lutgardis of Luxembourg, are said to be the ancestors of the family "Lords of Teylingen and Brederode".

*Willem van Teylingen*, born in 1198 and died in 1244, is the oldest known and proven ancestor of the Teylingen family.

#### Siegfried (Sicco) van Holland and Thetburga van Staveren.

In the Dutch and Frisian historiography an interesting and much described couple. Important for the readers for their possible relationship to Charlemagne. That is why you will find extensive information about them.

As children of Siegfried (Sicco), son of *Arnulf van West-Friesland and Gent* and his wife *Thetburga van Staveren*, are seen

- Dirk III born in 982 and died on May 27, 1039, Hierosolymita-Jerusalemganger.
- Simon 1ste Sifridszn of Brederode of Teylingen (1006-1063) married to Aleida Jansdr of Altena

Dirk would then have succeeded his father Siegfried as second lord of Brederode and Simon as first lord of Teylingen.

Since the middle of the nineteenth century, no credence has been given to this view. The ancestor of the Brederodes, Dirk Drossaard van Brederode, first entered in 1205 in the certificates.

One of the towers of the Ruins of Brederode in Santpoort has been named after Thetburga. Thetburga is associated with the name of the genus Tetrode or Tetterode

#### Thetburga van Staveren

Born in Castricum in 986 and died on Jan 27, 1042 in Egmond on Sea

According to a memorandum in the fifteenth-century chronicle "The origine et Rebus, gestis Dominorum de Brederode" (on the origin and deeds of the lords of Brederode) from Johannes a Leydis, was Thetburga a daughter of the sixth Frisian potestaat Gozewijn (also called Gooswijn of Goswinus) van Staveren (955 - 1000).

Thetburga met her future husband Siegfried van Holland (Sicco) in Kastrichem (Castricum). Siegfried van Holland was the younger brother of Dirk III, and the son of Arnulf van Ghent and Lutgardis of Luxembourg.

Their wedding plans were not well received by his brother Dirk III of West-Friesland (980-1039).

The already tense relations between the two brothers were put under further pressure as result. The reason given is the large class difference. Ultimately, the dispute was settled and the marriage was consummated.

Thetburga became twelve years after her husband buried in the monastery of Egmond (which was then still Hallem or Hallum).

During archaeological research in 1980 of the graves present there were her bones examined.

- Thetburga turned out to be small in size: 155 cm long.
- She had a complicated elbow fracture, hip fracture, severe bone loss with leg atrophy (shriveling due to food supply disruption).
- She had athropathy (joint disease) and gout of the feet.

Thetburga was reburied on October 8, 1980.



In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 11th century

Sicco-legend, fantasy or reality part II

CRITICS of FRISIAN HISTORY KRITIEK

By

Dr. J. BOLHUIS VAN ZEEBURGH

AMSTERDAM BRINKMAN 1962 Ad veritatem aditus nou patet nisi remota falsitate. Suffridus Petrus.

#### 11.3 Siegfrieds marriage with Thetburga of Staveren

In the twelfth century and still later the Germanic hero days were known to everyone, at that time people sang about Ettel, Hildebrand and similar one.

These stories were the many ghosts of which Melis Stoke speaks.

Several times the writers of those days have persons of the same name, which they described in their chronicles, and those they knew from the sagas, are taken to be the same persons. Sometimes rightly, sometimes wrongly.

Then, for instance, a German monk, who out of Orosius and other writers ahead a world chronicle wrote for his monastery, progressed to the Theoderic of the Goths king, he added to himself: this is Diederik van Bern, of whom people sing so much. He was right, but sometimes they are monkschroniclers, doing such a thing, are deeply mistaken.

For example, the Dutch of earlier times thought Hagen from the 922 charter for one person with the renowned Hagen van Xanten, who plays such a great role in the "Nibelungenlied", and thus Hagen, the favorite of Charles the Simple, with them Count of Xanten, this is the place where the hero Hagen originated.

A Dutch chronicler from the twelfth century, the one left over from Sigfridus, the count's son Arnulf, speaking, says: "Sigfiïdus cognomento Sicco".

He wanted to say: This Sigfridus is the same as that Sicco, about whom people know so much to tell. He was mistaken, for the famous hero, whose acts throughout the Germanic world were sung in the "Nibelungenlied" Siegfried, which in the Edda "Sigurd" and in Holland "Sicco" was another.

When the Chronicon Egmundanum told Melis Stoke that Sigfridus the son of Count Arnulf, and the renowned Sioco were one and the same person, he knows of this combined person something else to tell, of course borrowed by him from Siccosagen:

Book I, vs. 884: at Castrichem he liked that, That here a woman took dor her scone, or dor der magic hone.

Siegfried's wife is called in the "Nibelungenlied" Chriemhilde, and in the "Edda" Guthrun. Both "were very clean and both could do magic.

Like the marriage of Peleus and Thetis in ancient times, that of Siegfried was in the Middle Ages renowned. There was even a separate, now lost, poem by:

That Drey Brüder Krimhilde wer weyter to hear will,

So want you sagen wo er das finden söl,

Der lesz Seyfrides Hochzeyt so wirt des message,

Wie es those eight Jar gienge, hei hat ein End das Dicht.

Later it was found in the necrologia van Egmond that *Sigfridus* wife *Thetburga or Tetta* had called. After that she remained his wife, *no Chriemhilde or no Guthrun* has supplanted her, but her husband and his marriage were simply spoils of war, and she must go that way with him.

Thetburga was undoubtedly the daughter of King Gondebald to a former writer.

A later writer realized that Thetburga had lived too late for a daughter of the king (died 770), and thus she was made a daughter of Gondebald, who was a descendant of King Gondebald.

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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 11th century

11.4

## Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland Born in 985 and died on Jun 5,1030 Sicco-legend, fantaty or reality, part III

There are numerous such places in which a later better educated writer try to improve the errors of a former writer and make matters worse.

**Veldenaer**: This Syfiïdus, greve Aernouts Soen, was the first lord of Brederode and led Hollant's coat of arms with three bars steal ghebroken from Lazuer, gelyck an eldest brother after the oldest place before.

And this Syfridus, the viscountess, in love with a shoe Joffer who was Tetburga ende and Potestaets daughter of Hoech Vrieslant, who is Goldebant and it had come from coninc Goldebloet's line of Vrieslant. And this Joffer truwede hi bi him selven daer greve Dirck, his old father, who neither do nor levede, and the greeff Aernout seer tourich were over.

**Veldenaer** translated the entire Cronica de Hollant into his work, including this story he translated from Sigfridus and Thetburga. So he has the words in Utrecht in 1480 Goldebant potents translated in Frisia with Goldebant potestaet by hoech Vrieslant, and is thus the caused that this Goldebant was later included in the Friesland list of states.

Nobody thinks that *Veldenaer*, when he wrote down the word potestaat, to the Frisian officials of that name thought that he did not know that profession, but interpreted by that word someone who had much to say, who had much power, and it was certainly the best Dutch Word for Latin potens. We still use the word in that sense, but a little more hybrid and say potentate.

The name of Thetburga's father has undergone a little change, it is Goswinus.

His hometown has also been traced; it is of course the main Frisian city of that time, namely Staveren.

The story of Sigfridus and Thetburga is customary in the chronicle of Andreas Cornelius recorded, and as usual there is something else "extra-fabled".

Anno 989 quam Sifridus that young boy van den count van Hollandt by a ghedaene dead smile once nobleman, ghevlucht in Vrieslandt, and worde of Gosvino or Grosse Ludingaman, potestaat van Vrieslandt, seer goetlijck aenghenomen ende ontfangen, etc.

Enough to show that the Utrecht and Dutch chroniclers den Frieschen have forgefabeld and that Suffried Peters and others erred greatly, in believing that

Andreas Cornelius all his communications on the old Frisian histories of Vlietarp,

from Occo Scarlensis, which is said to have great around 970, and Occo for the most part from Solcko Fortemanhad taken, who had lived in an even earlier time.

We have seen the quality of the messages that Beka, and especially his successors, are about that old kings of Friesland communicate.

Now we will briefly summarize here all that the chroniclers on this side of the Zuiderzee between 1350 and 1517 of Frisian old stories.

It is unnecessary to deal with all those writers, so I will choose four of them.

- Joannes de Beka was canon in Utrecht, and around 1350 he wrote a chronicle of the Utrecht bishops. He was a learned man and usually drew from good sources.
- A clerk lower countries. Utrecht 1867. He was a clerc of Count Willem V. The writer has been followed Beka in many cases. Like this one, he relates the wars to the years 693 and 717 from Pepijn and from Karel Martel
- Voleynt with Gheraert Leeuw, Gouda in Hollant 1478. Die Gronike or the history of Hollant. Van Zeelant Vrieslant and the Sticht van Utrecht. This is the Goudsch chronicle, so named after the city where it was first printed.
- Joannes Gerbrandi de Leydis, Francofurti 1620. Die Chronijcke van Hollandt, Zeelandt ende Vrieslandt. Johannes Garbrands of Leiden was prior in the Carmelite monastery in Haarlem and died in 1504.

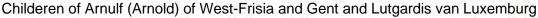
In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 12 Family relations Jan I of Polanen part I

Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia en Gent was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.

He married Lutgardis of Luxemburg in 980. Lutgardis, daughter of Siegfried I of Luxemburg and Nordgau and Hedwig of Nordgau, was born in 956 in Cleve, Nordrhein-Westfalen, Germany and died on Sep 14, 1005 in Egmond, North Holland, in the Abbey.



- . 2. Adelbert (Walbert) of Ghent was born in 974 and died in 1030.
- ii. 3. Dirk III of West-Friesland was born in 980 and died on May 27, 1039.
- iii. 4. Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.
- iv. 5. Adelina of Holland was born in 995 and died in 1045.
- 4. Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.

He married Thetburga of Staveren. Thetburga, daughter of Gozewijn Ludigman VII of Staveren and Thetburga of Bredero, was born in 986 in Castricum, North Holland and died op Jan 27, 1042 in Egmond, North Holland.



- i. 12. Diderik (Dirk I) of Brederode ws born in 1002 and died in 1063.
- ii. 13. **Simon 1**e heer **Sifridszn Symon** of Brederode of Teylingen was born in 1006 was died on Jun 11, 1063.
- 13. **Simon 1**° **heer Sifridszn Symon** of Brederode of Teylingen was born in 1006 and died on Jun 11, 1063.

He married Aleida Jansdr of Altena in 1039. Aleida Jansdr, daughter of Jan I van Arkel and Elizabeth van Cuijk, was born in 1010 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Simon 1 e heer Sifridszn Symon van Brederode van Teylingen and Aleida Jansdr from Altena

- i. 23. **Sifrid van Brederode** was born in 1040 and dies on an unknown date.
- ii. 24. Gerrit Van Teylingen died in 1100.
- iii. 25. Daniel I van der Merwede was born in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1100 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 23. Sifrid van Brederode is geboren in 1040 and passed away.

He married 1th Unarchsdr of Naaldwijk.

Children of Sifrid van Brederode and Unarchsdr of Naaldwijk

- Simon Sifridsz van Brederode van Teylingen was born in 1066 in Buren, Gelderland and died in 1145.
- 32. **Simon Sifridsz van Brederode of Teylingen** was born in 1066 in Buren, Gelderland And died in 1145.

Hij married Aleida Jansdr of Altena in 1099. Aleida Jansdr was born in 1072 in Lotharingen, Germany and died on May 24, 1144 in Dordrecht, South Holland. Children of Simon Sifridsz of Brederode of Teylingen and Aleida Jansdr of Altena

- Daniel I van der Merwede was born in 1120 in Dordrecht and died in 1172 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- ii. 40. **Gerrit van Teylingen** died on an unknown date.
- 40. Gerrit van Teylingen died on an unknown date.

Hij married Jansdr of Arkel.

Children of Gerrit of Teylingen and Jansdr of Arkel

- i. 52. Gerrit van Teylingen was born in 1080 and died in 1164.
- ii. 53. **Hugo van Teylingen** was born in 1100 and died in 1156.











In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **12** sheet 1

#### Family relations Jan I of Polanen part II

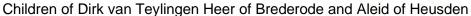
- 53. **Hugo van Teylingen** was born in 1100 and died in 1156. Hij married an unknown woman. Children of Hugo van Teylingen and unknown woman.
  - Willem (II) van Teylingen of Brederode was born on Jun 14, 1158 in Castle Brederode, Santpoort, North Holland and died on Mar 19, 1217 in Castle Brederode, Santpoort, North Holland.
- 68. **Willem II van Teylingen of Brederode** was born on Jun 14, 1158 in Castle Brederode, Santpoort, North Holland and died on Mar 19, 1217 in Castle Brederode, Santpoort, North Holland.

He married Agniese of Bentheim in 1200. Agniese, daughter of Otto IV of Holland And Count of Bentheim and Alvaradis of Arnsberg, was born in 1164 in Bentheim, Lotharingen, Germany and died in 1203 in Lotharingen, Germany.



- B3. Dirk van Teylingen Lord of Brederode was born on Aug 17, 1180
   And died in 1236 in Sassenheim, North Holland.
- ii. 84. Willem II of Teylingen was born in 1190 and died in 1244.
- 83. **Dirk of Teylingen Lord of Brederode** was born on Aug 17, 1180 and died in 1236 in Sassenheim, North Holland.

He married Aleid of Heusden in 1215. Aleid, daughter of Jan III of Heusden and Aleida of Cuijck, was born in 1184 in Heusden, North Brabant and died on Jan 9, 1263 in Heukelum, West-Betuwe, Gelderland.



- Willem I van Brederode was born in 1228 in Santpoort, North Holland and died on Jun 3, 1285 in Velsen, North Holland.
- ii. 106. Floris of Brederode was born in 1230 in Castle Brederode, Santpoort, North Holland and died in 1306.
- 105. **Willem I van Brederode** was born in 1228 in Santpoort, North Holland and died On Jun 3, 1285 in Velsen, North Holland.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Margaretha van de Merwede, daughter of Daniel IV van der Merwede and Heraldina van Grutura.

Children of Willem I van Brederode and Margaretha van de Merwede

 124. Willem Margarietesone van Brederode was born in 1252 and died on an unknown date.

He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Hildegonde of Voorne in 1250. Hildegonde, daughter of Hendrik, Lord of Voorne and Catharine of Peteghem and Cysoing, was born in 1232 and died on Apr 5, 1302.

Children of Willem I van Brederode and Hildegonde van Voorne

- 125. Elisabeth Alverade of Brederode was born in 1250 and died in 1323.
- ii. 126. **Dirk II "the Good One" of Brederode** was born in 1230 and died on Aug 16, 1318 in Reims, France.
- 126. **Dirk II "The Good One" of Brederode** is geboren in 1256 en overleden op 16 aug. 1318 in Reims, France.

He married **Maria van der Lecke**. **Maria**, daughter of Hendrick II van der Lecke en Jutte (Judith) of Borssele, Zeeland, was born in 1272 and died on Apr 1, 1307 in Velsen, North Holland.

Children of Dirk II "The Good One" of Brederode and Maria van der Lecke

- i. 145. **Catharina of Brederode** was born in Castle Brederode in Santpoort, North Holland and died on Jul 6, 1372 in Monster, South Holland.
- ii. 146. Willem van Brederode was born in Castle Brederode in Santpoort, and died On Dec 26, 1316 in Castle Brederode in Santpoort, North Holland.







i.

#### The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **12** sheet 2

#### Family relations Jan I van Polanen part III

145. Catharina van Brederode was born in the Castle Brederode in Santpoort, North Holland and died on Jul 6, 1372 in Monster, South Holland. She married John I of Polanen of Duivenvoorde. John I, is a son of Philips III of Duivenvoorde and Elisabeth of Beusichem, was orn on Okt 17, 1295 and died On Sept 23, 1342 in Monster, South Holland.



Children of Catharina of Brederode and John I of Polanen of Duivenvoorde

- Diederick of Polanen was born in 1322 and died on Aug 11, 1413
- ii John II of Polanen was born in 1325 and died on Nov 3, 1378 155. in Breda, North Brabant.
- 154. Diederick (Dirk) of Polanen was born on Sep 15, 1322 in Monster, South Holland and died on Aug 11, 1413 in Monster, South Holland.

He married Elburga Damsel of Arkel and Asperen in 1366. Damsel Elburga, daughter of Otto II of Arkel and Asperen and Aleida of Avesnes van Henegouwen, was born in 1330 and died in 1415.

Children of Diederick (Dirk) Van Polanen and Elburga jonkvrouwe of Arkel and Asperen

- Otto Van Polanen, Lord of Asperen was born in 1367 and died on Dec 22, 1423.
- ii. 168. Agnes, Damsel of Polanen.
- 155. John II of Polanen was born in 1325 and died on Nov 3, 1378 in Breda, North Brabant. He married Oda of Horne-Altena. Oda of Horne-Altena, daughter of Willem IV, the Fat of Horne and Oda of Putten and Strijen, was born in 1325 and died in 1353.

Children of Jan II van Polanen en Oda van Horne-Altena

- i. 169. John III of Polanen was born in 1340 and died on Aug 11, 1394.
- ii. 170. Philip Jansen of Polanen was born in 1370 and died on Dec 29, 1423.
- 167. Otto Van Polanen, Lord of Asperen was born in 1367 and died on Dec 22, 1423. He married Johanna of Rechteren Voorst to Keppel. Johanna, daughter of Wouter of Voorst and Kunegonda of Meurs, was born in 1367 and died on Jun 25, 1430.

Children of Otto of Polanen, lord van Asperen and Johanna of Rechteren Voorst to Keppel Cunegonda of Polanen of Voorst to Keppel was born in 1396 and died on i. 180.

Jan 12, 1426.

169. John III of Polanen was born in 1340 and died on Aug 11, 1394. He married Odilia of Salm-Ravenstein. Odilia was born in 1355 and died on Jul 22, 1428. Children of John III of Polanen and Odilia van Salm-Ravenstein

- Johanna of Polanen was born on Jan 10, 1392 and died on May 15, 1445 in i. 181. Breda, North Brabant.
- 181. Johanna of Polanen was born on Jan 10, 1392 and died on May 15, 1445 in Breda, North Brabant. She married Engelbert I of Nassau-Dillenburg on Aug 1, 1405. Engelbert I was born in 1370 in The Castle Dillenburg, Hessen, Germany and died on May 3, 1442 in Breda, North Brabant. Children of Johanna of Polanen and Engelbert I of Nassau-Dillenburg
  - Jean IV de Nassau-Dillenbourg was born on Jan 8, 1410 in the castle Dillenburg. i. 193. Hessen and died on Feb 3, 1475 in the castle Dillenburg, Hessen, Duitsland.
  - Heinrich II of Nassau-Dillenburg was born on Jan 7, 1414 in Breda, North Brabant, ii. 194. and died on Apr 8, 1451 in Rome, Italy.
  - Margaretha of Nassau was born in 1415 in Breda, North Brabant and died on iii. 195. May 27, 1467.
  - iv. 196. Wilhelm Count of Nassau was born Dec 1416 in Breda, North Brabant and died on an unknown date.
  - 197. Maria of Nassau-Dillenburg was born on Feb 2, 1418 in Breda, North Brabant V. and died on Okt 11, 1472.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

12.1

## The 14<sup>th</sup> century John I of Polanen Monster, South Holland

17-10-1295 to 23-9-1342





Kasteel Polanen. Tekening uit 1620

Lord of Strijen and Polanen.

John van Polanen inherits the castle at Geertruidenberg from his father.

He was the son of Philip III van Duivenvoorde and Polanen (1248 -1342) and Elisabeth, Lady of Beusichem and Vianen. He was married to Catharina van Brederode John I was a half-brother of Philips's illegitimate son Willem "Snickerieme" from Duivenvoorde.

The castle of the noble family was located between Monster and Loosduinen in South Holland John I is first mentioned in a source from 1305.

- He is mentioned on December 6, 1305 as the son of Philips van Duivenvoorde and March 30 1306 as cousin of Dirk van den Wale, who entered the mill in Voswijc on 17 September 1311 Monsterambacht donated.
- Between 1307 and 1309, he inherited the Polanen property from his father, also located under Sample.
- On March 30, 1326 he leased the manor of the Lek, namely the crafts: Krimpen at the Merwede / Lek, Krimpen aan de Yssel, Ouderkerk and Zuidbroek.
- In 1327 he was loaned to Heemskerk and Castricum.

John and his half-brother Willem "Snickerieme" van Duivenvoorde have together with Count Louis I of Flanders (1304- 346) participated in the third battle of Kassel, which was taken place on August 23, 1328 at the place Kassel, now located in France.

- In 1329 he was knighted.
- In 1331 he became bailiff of Rhineland (1331), Woerden, Kennemerland and West-Friesland appointed.
- On November 19, 1335 he acquired Capelle from lord Pieter van der Leek, while duke Jan III from Brabant to him on Dec. 1339 the manor of Breda, of which his brother Willem van Duivenvoorde had the usufruct, pledged for 28,000 small florins.
- On January 15, 1342, Count William IV also pawned him with a quarter-tenth and the narrow-tenth in Poeldijk.

He passed away on Sept. 23. 1342 and was buried in the church in Monster, after being married with **Catherina van Brederode**, daughter of Dirk II "the Good One" of Brederode and Maria van der Lecke.

Catharina van Brederode promised on October 3, 1342, as a widow, to her son John II of Polanen and her brother-in-law Willem of Duyvenvoorde to stay with their children all her life, without disinheriting them or taking a husband.

She tested in 1370, living in Rijnsburg, deceased. 1372, June 28, and was buried with her husband.

The grandson of Catharina van Brederode and John I of Polanen is Otto van Polanen, He was Lord of Asperen. The Otto van Polanenstraat in Asperen is named after him.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# The four Momen S Charlemagne



In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13 The Four Women

All previous persons played a role in the realization to a greater or lesser extent of today's Europe. But the special thing is that many of these persons occur in the ancestral line of approximately **8.717** of the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.

The four women below are all married to descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman. They are the link between the European princes, kings, nobility and the **8.717** descendants.

#### 13.1 Neeltje Cornelisdr van Schaik

She was born on Nov 28, 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jul 23, 1734 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married Cornelis Floriszn Bogaert on Apr 28, 1695 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He is the son of Floris Cornelis Laurensz Bogaert and Marrigje Theunisdr. Van Dijck. He was born on September 3, 1672 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on April 14, 1731 in Leerdam, South Holland.

**4,573** (3,700) descendants in 13 generations.

#### 13.2 Teuntje Pieterse of Casant

She was born on October 21, 1744 in Noordeloos, South Holland and died on May 8, 1787 in Leerdam, South Holland.

She married Cornelis Bogaart on July 7, 1770 in Leerdam, South Holland.

He is the son of Abraham Jasperszn Bogaert and Jenneke de Lange. He was born on February 14, 1748 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on September 26, 1814 in Leerdam, South Holland. 2,605 (was 2,380) descendants in 11 generations.

#### 13.3 Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

She was born on September 1, 1754 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on February 24, 1823 in Leerdam, South Holland.

She married **Abraham Bogaard** on January 23, 1780 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He is the son of Johannes Bogaert and Hester Pietersdr. Boon He was born on June 8, 1755 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on April 1, 1801 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

1,295 (was 914) descendants in 10 generations.

#### 13.4 Maaike Maria of Meeteren

She was born on December 14, 1861 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on October 29, 1926 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married **Jakobus Bogerd** on November 15, 1884 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He is the son of Willem Casant Bogerd and Antwoordje Verrips.

He was born on October 5, 1857 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on January 27, 1945 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

244 descendants in 6 generations.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.1

#### Number 222 Neeltje Cornelisdr of Schaik

She was born on Nov. 28. 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jul 23. 1734 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married **Cornelis Floriszn Bogaert** on Apr 28. 1695 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He is a son of Floris Cornelis Laurensz Bogaard and Marrigje Theunisdr (Maria) van Dijck.

He was born on Sep 3. 1672 in Schoonrewoerd and died on April 14, 1731 in Schoonrewoerd. Her **4.573** descendants are also descended from Charlemagne

#### Surnames of descendants

- Van Aalst, Aanen, Aantjes, Aeppli, v Aken, Alting, v Ameide, Ameijde, Andronikous, Arends, Avendano
- Baars, Baelde, Bakker, Barbier, Barmentloo, Baron, Bassa, Bart, Behrens, Bel, Benschop, Berghuizen, vdn Berg, v Berkel, Bergwerff, den Besten, Beukema, Beun, Beverloo, de Bie Bijl, Bikker, Blok, Bloodworth, de Bock, Boelhouder, den Boer, Boere, Boers, de Boef, Bogaard, Bogerd, Bogert, de Bont, Boogaard, Boogerd, Boogert, Boom, Borburgh, Bos, Bot, Bouman, Bouter, Bouthoorn, Bouwman, Boven, Bovenschen, Braden, Brakman, den Braven, Breedijk, Broere, Brouwer, van Bruchem, van Bruggen, de Bruijn, de Bruin, Buijserd, Bullee, vdn Burg, den Burger, v Buuren
- Campbell, Cats, Celik, Clements, Cornelissen
- Van Dam, Damsteeg, Dekker, Delfgou, Dieleman, Diepenhorst, Van Dijk, Doedens, v Dompseler Buitenhuis, Donnelly, vdn Dool, v Doorn, v Drenth, vdr Drift, Drost, Buitenhuis, Doornbos
- Eckhardt, Egas, Eggink, Ekkel, Ellerman, v Es, Esveldt, Exaltus, Franken, Fijstra, Forteijn
- Van Gent, Gerritsen, Geurs, Goes, vdr Giessen, Gosliga, de Graaf, de Groot, Gulik
- Haag, Haaksman, v Haarlem, Hage, Hak, v Halm, v der Ham, Hamer, den Hartog, den Hartoog, Haverhals, Heaton, Heegers, de Heer, Heijboer, v der Heijden, Hijkoop, Heistek, Heizer, Hendriks, v Herk, den Hertog, v Heumen, Heizer, Hek, Hendriks, vdn Heuvel, Kilsdonk, Hoegee, Hoeke, vdr Hoeve, Holster, v Holten, Honcoop, Hoogendijk, Hoogendoorn, Horden, Hooyman, Houwelingen, Horssen, (vdr) Horst, Hudnut, Huisman, Hulsof,
- v leperen, van Iperen, Janneman, Jilleba, de Jong
- Kaijim, vdr Kammen, Kaptein, Kars, Katwijk, Keij, v Kekem, Kelder, Kers, Kersbergen, Kilsdonk, v Kleef, Klomp, Koffeman, Kogel, Kooijman, Kool, Koppelman, Kortland, Kortlever, de Kreij, de Krijger, Koppejan, Kortlever, v Kouwen, Kreuk, Kros, Kuijlenborg, Kuilenburg, Kuiper, Kwak
- Labee, Lange, 't Lam, vdr Lee, vdr Leeden, Leeflang, Leentjes, de Leeuw, Lekkerkerker, Lemson, vdr Leun, Leuvenink, Liefhebber, Linardatos, Linders, van der Loo, Loosbroek, Louderback, v Lugten, Luijendijk
- Maasdam, Maasland, Maat, Macleane, Maloy, vdr Marel, Mckee, de Man, Marijnissen, Maurik, Meertens, Menting, Middag, Middelkoop, Meijdam, Meijers, Mijnlief, Montgemery, Mol, Moll, Mook, Mos, Muilwijk
- Nieuwboer, Nieuwkoop, Niezen, Nobel, Noordermeer, v Noort, Norbart
- Obbink, v Oene, v Ooijen, Ooijendijk, v Oort, v Oosterum, Oploo, Opschoor, Oskam, den Ouden, den Oudsten, Ouwerkerk
- Pater, Paul, Pelle, Pesselse, Phillips, Philpot, vd Pitte, Pieters, v Polen, Prophitius, v Putten
- De Raad, Rademaker, Radix, Renswouw v Rhee, Reitzler, Ridder, Rietveld, de Rijk, Rip, Rolvink, Romijn, v Rossum, Rouwerd, Rozendaal, Ruitenbeek, de Ruiter, Runia, Rus, Ryder
- Santen, Savelkouls, Scalé, Schaap, Schalk, Scherpenzeel, Scheurwater, Schmidt, Schockman, Schouwenburg, Selby, Slob, Sminia, Smoot, Spilker, Splunter Sprado, Steehouwer, Steenbergen, Steenbeek, Steenlage, Steinbecher, vdr Stelt, Sterk, Stijsiger, Stoffelsma, Stolk, Storm, Stravers, de Stigter, Suers, de Swart
- Tamse, vdr Tang, Tempelman, Terlouw, Termaat, Timmer, Timmerman, Trappenburg, van Tricht, Troost, Tukker, Uittenbogerd
- Vaartjes, Veenendaal, vdr Veer, vdr Ven, Verhagen, Verhoef, Verhoeven, Verkroost, Vermeulen, Verseveld, Versluis, Verspuij, Versteeg, Verweij, Verwolf, Vink, Vlasblom, Vliegenthart, de Vries, Versluis, Vlot, Vogel, Vos, Vuik
- Waalboer, Wallaard, Waijenberg, v Weelden, de Weerd, Weeterings, Weverwijk, v Wijngaarden, Weissenbach, Werkmeester, Westerveld, Westman, Weststeyn, de Wildt, de Winter, de Wit, de With, Wolts, Wubs
- Van Zanten, Zeiderveld, Zijderveld, Zonnenberg, Zoutekouw, Zwartbol

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.1 sheet 1

#### Neeltje Cornelisdr van Schaik

#### Surnames and place of birth / place of residence:

Acquoy - Bogerd, Bovenschen, Bullee

Almere - Bogaard, Fijstra

Ameide - Bouter, van Bruggen, Diepenhorst, de Groot, den Oudsten, Terlouw

Amersfoort - Blok, de Graaf, Meijers

Amsterdam - Bogaard, Boogaard, Oploo, Zijderveld,

Apeldoorn - BoogaardArnhem - Hendriks

Asperen - Bogert, De Stigter
 Bussum - Janneman, Moll

Dordrecht - Boogaard, Huisman, Linardatos, Versteeg, van Wijngaarden

• Eindhoven - De Bont

Emmen - van Santen, Van Vliet

Geldermalsen - De Bruin, Meijdam, de Stigter van Tricht
 Gorinchem - Linders, van Rossum, Verhagen, Waijenberg

Gouda - Bassa, Blok, Esveldt, Van der Drift, van Kekem, Kortland, Loosbroek, Rietveld, Suers

Den Haag
 - Alting, Bogaard, De Graaf, Kersbergen, van der Loo, Mol, Rouwerd, Stoffelsma

Hagestein - de Heer, Van der Lee, Zijderveld

Hei-Boeicop - Brouwer, den Hertog, de Jong, Kogel, van Meeteren, de Raad, de Wildt, Zijderveld

Heukelum - Bel, Bogerd, Clements, Kilsdonk, Stravers, Zeiderveld

• **H-Blokland** - Boogerd, Boogert, van Iperen, Rietveld

Langerak - De Bie

Leerbroek - Aalst, den Besten, Brakman, de Bruin, de Groot, Kortlever, Labee, Mcleane, Nobel,

de With

• Leerdam - v Aalst, Bel, Boere, Bogerd, de Bruin, Broere, v Bruchem, v Dompseler Buitenhuis,

v Es, Exaltus, Fortuijn, v Gent, de Groot, Hak, den Hartog, Hoegee, Jilleba, Keij, Koffeman, Kopejan, v Kouwen, Kros, 't Lam, de Leeuw, v Meeteren, Meijdam, Nieuwboer, Ouwerkerk, Sprado, Stijsiger, Trappenburg, Verkroost, Verwolf, Visser,

Waijenberg, Zegveld, Zijderveld, Zwartbol

Lelystad - Bogaard, de Lange

Loosdorp - den Hartog, Sterk, Verweij
 Lopik(erkapel) - Aantjes, van der Lee, van Oort

Lexmond - Bikker, Egas, van Kekem

Meerkerk - Boogaard, Boogerd, de Groot, van Iperen, 't Lam, van de Leun, van Ooijen, Pelle,

Vink

• Middelharnis - Kersbergen

Milligen - Barbier, Hooyman

Nieuwgein - Bogerd, Doedens, Klomp, van de Lee, Middag, Mol, Renswouw, Vaartjes, Zijderveld

Nieuwland - Boogert, Brouwer, Buijserd, Haag, Hartog, van Herk, Kooijman, Kros, van Ooijen,

Scherpenzeel, Tukker

Oss - Van Heumen

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.1 sheet 2 Neeltje Cornelisdr van Schaik

#### Surnames and place of birth / place of residence:

• Rotterdam - Aanen, Bergwerff, Blok, Boom, Borburgh, de Bruin, Bullee, van der Drift, Katwijk,

Lockhorst, Mijnlief, van Oort, Ouwerkerk, van Putten, de Raad, van Santen,

Vlasblom, de Winter, Zijderveld, Zoutekouw

Schoonrewoerd - Bogert, Boon, den Hartog, de Leeuw, Ridder, Versteeg, Waalboer, Weverwijk

• Sliedrecht - de Stigter

Tiel - Bogerd, den Hartog, Middag

Utrecht - Baars, de Bock, Bont, Boven, Delfgou, Eggink, de Graaf, Heegers, den Hartoog,

Heegers, Lekkerkerker, Savelkouls, Schmidt, Steinbecher, Stoffelsman, Termaat,

Trappenburg, Vaartjes, Veenendaal, van Weelden, Westerveld

Vlaardingen - Swart

Vianen - van den Berg, Delfgou, Doedens, van Kouwen, Leuvenink, Stravers, Timmer,

Verhoeven

Waddinxveen - Boers, Esveldt

Weert - Mook

Woerden - Bogaard, Breedijk, Geurs, van der Ham, Kwak, Lemson, Menting, van Rhee,

Tamse, Timmer,

• Zwijndrecht - Bakker, Hamer

Zwolle - Luijendijk

USA, Iowa
 Behrens, Bloodworth, Cornelissen, Dieleman, Donnelly, van Halm, den Hartog,

Haverhals, Heaton, DeKoster, Louderback, Maloy, van Oene, Phillips, Reitzler

Canada - Behrens, Campbell, Dijkstra, van der Hoeve, den Oudsten, Paul, Missisauga,

Walsh, Westman, Weststeyn, de Winter

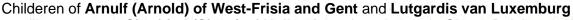
In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

## 13.1.1 Ancestral line Neeltje Cornelisdr of Schaik

**Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia en Gent** was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.

He married Lutgardis of Luxemburg in 980. Lutgardis, daughter of Siegfried I of Luxemburg and Nordgau and Hedwig of Nordgau, was born in 956 in Cleve, Nordrhein-Westfalen, Germany and died on Sep 14, 1005 in Egmond, North Holland, in the Abbey.



- iii. 4. **Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland** was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.
- 3. **Siegfried (Sicco) van Holland** was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.

He married Thetburga van Staveren. Thetburga, daughter of Gozewijn Ludigman VII van Staveren and Thetburga van Bredero, was born in 986 in Castricum, North Holland and died on Jan. 27. 1042 in Egmond, North Holland.

Children of Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland end Thetburga of Staveren

- ii. 13. Simon 1e lord Sifridszn Symon of Brederode of Teylingen was Born in 1006 and died on Jul 11, 1063.
- 13. **Simon 1**e heer **Sifridszn Symon** van Brederode van Teylingen was born in 1006 and died on Jun 11, 1063.

He married Aleida Jansdr van Altena in 1039. Aleida Jansdr, daughter of Jan I van Arkel and Elizabeth van Cuijk, was born in 1010 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Simon 1<sup>e</sup> Lord Sifridszn Symon of Brederode of Teylingen and Aleida Jansdr of Altena

- i. 23. Sifrid van Brederode was born in 1040 and died on an unknown date.
- 23. **Sifrid van Brederode** was born in 1040 and died on an unknown date. He married 1<sup>th</sup> Unarchsdr of Naaldwijk.

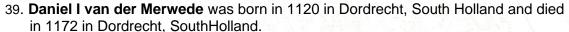
Children of Sifrid of Brederode and Unarchsdr of Naaldwijk, South Holland.

- Simon Sifridsz of Brederode of Teylingen was born in 1066 in Buren, Gelderland and died in 1145.
- 32. **Simon Sifridsz of Brederode of Teylingen** was born in 1066 in Buren, Gelderland And died in 1145.

He married Aleida Jansdr of Altena in 1099. Aleida Jansdr was born in 1072 in Lotharingen, Germany and died on May 24, 1144 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Children of Simon Sifridsz van Brederode of Teylingen en Aleida Jansdr of Altena

i. 39. **Daniel I van der Merwede** was born in 1120 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1172 in Dordrecht, South Holland



He married 1th unnamed woman of Putten.

Children of Daniel I van der Merwede en unnamed van Putten

ii. 48. **Daniel II van der Merwede** was born in 1140 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1200 in Dordrecht, South Holland.













In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.1.1 sheet 1

## Ancestral line Neeltje Cornelisdr of Schaik

48. **Daniel II van der Merwede** was born in 1140 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1200 in Dordrecht. South Holland.

He married Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr of Lynden in 1174. Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr, daughter of Willem de Slinksche of Lynden and Agnes Sophie de Monbéliard Altena, Was born in 1141 in Lotharingen, Germany was died on Okt 25, 1201 in Lotharingen, Germany.



Children of Daniel II van der Merwede and Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr of Lynden

- i. Daniel Danielsz (III) van der Merwede was born in 1180 in Dordrecht and died in 1252 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 67. **Daniel Danielsz (III)** van der Merwede was born in 1180 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1252 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Anne Boudewijnsdr of Heeswijck of Heusden. Anne Boudewijnsdr, daughter of Boudewijn of Heeswijck of Heusden and N. van Heeswijck, was born in 1180 and died in 1250.



Children of Daniel Danielsz (III) van der Merwede and Anne Boudewijnsdr of Heeswijck van Heusden

- 91. Daniel IV van der Merwede was born in 1210 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 13, 1284 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 91. **Daniel IV van der Merwede** was born in 1210 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 13, 1284 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Heraldina of Grutura. Heraldina was born in 1217 and died on Sept 12, 1288 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Children of Daniel IV van der Merwede and Heraldina van Grutura

ii. 114. Agnes van Merwede was born in 1245 and died in 1300.



114. Agnes van Merwede was born in 1245 and died in 1300.

She married Hendrick of Alblas in 1270. Hendrick, son of Otto of Alblas and Badeloge N, was born in 1240 and died on Aug 2, 1273.

Children of Agnes van Merwede and Hendrick van Alblas

- i. 131. **Johan Hendricksz of Alblas** was born in 1267 in Utrecht and died in 1320.
- 131. Johan Hendricksz van Alblas was born in 1267 in Utrecht and died in 1320.

He married unnamed woman of Nijenrode, she is born in 1280.

Children of Johan Hendricksz van Alblas and unnamed of Nijenrode

- i. 144. Gijsbrecht Jansz van Alblas was born in 1310 an died in 1344.
- 144. Gijsbrecht Jansz van Alblas was born in 1310 and died in 1344.

He married Mabelia Jacobs of Lichtenberg. Mabelia Jacobs, daughter of Jacob IV of Lichtenberg and Mechteld of Arkel, was born in 1320 and died in 1400.

Children of Gijsbrecht Jansz of Alblas and Mabelia Jacobs of Lichtenberg

- Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas was born in 1355 and died in 1428.
- 151. Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas was born in 1355 and died in 1428.

He married Ockersdr Besemer. Ockersdr was born in 1375 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas and Ockersdr. Besemer

 Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas was born in 1402 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**3.1.1** sheet 2

i.

#### Ancestral line Neeltje Cornelisdr of Schaik

160. **Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas** was born in 1402 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

He married Maria Willems Hallincq. Maria Willems, daughter of Willem Claeszn Hallincq and Geertruijd Tielmansdr Haeck was born in 1410 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas en Maria Willems Hallincq

- 166. Ocker Jansz van Alblas was born in 1430 and died in 1463.
- Willem Jan Reyersz of Alblas was born in 1450 in Sint Anthoniepolder, Maaasdam, Hoeksche Waard, South Holland and died in 1502 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- iii. 168. **Maaike Jansdr. of Alblas** was born in 1451 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 168. **Maaike Jansdr. of Alblas** was born in 1451 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

She married Willem Matthijsz of Muijlwijck in 1505 in Hoogblokland, South Holland. Willem Matthijsz, son of Matthijs Petersz of Muijlwijck and Heilke Dirksdr Snoeck, was born in 1484 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on Jun 20, 1541 in Hoogblokland, South Holland.

Children of Maaike Jansdr. of Alblas and Willem Matthijsz of Muijlwijck

- i. 173. Jan Willemzn of Muijlwijck was born in 1505 in Hoogblokland,
   South Holland and died on Aug 16, 1559 in Hoogblokland, South Holland.
- 173. **Jan Willemzn of Muijlwijck** was born in 1505 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on Aug 16, 1559 in Hoogblokland, South Holland.

He married Margriet Pietersdr in 1530 in Hoogblokland, South Holland. Margriet Pietersdr was born in 1506 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on Sep 16, 1559 in Hoogblokland, South Holland.

Children of Jan Willemzn of Muijlwijck and Margriet Pietersdr

- i. 182. **Peter Jansz van Muijlwijck** was born on Jan 11, 1535 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on Jun 3, 1601 in Gorinchem, South Holland.
- 182. **Peter Jansz of Muijlwijck** was born on Jan 11, 1535 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on Jun 3, 1601 in Gorinchem, South Holland.

He married Adriana Thijmans on Jan 10, 1558 in Gorinchem, South Holland. Adriana was born in 1538 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Peter Jansz of Muijlwijck and Adriana Thijmans

- ii. 188. Thijman Peterse van Muijlwijck was born in 1575 in Middelcoop, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 188. **Thijman Peterse of Muijlwijck** was born in 1575 in Middelcoop, South Holland and died On an unknown date. He married with an unknown woman

Children of Thijman Peterse van Muijlwijck and this woman.

i. 202. **Willem Thijmens of Muijlwijck** was born in 1630 in Laageind van Middelcoop, South Holland and he died in 1673.



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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

13.1.1 sheet 3

#### Ancestral line Neeltje Cornelisdr van Schaik

202. Willem Thijmens of Muijlwijck was born in 1630 in Laageind van Middelcoop, South Holland and died in 1673.

He married Lijsken Dircks in 1650. Lijsken was born in 1630 and died in 1680. Children of Willem Thijmens of Muijlwijck and Lijsken Dircks

- ii. 213. **Marrigje Willems van Muilwijck** is geboren in 1650 in Middelcoop, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 213. **Marrigje Willems of Muilwijck** was born in 1650 in Middelkoop, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

She married Cornelis Barts of Schaik on Apr 28, 1675 in Leerbroek, South Holland. Cornelis Barts, son of Bart Cornelisz of Schaik and Neeltje Jans Verweij, was born in 1645 in Overheicop, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Children of Marrigie Willems of Muilwijck and Cornelis Barts van Schaik

- i. 222. **Neeltje Cornelisdr van Schaik** was born on Nov 28, 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jul 23, 1734 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 222. **Neeltje Cornelisdr van Schaik** was born on Nov 28, 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland And died on Juli 23, 1734 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married Cornelis Floriszn Bogaert on Apr 28, 1695 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Cornelis Floriszn, son of Floris Cornelis Laurensz Bogaard and Marrigje Theunisdr (Maria) of Dijck, was born on Sep 3, 1672 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr 14, 1731 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.2

#### Nummer 308

#### Teuntje Pieterse of Casant

She was born on Oct 21. 1744 in Noordeloos, South Holland and died on May 8, 1787 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married **Cornelis Bogaart** on Jul 7. 1770 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Cornelis is a son of Abraham Jasperszn Bogaert and Jenneke de Lange, He was born on Feb. 1748 in Schoonrewoerd and died on Sep 26. 1814 in Leerdam. Her **2,605** descendants are also descended from Charlemagne

#### Surnames of descendants

- Van Ameijde, Van den Assem,
- Baars, Balkhoven, Bambacht, Barmentloo, Bassa, Bastian, Bats, Bazen, Bel, van Beek, Bercx, Berendsen, van den Berg, Berkelaar, den Besten, Bikker, Binneveld, Blom, Blommers, Boelman, Boer, Boers, Boertje, Bogerd, Bogaard, Boogerd, Boogert, Booij, Bor, Borst, Bosch, Bot, Bouthoorn, Brink, van Bruchem, van Bruggen, de Bruin, Broere, Bronkhorst, Brouwer, Bruijn, Bullee, Buskop, Buss
- · Coenen, Cornet
- Deege, van Delsen, Diepenhorst, van Diest, van Dijk, Ditiecher, van den Doel, Donatz, Donga, Van den Dool, van Dorst, Dröge
- Eekels, Elsinga, van der Ent, Esveldt
- · Felius, Florijn, Foppen,
- Gelderland, Van Genderen, van Gent, Giltjes, de Groot, van der Grift
- Haaksman, van Haarlem, Hakkert, van Hal, Van 't Hart, Hartman, den Hartog, van Hees, Heijdemann, Helsloot, van Herk, Kersbergen, den Hertog, Heijkoop, van den Heuvel, Heykoop, Hoegee, Hoejenbos, Hol, Hooijer, Hoos, Horden
- Van leperen
- De Jager, de Jong
- Kaebisch, Kars, Kastelein, van Kekem, Kentie, van Kessel, Kleijn, Kleingeld, Kloosterman, Kok, Kool, Kooren, Koorn, Koote, de Koster, Kreuk, de Kruijk
- 't Lam, de Lange, Langerak, Laponder, Van Lavieren, Van der Lee, Lemmen, Lenting, Liefhebber, van 't Loo, Luijten,
- Van Maaren, Marinus, van Mastrigt, Maurik, Mazijk, van Meeuwen, van der Meijden, Meurs, Middag, Middelkoop, Meijdam, Mijnlief, van Mourik
- Need, Nout
- Okiror, Van Ooijen, Ooijendijk, Oord, van Os, Oskam, den Oudsten
- Paardekooper, van 't Pad, Pak, Pater, Payne, Penning, Pesselse, Pieters, Planken, Plantjé, Plomp, de Puijt, van Putten, Ras, Riemers, Rietveld, Ruitenbeek
- De Raad, Ras, Roza, de Ruiter
- Sanders, van Santen, van der Schans, Scheer, Scherpenzeel, van Schijndel, Scheurwater, Schrijver, Siepman, Sleeuwenhoek, Slijfer, Slotboom, Smit, Smith, Smits, Sprado, Spreeuw, van der Spek, Spreeuw, Spirinckx, van der Steege, Steenlage, Sterrenberg, Stigter, van Stijn, Stravers, Stuurman, Sterk, van Strien, Strijk, van der Speijer, Steege, Suers
- Van Tatenhove, Teuling, Thomassen, Totté, Touw, Tulp,
- Uijl, Uittenbogaard
- Van Veen, van der Ven, Verbaan, Vendelbosch, Veenendaal, Verdugt, Verhoeff, Verhoeks, Verhoeven, Verkaik, Verkerk, Vermeulen, Verrips, Versluis, Verspui, Verweij, Verwoert, Verzijl, Vink, Visser, Vissers, van Vierling, van Vlaenderen, van Vliet, Vlot, De Vos, Vroegh, Vrolijks, (van) Voorden, de Vries, Vroegh, van Vrouwerf
- Van de Waardt, Van Weenen, de Weerd, Westerhout, van Wieringen, Wigbers, van Wijk, Winkelman,
- de Wit, de With, van de Woestijne, Wolthuis, Wursten,
- Van Zante, van Zanten, van Zee, van Zuilen, Zwets

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.2 sheet 1 Teuntje Pieterse van Casant

#### Surnames and place of birth / place of residence:

Amsterdam - Bogerd, De Jager, Strijk

Acquoy - Bosch, BulleeApeldoorn - Bogerd, Heykoop

Asperen - Berendsen, Bogerd, Heijkoop, Middelkoop, Nout, van Stijn, Vendelbosch,

Versluis, Verwoert, Wigbers,

Asten - ThomassenAxel - Riemers

Beesd - Bullee, Planken

Benschop - Haaksman, van leperen

Bocholtz - Van Meurs
 Breda - Mazijk,
 Buurmalsen - Bogaard

Capelle a/d IJssel
 Culemborg
 Dordrecht
 Kleingeld, van Meurs
 Baars, van Bruchem
 Bogerd, van Maaren

Ede - Vroegh

• **Eindhoven** - Bastian, Bats, Coenen, van Hal, Kentie, Kloosterman, van Vlaenderen

Everdingen - den Hartog, Van der Lee
 Geldermalsen - Bogaard, Verzijl, Van Zante

Gouda - Bassa, Esveldt, Rietveld, van Stijn, Suers,

Gouderak - van Kekem, Kreuk

Den Haag
 - Van den Berg, van Dorst, Heijdemann, Koote, Lemmen, Slijfer, Vierling, van Zee

Haarlemmermeer - Visser

Hagenstein - Baars, Van der LeeHazerswoude - van Lavieren

Heerlen - Bercx

• **Hei- en Boeicop** - Beendsen, Brouwer, den Hartog, den Hertog, de Jong, de Lange, Liefhebber,

Pesselse, de Raad, Vissers

Hellouw - Bambacht, Van Wijk

Helmond - Thomassen,Herwijnen - Steenlage

Heukelum - Uittenbogaard, van der Vliet
 Hoogblokland - Boogerd, Boogert, de Jong

Houten - Van LavierenKedichem - Van Dijk, Verkaik

Kootwijk - BogerdLeerbroek - de Bruijn

Leerdam - van Ameide, Bats, Bel, den Besten, Berkelaar, Bogerd, Bor, Bosch, Broere,

Buss, van Delsen, Donatz, Donga, Van Dort, Elzinga, Van der Ent, Felius, Foppen, van Gent, Giltjes, de Groot, van 't Hart, Hoegee, Horden, Kaebisch, de Koster, Laponder, van Lavieren, Lemmen, Marinus, van Meeuwen, Middag, Need, Pak, Pelle, de Ruiter Scheer, Scherpenzeel, Smit, Speijer, Sprado, Sterk, Teuling, van Stijn, Verbaan, Verhoeks, Vermeulen, Versluis, Verwoert, Vis,

de Weerd, Wolthuis

Leiden - Deege, Lavieren, Ras, Suers

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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.2 sheet 2 Teuntje Pieterse van Casant

#### Surnames and place of birth / place of residence:

Leidschendam - Boer

Lelystad - Den Besten, Bogerd

• Lexmond - Bikker, van Kekem, de Ruiter, Stravers, Versluis, Vlot

Lisse - Uijl

Lopik(erkapel) - Booij, de Bruin, Helsloot, Van der Lee

Meerkerk - Bikker, Boogerd, 't Lam, Schrijver, Van Zanten,

Nieuwegein - Bogaard, Van der Lee
 Nieuwland - Brouwer, Florijn, van Herk

Nieuw-Lekkerkerk - StuurmanNijmegen - Smit

Rhenoy - 't Hart, Middelkoop

Rotterdam - Bazen, Bogerd, van Bruggen, Buskop, Ditiiecher, Kleijn, van Mastrigt, Mijnlief,

van Putten, Roza

• Schoonrewoerd - Bogaard, Bogerd, Kool, Middag, Stigter, Verkerk, Versluis, de Wit, Wursten

Sleeuwijk - Esveldt
 Sprang-Capelle - den Besten
 Stad a/h Haringvliet - Van Strien

Terneuzen - Bogerd, Hartman, de Kruijk
 Tilburg - Eekels, Thomassen, Visser

Tricht - Hakkert

• Utrecht - van Diest, Lavieren, Spreeuw, Steenlage, Tulp, van der Ven, van Vrouwerf

Veenendaal - Bogerd

Vianen - Binneveld, Bogerd, de Kruijk, van Mourik, Westerhout

Vlaardingen - Plomp, Smith, Vroegh, van de Waardt

Vuren - SterrenbergWaalwijk - van Gent

Waddinxveen - Boers, Esveldt, van Stijn

Wijhe - Blom
 Woerden - Bogaard
 Wormer - Vroegh
 Yerseke - Puijt

Zijderveld - Bosch, Bronkhorst, Sanders

Zwijdrecht - van Maren
 Zwolle - van 't Hart
 Coupeville USA - Kooren, Koorn
 Salt Lake City USA - Van Os, Smith

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.2.1

#### Ancestral line **Teuntje Pieterse of Casant**

Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia en Gent was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.

He married Lutgardis of Luxemburg in 980. Lutgardis, daughter of Siegfried I of Luxemburg and Nordgau and Hedwig of Nordgau, was born in 956 in Cleve, Nordrhein-Westfalen, Germany and died on Sep 14, 1005 in Egmond, North Holland, in the Abbey.



Children of Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia and Gent and Lutgardis van Luxemburg

- Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.
- 4. Siegfried (Sicco) van Holland was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.

He married Thetburga van Staveren. Thetburga, daughter of Gozewijn Ludigman VII van Staveren and Thetburga van Bredero, was born in 986 in Castricum, North Holland and died on Jan. 27. 1042 in Egmond, North Holland.



- Simon 1e lord Sifridszn Symon of Brederode of Teylingen was Born in 1006 and died on Jul 11, 1063.
- 13. Simon 1e heer Sifridszn Symon van Brederode van Teylingen is geboren in 1006 en overleden op 11 jun. 1063.

He married Aleida Jansdr of Altena in 1039. Aleida Jansdr, daughter of Jan I van Arkel and Elizabeth of Cuijk, was born in 1010 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Simon 1e Lord Sifridszn Symon of Brederode of Teylingen and Aleida Jansdr of Altena

- Sifrid van Brederode was born in 1040 and died on an unknown date. i. 23.
- 23. Sifrid van Brederode was born in 1040 and died on an unknown date. He married 1th Unarchsdr of Naaldwijk.

Children of Sifrid van Brederode and Unarchsdr of Naaldwijk

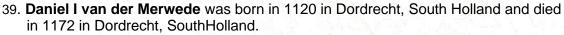
Simon Sifridsz of Brederode of Teylingen was born in 1066 i. 32. in Buren, Gelderland and died in 1145.



He married Aleida Jansdr of Altena in 1099. Aleida Jansdr was born in 1072 in Lotharingen, Germany and died on May 24, 1144 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Children of Simon Sifridsz van Brederode of Teylingen en Aleida Jansdr of Altena

Daniel I van der Merwede was born in 1120 in Dordrecht, South i. Holland and died in 1172 in Dordrecht, South Holland



He married 1th unnamed of Putten.

Children of Daniel I van der Merwede en unnamed van Putten

ii. 48. Daniel II van der Merwede was born in 1140 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1200 in Dordrecht, South Holland.













In relation to the descendants of

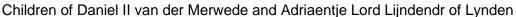
#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.2.1 sheet 1

#### Ancestral line Teuntje Pieterse of Casant

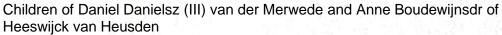
48. **Daniel II van der Merwede** was born in 1140 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1200 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr of Lynden in 1174. Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr, daughter of Willem de Slinksche of Lynden and Agnes Sophie de Monbéliard Altena, was born in 1141 in Lotharingen, Germany was died on Okt 25, 1201 in Lotharingen, Germany.



- i. Daniel Danielsz (III) van der Merwede was born in 1180 in Dordrecht and died in 1252 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 67. **Daniel Danielsz (III)** van der Merwede was born in 1180 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1252 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Anne Boudewijnsdr of Heeswijck of Heusden. Anne Boudewijnsdr, daughter of Boudewijn of Heeswijck of Heusden and N. van Heeswijck, was born in 1180 and died in 1250.



- 91. Daniel IV van der Merwede was born in 1210 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 13, 1284 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 91. **Daniel IV van der Merwede** was born in 1210 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 13, 1284 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Heraldina of Grutura. Heraldina was born in 1217 and died on Sept 12, 1288 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Children of Daniel IV van der Merwede and Heraldina van Grutura

ii. 114. **Agnes van Merwede** was born in 1245 and died in 1300.

114. Agnes van Merwede was born in 1245 and died in 1300.

She married Hendrick of Alblas in 1270. Hendrick, son of Otto of Alblas and Badeloge N, was born in 1240 and died on Aug 2, 1273.

Children of Agnes van Merwede and Hendrick van Alblas

- Johan Hendricksz of Alblas was born in 1267 in Utrecht and died in 1320.
- 131. Johan Hendricksz van Alblas was born in 1267 in Utrecht and died in 1320.

He married unnamed of Nijenrode, she is born in 1280.

Children of Johan Hendricksz van Alblas and unnamed of Nijenrode

- Gijsbrecht Jansz van Alblas was born in 1310 and died in 1344.
- 144. Gijsbrecht Jansz van Alblas was born in 1310 and died in 1344.

He married Mabelia Jacobs of Lichtenberg. Mabelia Jacobs, daughter of Jacob IV of Lichtenberg and Mechteld of Arkel, was born in 1320 and died in 1400.

Children of Gijsbrecht Jansz of Alblas and Mabelia Jacobs of Lichtenberg

- i. 151. Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas was born in 1355 and died in 1428.
- 151. Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas was born in 1355 and died in 1428.
  He married Ockersdr Besemer. Ockersdr was born in 1375 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas and Ockersdr. Besemer

 Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas was born in 1402 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.







In relation to the descendants of

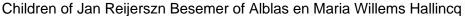
#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.2.1 sheet 2

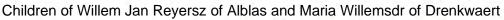
## Ancestral line Teuntje Pieterse of Casant

160. **Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas** was born in 1402 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

He married Maria Willems Hallincq. Maria Willems, daughter of Willem Claeszn Hallincq and Geertruijd Tielmansdr Haeck was born in 1410 and died on an unknown date.



- i. 166. Ocker Jansz van Alblas was born in 1430 and died in 1463.
- ii. Willem Jan Reyersz of Alblas was born in 1450 in Sint Anthoniepolder, Maaasdam, Hoeksche Waard, South Holland and died in 1502 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- iii. 168. **Maaike Jansdr. of Alblas** was born in 1451 in Hoogblokland, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 167. Willem Jan Reyersz of Alblas was born in 1450 in Sint Anthoniepolder, Maaasdam, Hoeksche Waard, South Holland and died in 1502 in Dordrecht, South Holland. He married Maria Willemsdr van Drenkwaert. Maria Willemsdr, daughter of Willem Bouwenszoon Bouwensz van Drenkwaert and Magteld Jensdochter Machteld Janse Pallaes, was born in 1462 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1488 Dordrecht, South Holland.



- i. 172. **Anna Willemsdr of Alblas** was born in 1485 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Aug 2, 1567 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 172. **Anna Willemsdr of Alblas** was born in 1485 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Aug 2, 1567 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

She married 1<sup>th</sup> Jan Barthoutsz of Nuijssenburg in 1515 in Dordrecht, South Holland. Jan Barthoutsz, son of Barthout Dircks of Nuijssenburg and Lucretia Loffrijs, was born in 1480 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1521 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Children of Anna Willemsdr of Alblas and Jan Barthoutsz Van Nuijssenburg

- ii. 180. **Willem Janszn. of Nuijssenburg** was born in 1518 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Nov 17, 1561 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 180. **Willem Janszn. of Nuijssenburg** was born in 1518 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Nov 17, 1561 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married damsel Wilhelmina Jansdr. Visscher. Damsel Wilhelmina Jansdr., daughter of Jan Visscher and Kataryna Tacks, was born in 1516 and died in 1573. Children of Willem Janszn. of Nuijssenburg and damsel Wilhelmina Jansdr. Visscher

- Johan (John) Willemsz of Nuyssenburg was born in 1544 and died on Jun 10, 1596 in Dordrecht, Sout Holland.
- 186. **Johan (John) Willemsz of Nuyssenburg** was born in 1544 and died on Jun 10. 1596 in Dordrecht. South Holland.

Hij married 1<sup>th</sup> Emmetje Jansdr the Both before 23-3-1579 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Emmetje Jansdr, daughter of John Adriaenszn Both and Marichgen Jansdr Wijnensdr, was born in 1550 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Aug 1, 1606 in Dordrecht.

Children of Johan (John) Willemsz of Nuyssenburg and Emmetje Jansdr de Both

 Willem Johansz of Nuyssenburg was born in 1577 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Jul 29, 1628 in Dordrecht, South Holland.









In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.2.1 sheet 3

#### Ancestral line Teuntje Pieterse of Casant

196. **Willem Johansz van Nuyssenburg** was born in 1577 in Dordrecht, South Holland And died on Jul 29, 1628 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Janneke van Ravensteijn on Dec 9. 1608 in Dordrecht, South Holland. Janneke, daughter of Gabriel Herics van Dieden van Ravensteijn and van Ravensteijn, was born in 1580 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Willem Johansz of Nuyssenburg and Janneke of Ravensteijn

- iii. 210. **Adriaen of Nuyssenburg** was born on May 1, 1624 in Dordrecht, SouthHolland and died on Nov 28, 1671.
- 210. **Adriaen van Nuyssenburg** was born on May 1, 1624 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Nov 28, 1671.

He married Martijntje Claesdr Vogelsangh on Oct. 8. 1645 in Diemen, North Holland. Martijntje Claesdr, daughter of Claas Hendricxsz Vogelsangh and Fijtie Vogelsangh, was born on Nov. 1611 in Dordrecht, South Holland

Children of Adriaen of Nuyssenburg and Martijntje Claesdr Vogelsangh

- Janette Adriaensdr of Nuyssenburg was born on Jul 24, 1649 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 30, 1709.
- 220. **Janette Adriaensdr of Nuyssenburg** was born on Jul 24, 1649 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 30, 1709.

She married Adriaen Jansz Westerhout in 1670. Adriaen Jansz, son of John Jansen Westerhout and Eeltgen Damen, was born on Oct. 29. 1645 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov. 16. 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Children of Janette Adriaensdr of Nuyssenburg and Adriaen Jansz Westerhout

- i. 230. Arij Adriaense (Arien) Westerhout was born on Okt 29, 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jan 1, 1718 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- ii. 231 **John Adriaensz Westerhout** was born on Okt 12, 1681 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov 12, 1743 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
- 230. **Arij Adriaense (Arien) Westerhout** was born on Okt 29, 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland en overledeand died on Jan 1, 1718 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He married Hendrickje Gerrits van Drent on Oct. 16. 1698 in Acquoij, Gelderland. Hendrickje Gerrits, daughter of Gerrit Hermense van Drent and Lijsbeth Theunisse Cool, was born on Apr 24. 1671 in Culemborg, Gelderland and died Before 1730.

Children of Arij Adriaense (Arien) Westerhout en Hendrickje Gerrits of Drent

- Gerrigje Ariense (Gerritje) Westerhout was born on Feb 10, 1712 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Aug 26, 1808 in Meerkerk, South Holland.
- 249. **Gerrigje Ariense (Gerritje) Westerhout** was born on Feb 10, 1712 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Aug 26, 1808 in Meerkerk, South Holland. She married Pieter Cornelisz of Casant on Mar 10, 1737 in Schoonrewoerd, South H. Pieter Cornelisz, son of Cornelis Claesz of Casant and Teuntje Dircksdr the Greef, was born in 1700 in Nieuwland, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Children of Gerrigie Ariense (Gerritje) Westerhout and Pieter Cornelisz of Casant

iii. 308. **Teuntje Pieterse van Casant** was born on Okt 21, 1744 in Noordeloos, South Holland and died on May 8, 1787 in Schoonrewoerd South Holland.









In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.3 Nummer 498

#### Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

She was born on September 1, 1754 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on February 24, 1823 in Leerdam, South Holland.

She married Abraham Bogaard on January 23, 1780 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He is the son of Johannes Bogaert and Hester Pietersdr. Boon He was born on June 8, 1755 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on April 1, 1801 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Her 1,295 descendants are also descended from Charlemagne

#### Familienamen nakomelingen

- Van Aalst, van Alphen, Alting, van Ameijde,
- Barneveld, van Batenburg, van Beekum, Bel, Bennink, Van der Bent, Bergmans, van Berk, den Besten, Bianchi, Blonk, Blom, Bogaard, Bogaards, Bogerd, Bogert, Boogaard, Boogerd, Boogert, de Bok, de Bondt, Bontebal, Boon, Bordes, Borgman, van den Bos, Bovenkamp, Brom, Bronk, Brouwer, Brouws, Brown, van Bruggen, de Bruin, Bullee, Burger,
- · Cameron, Cordes, Cromwijk,
- Dawn, Diemers, van Dijk, Doddrige, Donatz, Dorland, Dorrestijn, Douglas, den Dunnen, Durian, Dykstra
- Van Eeuwijk, Ewald, Feijnebuik, Fontijn, Frederik,
- Fenrich, Frank
- Ganzeveld, Garden, Geessink, van Gent, Goodin, Goss, Groeneveld, Groenendijk, de Groot,
- De Haas, Hall, Van den Ham, Hamm, 't Hart, van 't Hart, Hayes, Hazenberg, Heath, Van Helten, Heslinga, Hierden, van der Hoek, Hold, van den Hoorn, Horstman, House, van Houwelingen, Huigen, Huijling, Hunink
- IJsselstein, Van Iperen, van Ieperen,
- Van der Jagt, De Jong, Jongenelen, de Jongh, Jonker
- Kampen, Karssen, Kelley, Kemkes, Kennedij, Kime, Klein, Kleinhuis, Klyn, Kleppe, de Klerk, Kleveland, Kloosterman, de Kock, Koedam, van der Kolk, van der Kolk, Kooijman, van Kooten, Kragten, Kramer, van Krieken, Krijgsman, de Kruijff, Kaufman
- Van de Laar, Lagerweij, Lamboo, Langezaal, Lems, de Leeuw, van Leeuwen, van Lienden, van der Linden, van Lit, Livingood, Loeve, Lubbersen, Lucas, van Lunteren,
- Martijn, Mathes, Meerveld, Meppelink, Meyer, Middag, Middelkoop, Mishler, Muilwijk
- Naaktgeboren, Nout,
- De Nooijer, van Noortwijk
- · Olij, Den Ouden,
- Penning, Plaisier, van der Plassche,
- Thompson, Treels
- Ravenhorst, Reitsma, Redmond, Rempes, de Reuver, van Rheenen, de Ridder, Robus, van Rooijen, van Rossum, Roukens, Roovers, van der Ruit,
- Schinkel, Schiphorst, Schippers, Scholten, Sengers, Septer, Sevenster, Silvanus, Sleeuwenhoek, Slings, van der Sluijs, Smith, Spoelstra, Stravers, van Steenis, Steenhoek, Stoffelen,
- Temminck, Treels, Twigt,
- Uitemarkt
- Van der Velde, Van Veelen, van Veen, Veerman. Verdught, Verhoef, Verloop, Verrips, Versluis, Versteeg, Verwolf, Vink, Visser, van Vliet, Vonk, Vogelaar, de Vos, Vroege, van Vuuren,
- Van Weelden, de Weerd. Wells, Wessel, Wetsteijn, Wibbe, Wichhart, van Wijngaarden, Willemsen, Williams, Witzenburg
- Zante, van Zee, Zeegers, Zieldorf

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.3 sheet 1

#### Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

#### Familienamen en geboorte- / woonplaats:

**Alblasserdam** 

Alphen a/d Rijn

**Ameide** 

**Amsterdam** 

**Asperen** 

Barneveld

**Beesd** Benschop

Bergen op Zoom

Boskoop

**Breda Buren** 

Delft

Dirksland **Dodewaard** 

Dordrecht

Ede

Garderen

Geldermalsen

Gouda

Heerenveen

Hei- en Boeicop

Heukelum

Hoogblokland **IJsselstein** 

Kedichem

Leerbroek

- Bullee

- Bovenkamp, Douglas

- van Bruggen, den Dunnen

- Boogaard, Vroege

- Bogerd, Middelkoop, Plassche, Temminck

- 't Hart

- Bogerd, van der Kolk, Bullee, Temmick, Vroege

- van leperen, de Kruijf

- Bergmans, Boogaard

- Comwijk

- den Ouden

- Bronk

- Boogaard, Kragten, van der Linden

- van Leeuwen

- Kleinhuis

- Diemers, Roukens, Treels

- Reitsma

- van den Hoorn

- Bogerd, van Helten

- Ganzeveld, de Jong, van Rooijen, Versluis

- van der Kolk

- de Leeuw, Middag

- van Krieken

- Boogert

- Ewald

- van Aalst, Bel, Roukens

- ded Leeuw

- van Aalst, van Alphen, Alting, van Ameijde, van Batenburg, Bel, Leerdam

> Van Berk, den Besten, Bogerd, Bogaard, de Bruin, van Gent, Donatz, 't Hart, Kemkes, van der Kolk, van Krieken, van de Laar, van Lit, Middag, van Rossum, Roukens, Sengers, Versteeg, Vroege,

van Vuuren, de Weerd

- Bogerd, Stravers

Lexmond

Lopik

Meerkerk

Moordrecht Naarden

Nieuwland

**Noordeloos** 

Putten

Rhenoy

Rotterdam

- Bogaard, Bogerd - Boon, Lagerweij

Versluis

- Veerman

van Gent

- Bogerd

- Hierden, Lubbersen

- Vroege

- Bos, Durian, van Ieperen, van der Jagt, van Leeuwen, van Rooijen,

Roovers, Sleeuwenhoek, van Veen, Wetsteijn

Schoonrewoerd

Vlaardingen

Vianen

Zevenhuizen Zoetermeer

- Verrips, Versteeg

- Bogaard, van der Hoek

- Kooijman, Uittenbogaard - Bogerd, van Rooijen, van der Ruit

- Burger, van Dijk

Nico Bogerd

Page 56 van 224

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**13.3** sheet 2

#### Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

#### Familienamen en geboorte-/woonplaats:

#### America:

Dallas, Texas - Bogaards
 Grand Junction, Colorado - Brom

Des Moines, Iowa - Cameron, Thompson, Vogelaar

• Escondido, Californië - Williams

Galesburg, Iowa - Meyer, van Rheenen, Willemsen

Hull, Iowa - Hortsman
 Indianapolis, Indiana - van Rheenen
 Knoxville - Silvanus
 Lake Prairie, Iowa - Robus

Lake Jackson, Texas - Bogaards, Hold

Leighton, Iowa - de Bruin
 Los Angeles, Californië - Brom

Mahaska C, Iowa - DeBruin, Willemsen

Newton, Iowa
 Olathe, Kansas
 Omaha, Nebraska
 Brom
 van Zante
 House

Oskaloosa, Iowa - Bogaards, Klyn, Meppelink, Schippers, Vogelaar

• Oswalt, Iowa - van Rheenen

Otley, lowa - Bogaards, Robus, van Weelden

Pascagoula, Missouri - Hall

Pella, Iowa
 Bogaard, Bogaards, Borgman, de Bruin, Brom, Dorland,

van Houwelingen, Kaufman, Kime, Klein, de Kock, Mathes,

van Rheenen, Robus, Schippers, Steenhoek, Uitermarkt, Verdught,

Wichhart, Witzenburg, van Zee

Pleasantville, lowa - van Rheenen

Richland Twp, Iowa - Bennink, de Kock, Septer

San Francisco, Californië - Vogelaar
 Urbandale, Iowa - Bogaards

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

13.3.1

#### **Ancestral line** Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia en Gent was born in 951 in Ghent, Belgium and died Sep 18, 993 in Winkelmede, Noordkop, North Holland.

He married Lutgardis of Luxemburg in 980. Lutgardis, daughter of Siegfried I of Luxemburg and Nordgau and Hedwig of Nordgau, was born in 956 in Cleve, Nordrhein-Westfalen, Germany and died on Sep 14, 1005 in Egmond, North Holland, in the Abbey.



Childeren of Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia and Gent and Lutgardis van Luxemburg

- Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.
- 5. Siegfried (Sicco) van Holland was born in 985 in Ghent, Belgium and died on Jun 5, 1030 in Egmond, North Holland.

He married Thetburga van Staveren. Thetburga, daughter of Gozewijn Ludigman VII van Staveren and Thetburga van Bredero, was born in 986 in Castricum, North Holland and died on Jan. 27. 1042 in Egmond, North Holland.

Children of Siegfried (Sicco) of Holland end Thetburga of Staveren

- Simon 1e lord Sifridszn Symon of Brederode of Teylingen was Born in 1006 and died on Jul 11, 1063.
- 13. Simon 1e heer Sifridszn Symon van Brederode van Teylingen is geboren in 1006 en overleden op 11 jun. 1063.

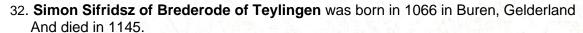
He married Aleida Jansdr of Altena in 1039. Aleida Jansdr, daughter of Jan I van Arkel and Elizabeth of Cuijk, was born in 1010 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Simon 1e Lord Sifridszn Symon of Brederode of Teylingen and Aleida Jansdr of Altena

- Sifrid van Brederode is geboren in 1040 en is overleden. i. 23.
- 23. Sifrid van Brederode was born in 1040 and died on an unknown date. He married 1th Unarchsdr of Naaldwijk.

Children of Sifrid of Brederode and Unarchsdr van Naaldwijk

Simon Sifridsz of Brederode of Teylingen was born in 1066 in Buren, Gelderland and died in 1145.



He married Aleida Jansdr of Altena in 1099. Aleida Jansdr was born in 1072 in Lotharingen, Germany and died on May 24, 1144 in Dordrecht, South Holland. Children of Simon Sifridsz van Brederode of Teylingen en Aleida Jansdr of Altena

- Daniel I van der Merwede was born in 1120 in Dordrecht, South i. Holland and died in 1172 in Dordrecht, South Holland
- 39. Daniel I van der Merwede was born in 1120 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1172 in Dordrecht, SouthHolland,

He married 1th unnamed of Putten.

Children of Daniel I van der Merwede en unnamed van Putten

ii. Daniel II van der Merwede was born in 1140 in Dordrecht. South Holland and died in 1200 in Dordrecht, South Holland.













In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.3.1 sheet 1

#### Ancestral line Teuntje Pieterse of Casant

48. **Daniel II van der Merwede** was born in 1140 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1200 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr of Lynden in 1174. Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr, daughter of Willem de Slinksche of Lynden and Agnes Sophie de Monbéliard Altena, Was born in 1141 in Lotharingen, Germany was died on Okt 25, 1201 in Lotharingen, Germany.

Children of Daniel II van der Merwede and Adriaentje Lord Lijndendr of Lynden

- i. Daniel Danielsz (III) van der Merwede was born in 1180 in Dordrecht and died in 1252 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 67. **Daniel Danielsz (III)** van der Merwede was born in 1180 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1252 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Anne Boudewijnsdr of Heeswijck of Heusden. Anne Boudewijnsdr, daughter of Boudewijn of Heeswijck of Heusden and N. van Heeswijck, was born in 1180 and died in 1250.

Children of Daniel Danielsz (III) van der Merwede and Anne Boudewijnsdr of Heeswijck van Heusden

- 91. Daniel IV van der Merwede was born in 1210 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 13, 1284 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 91. **Daniel IV van der Merwede** was born in 1210 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 13, 1284 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Heraldina of Grutura. Heraldina was born in 1217 and died on Sept 12, 1288 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Children of Daniel IV van der Merwede and Heraldina van Grutura

- ii. 114. Agnes van Merwede is geboren in 1245 en overleden in 1300.
- 114. Agnes van Merwede was born in 1245 and died in 1300.

She married Hendrick of Alblas in 1270. Hendrick, son of Otto of Alblas and Badeloge N, was born in 1240 and died on Aug 2, 1273.

Children of Agnes van Merwede and Hendrick van Alblas

- Johan Hendricksz of Alblas was born in 1267 in Utrecht and died in 1320.
- 131. Johan Hendricksz van Alblas was born in 1267 in Utrecht and died in 1320.

He married unnamed of Nijenrode, she is born in 1280.

Children of Johan Hendricksz van Alblas and unnamed of Nijenrode

- i. 144. Gijsbrecht Jansz van Alblas was born in 1310 and died in 1344.
- 144. Gijsbrecht Jansz van Alblas was born in 1310 and died in 1344.

He married Mabelia Jacobs of Lichtenberg. Mabelia Jacobs, daughter of Jacob IV of Lichtenberg and Mechteld of Arkel, was born in 1320 and died in 1400.

Children of Gijsbrecht Jansz of Alblas and Mabelia Jacobs of Lichtenberg

- i. 151. Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas was born in 1355 and died in 1428.
- 151. **Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas** was born in 1355 and died in 1428. He married Ockersdr Besemer. Ockersdr was born in 1375 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Reijer Gijsbrechtszn of Alblas and Ockersdr. Besemer

 Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas was born in 1402 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.







14-1-2022

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

13.3.1 sheet 2

#### **Ancestral line** Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

160. Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas was born in 1402 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

He married Maria Willems Hallincq. Maria Willems, daughter of Willem Claeszn Halling and Geertruijd Tielmansdr Haeck was born in 1410 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Jan Reijerszn Besemer of Alblas en Maria Willems Hallincq

- i. 166. Ocker Jansz van Alblas was born in 1430 and died in 1463.
- ii. 167. Willem Jan Reversz of Alblas was born in 1450 in Sint Anthoniepolder, Maaasdam, Hoeksche Waard, South Holland and died in 1502 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- iii. Maaike Jansdr. of Alblas was born in 1451 in Hoogblokland, 168. South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 167. Willem Jan Reyersz of Alblas was born in 1450 in Sint Anthoniepolder, Maaasdam, Hoeksche Waard, South Holland and died in 1502 in Dordrecht, South Holland. He married Maria Willemsdr van Drenkwaert. Maria Willemsdr, daughter of Willem Bouwenszoon Bouwensz van Drenkwaert and Magteld Jensdochter Machteld Janse Pallaes, was born in 1462 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1488 Dordrecht, South Holland.



Children of Willem Jan Reversz of Alblas and Maria Willemsdr of Drenkwaert i. Anna Willemsdr of Alblas was born in 1485 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Aug 2, 1567 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

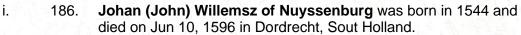
172. Anna Willemsdr of Alblas was born in 1485 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Aug 2, 1567 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

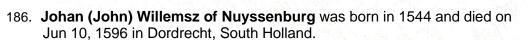
She married 1<sup>th</sup> Jan Barthoutsz of Nuijssenburg in 1515 in Dordrecht, South Holland. Jan Barthoutsz, son of Barthout Dircks of Nuijssenburg and Lucretia Loffrijs, was born in 1480 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died in 1521 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Children of Anna Willemsdr of Alblas and Jan Barthoutsz Van Nuiissenburg

- Willem Janszn. of Nuijssenburg was born in 1518 in Dordrecht, ii. South Holland and died on Nov 17, 1561 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- 180. Willem Janszn. of Nuijssenburg was born in 1518 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Nov 17, 1561 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married damsel Wilhelmina Jansdr. Visscher. Damsel Wilhelmina Jansdr., Daughter of Jan Visscher and Kataryna Tacks, was born in 1516 and died in 1573. Children of Willem Janszn. of Nuijssenburg and damsel Wilhelmina Jansdr. Visscher





Hij married 1th Emmetje Jansdr the Both before 23-3-1579 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Emmetje Jansdr, daughter of John Adriaenszn Both and Marichgen Jansdr Wijnensdr, was born in 1550 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Aug 1, 1606 in Dordrecht. Children of Johan (John) Willemsz of Nuyssenburg and Emmetje Jansdr de Both

Willem Johansz of Nuyssenburg was born in 1577 in Dordrecht, i. South Holland and died on Jul 29, 1628 in Dordrecht, South Holland.





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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

13.3.1 sheet 3

## Ancestral line Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

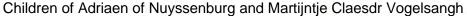
196. **Willem Johansz van Nuyssenburg** was born in 1577 in Dordrecht, South Holland And died on Jul 29, 1628 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Janneke van Ravensteijn on Dec 9. 1608 in Dordrecht, South Holland. Janneke, daughter of Gabriel Herics van Dieden van Ravensteijn and van Ravensteijn, was born in 1580 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Willem Johansz of Nuyssenburg and Janneke of Ravensteijn

- iii. 210. **Adriaen of Nuyssenburg** was born on May 1, 1624 in Dordrecht, SouthHolland and died on Nov 28, 1671.
- 210. **Adriaen van Nuyssenburg** was born on May 1, 1624 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Nov 28, 1671.

He married Martijntje Claesdr Vogelsangh on Oct. 8. 1645 in Diemen, North Holland. Martijntje Claesdr, daughter of Claas Hendricxsz Vogelsangh and Fijtie Vogelsangh, was born on Nov. 1611 in Dordrecht, South Holland



- Janette Adriaensdr of Nuyssenburg was born on Jul 24, 1649 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 30, 1709.
- 220. **Janette Adriaensdr of Nuyssenburg** was born on Jul 24, 1649 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on May 30, 1709.

She married Adriaen Jansz Westerhout in 1670. Adriaen Jansz, son of John Jansen Westerhout and Eeltgen Damen, was born on Oct. 29. 1645 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov. 16. 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Children of Janette Adriaensdr of Nuyssenburg and Adriaen Jansz Westerhout

- Arij Adriaense (Arien) Westerhout was born on Okt 29, 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jan 1, 1718 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- ii. 231 **John Adriaensz Westerhout** was born on Okt 12, 1681 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov 12, 1743 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
- 231. **John Adriaenszn Westerhout** was born on Okt 12, 1681 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov 12, 1743 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Metje Cornelisse Cool. Metje Cornelisse, daughter of Cornelis Teunisz Cool and Grietje Fransdr Cool, was born in 1675 in Acquoi, Gelderland and died in 1754 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Children of John Adriaenszn Westerhout and Metje Cornelisse Cool

- Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout was born in 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- ii. 295. Cornelia Westerhout was born Okt 29, 1709 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland And died on an unknown date.
- iii. 296. Ariaentjes (Adriana) Jansdr Westerhout was born on Sep 6, 1711 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jun 28, 1752 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.





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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.3.1 sheet 4

## Ancestral line Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden

294. **Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout** was born in 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland She married Gerrit Geerlofszn Zijderveld on 19 Jul. 1722 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Gerrit Geerlofszn, son of Geerlof Peterzn Zijderveld and Metje Gerritsdr van Santen, was born on Feb. 1696 in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died on Nov. 18. 1751 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

Children of Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout and Gerrit Geerlofszn Zijderveld

- i. 358. Cornelis Gerritzn Zijderveld was born on Dec 1, 1722 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Mar 1, 1769 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.
- ii. 359. Metje Gerrits Zijderveld was born on Nov 14, 1728 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- iii. 360. **Neeltje Zijderveld** was born on Okt 29, 1731 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 360. **Neeltje Zijderveld** was born on Okt 29, 1731 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

She married Cornelis Ariens van der Leeden on Oct. 23. 1752 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Cornelis Ariens, son of Arien Aarts van der Leeden and Lijsbeth Jacobs Permentier, was born on Feb. 1726 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Childfen of Neeltje Zijderveld and Cornelis Ariens van der Leeden

- i. 498. **Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden** was born on Sep 1, 1754 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Feb 24, 1823 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- ii. 499. Lijsbeth (Elisabeth) van der Leede was bornon May 12, 1756 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov 30, 1841 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- iii. 500. Cornelia van der Leden was born in Jan. 1764 in Schoonrewoerd, SouthHolland and died on an unknown date.

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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.4

#### Nummer 271

#### **Maaike Maria of Meeteren**

She was born on Dec. 1861 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Oct. 1926 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married **Jakobus Bogerd** on Nov. 15. 1884 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Jakobus is a son of Willem Casant Bogerd and Antwoordje Verrips,

He was born on Oct. 5. 1857 in Schoonrewoerd and died on Jan. 28. 1945 in Schoonrewoerd.

Her **244** descendants are also descended from Charlemagne

#### Surnames of descendants

- Arnts
- Bats, Bel, van den Berg, Bogerd, Boogert
- Van Dijk, Van den Doel, Donatz, Donga
- Fontijn
- De Graaff
- Van Genderen
- Van 't Hart, Hooijer
- Jakobs, Jansen
- Kranenburg
- De Leeuw, Luijten
- Van der Meijden, Middag, Middelkoop
- Van Nijkerk
- Olivier
- Van 't Pad, Pak
- Van Rijn, Rooijackers
- Sterk, Strijk
- Verhoeks, Versluis, Verweij, Visser, Vrolijks
- De With, Wolthuis

#### Familienamen en geboorte-/woonplaats:

Aalsmeer - StrijkAmstelveen - Strijk

Asperen - Bogerd, Middag, Middelkoop, Versluis

Barendrecht - Bogerd
 Geldermalsen - van Nijkerk
 Hoogblokland - Boogert

Leerdam - Arnts, Bel, Bogerd, Donatz, Donga, van 't Hart, van der Meijden,

Middag, Pad, Pak, Sterk, Verhoeks, Verweij, Wolthuis

Rhenoy - van 't Hart

Schoonrewoerd - Bogerd, Middag, Middelkoop

Zuilen - Middag Zwolle - van 't Hart

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.4.1 sheet 1

## Ancestral line Maaike Maria of Meeteren

Dirk III of West-Friesland was born in 980 and died on May 27, 1039.

He married Othelhilde of Saxony. Othelhilde, daughter of Bernard I of Brandenburg and Hildegard van Stade, was born in 985 and died on Mar 9. 1044 in Quedlinburg, Harz, Germany.

Children of Dirk III of West-Friesland and Othelhilde of Saksen

- i. 2. **Swanhilde** was born in 1020 and died in 1078.
- Dirk IV of West-Friesland was born in 1023 and died on Jan 13, 1049 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- iii. 4. Floris I of Holland was born in 1025 and died on Jun 28, 1061 in Nederhemert. Gelderland.
- 2. Swanhilde was born in 1020 and died in 1078.

She married Emmo of Loon in 1047. Emmo, son of Arnulf of Haspinga of Loon and Unknown hasband, was born in 1015 and died on Feb 5, 1079.

Children of Swanhilde en Emmo van Loon

- Beatrice van Loon was born in 1036 in Loon, Limburg, Belgium and died in 1064 in Aarschot, Belgium
- ii. 6. Gauthier de Brienne was born in 1040 and died in 1089.
- Arnold I of Loon was born in 1050 in Loon, Belgium and died in 1126 in Borgloon, Belgium.
- Teodericus (Dirck I) of Loon, Lord of Horne and Herlaer was born in 1052 in Borgloon, Belgium and died in 1122 in Egmond, North Holland.
- v. 9. Sophia of Loon died in 1065.
- 7. **Arnold I of Loon** was born in 1050 in Loon, Belgium and died in 1126 in Borgloon, Belgium.

He married Adelheid van Rieneck in 1085. Adelheid, daughter of Gerard van Mainz and Rieneck and Hedwig van Blieskastel, was born in 1065 and died in 1116.

Children of Arnold I of Loon and Adelheid of Rieneck

- i. 13. Arnold II of Loon was born in 1085 and died on Apr 11, 1139.
- 13. Arnold II of Loon was born in 1085 and died on Apr 11, 1139.

He married Aleida of Diest.

Children of Arnold II of Loon and Aleida van Diest

- Louis I of Loon was born in 1107 and died on Aug 11, 1171 in Gratem, Borgloon, Belgium.
- 19. **Louis I of Loon** was born in 1107 and died on Aug 11, 1171 in Gratem, Borgloon, Belgium.

He married Agnes van Metz. Agnes, daughter of Folmar V van Metz and Mathilde Dagsbourg, was born in 1114 and died in 1177

Children of Louis I of Loon and Agnes van Metz

- i. 25. Gerard of Loon was born in 1144 and died on Sep 2, 1191 in Akko, Israël (Ptolemaïs).
- ii. 26. Agnes of Loon was born in 1150 and died on Mar 26, 1191.









In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.4.1 sheet 2

## Ancestral line Maaike Maria of Meeteren

25. **Gerard of Loon** was born in 1144 and died on Sep 2, 1191 in Acco, Israël (Ptolemaïs).

He married Adelheid van Gelre in 1179. Adelheid, daughter of Count Hendrik I. van Gelre and Agnes van Gelre-van Arnstein, was born in 1140 in Zutphen, Gelderland and died on Jul 8. 1190 in Rieneck, Unterfranken, Germany.

Children of Gerard of Loon and Adelheid of Gelre

- i. 31. Louis II of Loon was born in 1170 and died on Jul 29, 1218.
- ii. 32. Gerard II of Loon was born in 1180 in Borgloon, Belgium and died on Apr 15, 1216 in Borgloon, Belgium.
- iii. 33. Arnold IV of Loon was born in 1187 and died on Feb 22, 1273.
- 33. Arnold IV of Loon was born in 1187 and died on Feb 22, 1273.

He married Johanna Chiny.

Children of Arnold IV and Loon en Johanna Chiny

- i. 45. Aleyd of Loon was born in 1240 and died in 1275.
- ii. 46. Margaretha of Loon.
- 45. Aleyd of Loon was born in 1240 and died in 1275.

Zij huwde Albrecht van Voorne. Albrecht overleden op 30 dec. 1287.

Children of Aleyd of Loom and Albrecht of Voorne

- Mabelia of Voorne was born in 1273 in Voorne, South Holland and died in 1313 in Gorinchem, South Holland.
- 66. **Mabelia of Voorne** was born in 1273 in Voorne, South Holland and died in 1313 in Gorinchem, South Holland.

She married Jan III Van Arkel. Jan III, son of Jan Herbaren II of Arkel and Bertroude of Sterkenburg, was born in 1275 in Arkel, South Holland and died on Dec. 24. 1324 in Arkel, South Holland.

Children of Mabelia of Voorne en Jan III Van Arkel

- i. 87. **John IV of Arkel** was born in 1310 in Gorinchem, South Holland and died on May 5, 1360 in Gorinchem, South Holland.
- 87. **John IV of Arkel** was born in 1310 in Gorinchem, South Holland and died on May 5, 1360 in Gorinchem, South Holland.

He married Irmengarde of Kleef. Irmengarde, daughter of Otto II of Kleef and Mechtild of Virneburg, was born in 1307 and died on Aug. 6, 1362.

Children of John IV van Arkel en Irmengarde of Kleef

- John II of Arkel was born in 1327 and died in 1352 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
- ii. 102. **Otto of Arkel** was born in 1330 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Mar 26, 1396.
- iii. 103. Machteld of Arkel was born in 1330 and died in 1381.
- 102. Otto of Arkel was born in 1330 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Mar 26, 1396. He married Elisabeth of Bar-Pierrepont. Elisabeth, daughter of Thibault of Bar-Pierrepont and Marie the Dampierre, was born in 1335 in Hagestein, Utrecht And died May 11, 1411 in Gorinchem, South Holland.

Children of Otto of Arkel and Elisabeth of Bar-Pierrepont

i. 113. **John of Arkel** was born on May 11, 1362 in Gorinchem, South Holland and died on Aug 25, 1428 in Leerdam, South Holland.





In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.4.1 sheet 3

## Ancestral line Maaike Maria of Meeteren

113. **John van Arkel** was born May 11, 1362 in Gorinchem, South Holland and died on Aug 25, 1428 in Leerdam, South Holland.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Johanna of Gulik van de Berg on Okt 18, 1376. Johanna, daughter of Willem II of Gulik van de Berg en Maria of Gelre, was born in 1362 in Gulik, Rijnland-Pfalz, Germany and died on Jul 19, in IJsselstein, Utrecht. He married 2<sup>nd</sup> an unknown woman.



Children of John of Arkel and Johanna of Gulik van de Berg

- i. 118. Willem van Arkel died in December 1417 in Gorinchem, South Holland.
- ii. 119. **Maria van Arkel** was born in 1385 in Gorinchem en overleden op 19 jul. 1415 in IJsselstein, Utrecht.

Kinderen van Jan van Arkel and unknown woman.

- iii. 117. Otto (the bastard) of Arkel was born in 1400 and died on Jun 6, 1475 in Utrecht.
- 117. Otto (the bastard) of Arkel was born in 1400 and died on Jun 6, 1475 in Utrecht.

He married Jacobje Elisabeth of Arkel. Jacobje Elisabeth was born in 1410 in Leerbroek, South Holland and died on Jun 6, 1475.

Children of Otto van Arkel and Jacobje Elisabeth of Arkel

- i. 127. Lijsbeth of Arkel was born in 1438 and died in 1524.
- ii. 128. **Willem Ottensz of Arkel of Deventer** was born in 1440 in Middelkoop, South Holland and died in 1504 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- iii. 129. Jan of Arkel was born in 1442 and died in 1504.
- 119. **Maria van Arkel** was born in 1385 in Gorinchem, South Holland and died on Jul 19, 1415 in IJsselstein, Utrecht.

She married Jan II van Egmont on Jun 24. 1409. Jan II, son of Arend van Egmond and Jolanda of Leiningen, was born in 1385 in Slot O / D Hoef, Egmond-Binnen, North Holland and died on Jan 4, 1451 in Egmond-Binnen, Egmond, North Holland.

Children of Maria of Arkel and Jan II of Egmont

- Willem IV of Egmont was born on Jan 26, 1412 and died on Jan 9, 1483 in Grave, North Brabant.
- ii. 126. Arnold of Egmont was born in 1415 and died in 1473.
- 125. **Willem IV van Egmont** was born on Jan 26,1412 and died on Jan 19, 1483 in Grave, North Brabant.

He married 1<sup>th</sup> Walburga of Meurs on Jan 22, 1437. Walburga, dochter vadaughter of Frederik of Meurs and Engelberta of Kleef, was born in 1416 and died on May 8, 1459 in 's-Gravenhage, South Holland.

He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Margaretha of Hoogwoud in 1430. Margaretha was born in 1415 and died in 1435. Children of Willem IV of Egmont and Walburga van Meurs

- i. 132. Anna of Egmond was born in 1430 in Kasteel Hattem, Hattem, Gelderland and died on Sep 1, 1462.
- ii. 133. John III of Egmond was bornon Apr 3, 1438 in Hattem, Gelderland and died on Aug 21, 1516 in Egmond, North Holland.
- iii. 134. Frederic, the cross-eyed Gijs of Egmond was born in 1440 and died in 1521.

Children of Willem IV of Egmont and Margaretha of Hoogwoud

iv. 135. Gerrit I of Egmond of de Nijenburg was born in 1430 and died in 1475.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.4.1 sheet 4

## Ancestral line Maaike Maria of Meeteren

128. **Willem Ottens (son Deventer)** was born in 1440 in Middelkoop, South Holland and died in 1504 in Leerdam, South Holland.

He married Marigjen Everitsen. Marigjen was born in Middelkoop, South Holland and died in 1491.

Children of Willem Ottens (son Deventer) and Marigjen Everitsen

- Claes Willem Ottensz Deventer is geboren in 1475 in Leerdam, South Holland en overleden in 1537.
- 134. Frederik, the cross-eyed Gijs of Egmond was born in 1440 and died in 1521. He married Aleida of Culemborg on Okt 29, 1464. Aleida, daughter of Gerard (Gerrit) of Culemborg and Elisabeth of Buren, was born in 1445 in Culemborg, Gelderland and died on Jul 20, 1471 in IJsselstein, Utrecht.

Children of Frederik, the cross-eyed Gijs of Egmond and Aleida of Culemborg

- i. 143. Wemmer of Egmond was born in 1466 in IJsselstein, Utrecht and died on an unknown date.
- ii. 144. **Floris van Egmont** was born in 1470 in Amsterdam, North Holland And died on Nov 4, 1539.
- iii. 145. Christoffel of IJsselstein was born in IJsselstein, Utrecht and died on an unknown date.
- iv. 146. Willem of IJsselstein was born in IJsselstein, Utrecht and died on an unknown date.
- 136. Claes Willem Ottensz van Deventer was born in 1475 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1537.

He married Margriet Cornelisdr van Aefferden. Margriet Cornelisdr was born in 1480 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on 19 Sep. 1532 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Children of Claes Willem Ottensz Deventer and Margriet Cornelisdr of Aefferden

- Willem Claes the Jong Deventer den Hertogh was born in 1517 in Middelkoop, South Holland and died in 1575 in Middelkoop, South Holland.
- 144. **Floris of Egmont** was born in 1470 in Amsterdam, North Holland and died on Nov 4, 1539.

He married Margaretha of Glymes-Bergen on Okt 12, 1500.

Children of Floris of Egmont and Margaretha of Glymes-Bergen

- i. 149. **Maximiliaan of Egmont** was born in 1509 and died on Dec 24, 1548 in Brussels, Belgium.
- 147. **Willem Claes de Jong van Deventer de Hertogh** was born in 1517 in Middelkoop, South Holland and died in 1575 in Middelkoop, South Holland.

He married Willemke Gijsberts. Willemke is born in 1523 and died on an unknown date.

Children of Willem Claes de Jong van Deventer den Hertogh and Willemke Gijsberts

- Arien Willemsz Deventer den Hertogh was born in 1563 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1630 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 149. **Maximilian of Egmont** was born in 1509 and died on Dec. 24. 1548 in Brussels, Belgium. He married Francoise de Lannoy. Francoise, daughter of Hugo de Lannoy and Maria van Boechout, was born in 1513 and died in 1562.

Children of Maximilian of Egmont and Françoise de Lannoy

i. 152. **Anna of Egmont** was born on Mar 1, 1533 in Grave, North Brabant and Died on Mar 24, 1558 in Breda, North Brabant.





In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **13.4.1** sheet 5

## Ancestral line Maaike Maria of Meeteren

150. **Arien Willemsz of Deventer den Hertogh** was born in 1563 in Leerdam, South Holland And died in 1630 in Leerdam, South Holland.

He married Neeltje Geerlofsdr Hartigh on Mar 1. 1585 in Leerdam, South Holland. Neeltje Geerlofsdr was born in 1562 and died in 1600.

Children of Arien Willemsz Deventer den Hertogh and Neeltje Geerlofsdr Hartigh

- 153. Geerlof Ariensz den Hertogh was born in 1589 and died on May 20, 1665.
- 152. **Anna of Egmont** was born on Mar 1, 1533 in Grave, North Brabant and died on Mar 24, 1558 in Breda, North Brabant.

She married Willem of Oranje on Jul 8, 1551. Willem, son of Willem de Rijke and Juliana van Stolberg, was born on Apr 24, 1533 in the Castle Dillenburg, Hessen, Germany and died on Jul 10, 1584 in Delft, South Holland.

Children of Anna of Egmont en Willem of Oranje

- 155. Filips Willem of Oranje was born on Dec 19, 1554 in Buren, Gelderland and died on Feb 20, 1618 in Brussel, Belgium.
- 153. Geerlof Ariensz den Hertogh was born in 1589 and died on May 20, 1665. He married Neelken Hendricks. Neelken was born in 1586 and died on Nov. 22. 1666. Children of Geerlof Ariensz den Hertogh and Neelken Hendricks
  - Arie Geerlofse den Hertogh was born in 1633 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov 18, 1707.
- 155. **Filips Willem of Oranje** was bon on Dec 19, 1554 in Buren, Gelderland and died on Feb 20, 1618 in Brussel, Belgium.

He married Eleonora of Bourbon-Condé on Nov 23, 1606. Eleonora, daughter of Hendrik I of Bourbon-Condé and Charlotte de la Tremoille, was born on Apr 30, 1587 and died on Jan 20, 1619.



- 156. **Arie Geerlofse den Hertogh** was born in 1633 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov 18, 1707.
  - He married Neeltje Huijberts van Mierloo. Neeltje Huijberts was born in 1643 and passed away on Oct. 1707.

Children of Arie Geerlofse den Hertogh and Neeltje Huijberts van Mierloo

- i. 158. Huibert Ariënsz den Hertogh was born on Nov 19, 1676 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr 10, 1733 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- ii. 159. **Elisabeth Ariens den Hartog** was born on Aug 5, 1678 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 159. **Elisabeth Ariens den Hartog** was born on Aug 5, 1678 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

She married Herbert Huijbertse Middelkoop on 6 Mar. 1706 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Herbert Huijbertse, son of Huijbert Everts Middelkoop and Petertje Herberts, was born on Feb 6 1678 in Schoonrewoerdand died 26 Mar. 1741 in Schoonrewoerd, South-Holland. Children of Elisabeth Ariens den Hartog and Herbert Huijbertse Middelkoop

- i. 162. Arie Middelkoop was born in 1712 and died on an unknown date.
- ii. 163. Neeltje Herberts Middelkoop is was born on Jun 8, 1717 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1745.
- iii. 164. Cornelia Herbert Middelkoop was born on Sep 17, 1719 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Mar 1, 1797 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.





14-1-2022

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **13.4.1** sheet 6

## Ancestral line Maaike Maria of Meeteren

162. **Arie Middelkoop** was born in Aug 10, 1712 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and passed away onan unknown date.

He married Teuntje Kool on June 12, 1757 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Teuntje was born on 20 Jul. 1725 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Children of Arie Middelkoop and Teuntje Kool

- i. 167. **Maaike Middelkoop** was born on Oct 27, 1765 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Dec. 1803 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- ii. 168. Herbert Middelkoop was born on May 2, 1770 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov. 1845 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 167. **Maaike Middelkoop** was born on Oct. 27. 1765 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Dec 12 1803 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married Cornelis Kleijn. Cornelis, son of Arie Kleijn and Marrigje de Stigter, was born op Feb. 1769 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Oct. 17. 1843.

Children of Maaike Middelkoop and Cornelis Kleijn

- i. 177. **Teuntje Kleijn** is geboren op 29 feb, 1796 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Feb 26, 1869 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- ii. 178. Arie Kleijn is geboren op 9 feb, 1797 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Apr 26, 1847 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 177. **Teuntje Kleijn** was born on Feb 29, 1796 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Feb 26, 1869 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married 1<sup>th</sup> IJbrand of Meeteren on Mar 16, 1827 in Leerdam, South Holland. IJbrand, son of Hendrik of Meeteren and Teuntje Copier, was born on Mar 12, 1808 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Mar 28, 1886 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married 2th unknown men.

Children of Teuntje Kleijn and IJsbrand of Meeteren

- i. 199. Manus Klijn was born in 1825 in Leerdam, South Holland and died at one unknown date.
- ii. 200. Willem van Meteren was born on Feb. 28. 1827 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- iii. 201. **Hendrik IJsbrand van Meeteren** was born on 28 Feb. 1827 in Schoonrewoerd and died on Oct 9, 1895 in Schoonrewoerd.
- iv. 202. Teuntje van Meteren was born on 25 Sep, 1828 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- v. 203. Maarten Van Meteren was born on Sep 19, 1829 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on May 17, 1831 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- vi. 204. Johannes Bart Van Meteren was born on Dec 8, 1830 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Dec. 1831.
- vii. 205. Teuntje Trijna van Meteren was born on 19 Sep, 1833 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died 14 Sep. 1901 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- viii. 206. Johannes Bart van Meeteren was born on Oct 18, 1837 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Jun 29. 1917 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Children of Teuntje Kleijn and unknown men.

ix. 207. Hermanus (Manus) Kleijn was born on Jun 15. 1824 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov. 1909 in Leerdam, South Holland.

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 13.4.1 sheet 7

## Ancestral line Maaike Maria of Meeteren

201. **Hendrik IJsbrand of Meeteren** was born on 28 Feb. 1827 in Schoonrewoerd and died on 9 Oct. 1895 in Schoonrewoerd.

He married Maria Hol on Mar 7. 1851 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Maria, daughter of Teunis Hol and Jasperijntje Kooij, was born on Jan 1, 1832 in Schoonrewoerd and died on Nov. 30. 1867 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Children of Hendrik IJsbrand van Meeteren and Maria Hol

- i. 257. IJsbrand Cornelis of Meeteren was born on 25 apr. 1853 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Feb 21, 1940 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- ii. 268. Johannis Adrianus of Meeteren was born on Dec. 27. 1857 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Oct 9,1938 in Utrecht.
- iii. 269. Teunis of Meeteren was born on Mar 18, 1859 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jan 20, 1937 in Everdingen, Utrecht
- iv. 270. Cornelis of Meeteren was born on Oct 26, 1860 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- v. 271. **Maaike Maria of Meeteren** was born on Dec 14th. 1861 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Oct 29, 1926 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- vi. 272. Teuntje Jasparintje of Meeteren was born on May 7, 1865 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on May 5, 1950 in Amsterdam, North Holland.
- 271. **Maaike Maria van Meeteren** was born on Dec. 1861 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Oct. 1926 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

She married Jacob (Job) Bogerd on Nov 15, 1884 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Jakob (Job), son of Willem Casant Bogerd and Antwoordje Verrips, was born on Oct. 5. 1857 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Jan 28, 1945 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Children of Maaike Maria van Meeteren and Jakobus (Job) Bogerd

- i. 404. Maria Bogerd was born on Nov 5,1884 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Dec. 1935 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- ii. 405. Willem Bogerd was born on Nov 10, 1885 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Oct. 18. 1969 in Gorinchem, South Holland.
- iii. 406. Aantje Bogerd was born on 27 Sep, 1887 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on May 31, 1975 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- iv. 407. Hendrik Bogerd was born on Jan 20, 1889 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Sep 4. 1964 in Zeist, Utrecht.
- v. 408. Unnamed Bogerd was born on Feb 23, 1891 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Feb. 23. 1891 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- vi. 409. Unnamed Bogerd was born on Mar 7, 1892 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Mar 7. 1892 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- vii. 410. Cornelis (Cees) Bogerd was born on Aug 29, 1896 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr 11, 1960 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

In relation to the descendants of

Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

### The 16th and 17th century

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman (1540-1615)

The oldest ancestor in this book Of all 22.456 descendants found



Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman

87

7he Five Beerenlanden

Part of the municipality of five Seerenlanden (1-1-2019)

The name is due to Five Lords, who took joint measures against flooding from the Gelderse Betuwe (De Heer van Gelre).

To know,

The Lord of Arkel, Ter Leede, Hagestein, Everdingen and Vianen

In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### Family matters in de 17<sup>he</sup> century

#### 14 Important persons from the male line in den Boogaertman / Bogaert

This chapter contains the parts about the documents found concerning wills and court orders for debt repayment.

These are translations from the book "Tunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert and his descendants" by John Albert Bogart. An American who conducted research in the Netherlands and the Schoonrewoerd region in the 1950s done after his ancestors.

#### 14.1 Our oldest ancestor Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman (1540–1615).

The first known member of the family was *Gijsbert Thaeniszn in den Boogaertman*, as shown early reports in Schoonrewoerd.

He was the great grandfather of Theunisse Gijsbertszn Bogaert, who went to America in 1652.
 Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman as well as his wife Neeltjien Gijsbertsdr (1544-1582) it is not yet known from whom they descend.

However, various property documents show that Gijsbert Thaenisz in Schoonrewoerd and his son Theunis Gijsbertzn owned various possessions in Overheicop, consisting of farmhouses and grounds. Little information can be found about Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.

Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Bogaertman does occur frequently between 1615 and 1646 in judicial documents from Leerdam.

#### 14.2 Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman (1562 - 1647).

It is clear that Theunis Gijsbertzn had considerable possessions in Hoog-Middelkoop and Heikop and, like others in small communities, was also regularly in financial need.

- On December 10, 1646, Theunis requests the court to rename "In den Boogaertman" to change to "Bogaert". As also happened.
- On September 6, 1615, he was asked to report to the court of appeal in Leerdam (probably the nearest court), to pay a doctor's bill from Aelbert Corneliss, who was wounded by his son Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert (1590-1640).
- In 1620 he confessed a debt to the children of Thomas Petersz van Muijlwijk of one annual interest of 27 guilders for a house on the Schoonrewoerdse Diefdijk.
- On June 9, 1620 he owed Corneliss Meerhout from Culemborg an annual interest
   12 guilders for a house on the Schoonrewoerdse Diefdijk.
- On March 14, 1627, Barent van Veen declared to the court that Theunis Gijsbertszn told him 73 guilders was owed. The same day he promised a debt to Willem Otten in 8 days to pay.
- On December 13, 1627, he pledged to pay his debts to Cornelius Evertse and Roeloff van Braeckel.
- In 1640 his son Cornelius Theunisz Bogaert dies. His wife has already passed away and his children are orphans. Theunis Gijsbertsz in den Boogertman takes over the guardian of his two youngest minor grandchildren.
  - He has asked the court in Leerdam for custody of his grandchildren, the children of Cornelius Theunisz to be handed over to someone else in connection with blindness.
  - On December 26, 1646 Maes Wouters from Schoonrewoerd, took over custody.
- In 1647 his son Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert dies. The court in Leerdam decides this the disease
  of Theunis Gijsbertz in den Boogaertman, the guardianship of the minor children goes to the
  last living brother, Louw Theunisz Bogaert.
  - The minor children Abraham Gijsbertszn (1631-1699) and Theunis Gijsbertszn (1632-1699).
- The possibly other minor children Adrian, Johannes and Joris are not mentioned.

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In relation to the descendants of

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### Family matters in the 17th century

#### 14.2.1 Fortunately for Theunis Gijsbertszn he also received income from him services

- On April 11, 1632, the servant of the Prince of Orange in Leerdam paid him a sum money for renting his horses for the benefit of the army.
- On August 9, 1634 Adrian Vosch from Vianen promised to pay him 100 guilders.
- On June 5, 1634, living at the "Hooge Eind in Middelkoop", Theunis Gijsbertszn paid to Aries Bastiaens the amount of 250 florins.

#### In the first half of 1647 Theunis Gijsbertsz in den Boogaertman died.

- His testament after the death of his second the wife Maayken Meertens in 1656.
- In the meantime, his 2<sup>nd</sup> wife Maayken Meertens has married Cornelius Bastiaens, bailiff of the City of Leerdam, who at that time used the farm in Schoonrewoerd.
- The relationship of our family's four pioneers as cousins is shown in the following translation
  of a civil report from the Netherlands confirmed.
   Prepared in connection with the sale of the family farm of Theunis Gijsbert in den Boogaertman
  and the distribution of the proceeds between his children and grandchildren and their uncle
  (their guardian) Louw Theuniszn Bogaert.

## 14.2.2 The deed of sale of the family farm in Hoog-Middelkoop is contained in two reports. The 1<sup>th</sup> report on Jun 2, 1656 and the 2<sup>th</sup> report on Jun 23, 1657.

- This deed contains a strange fact, namely that Gijsbert Corneliszn Bogaert (1628-1684),
   Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert (1630-1665) and Theunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert (1632-1699) were in 1656 minor orphans.
- If this is the case, Cornelius Corneliszn and Gijsbert Corneliszn cannot be in New Netherland in 1640 arrived as confirmed by Talcott, but probably more towards 1657.
- Theunis Gijsbertszn on the other hand had already arrived in New Netherland in 1652 and on that moment in New Netherland for four years.

These contradictory circumstances in the text prompt for clarification and further research.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# Family matters in the 17th century

# 14.2.3 The illustration of the deed of will of Theunis Gijsbertz in den Boogaertman





The translation of the deed of sale is as follows:

On June 2, 1656, with the permission of the honorable bailiff of the City of Leerdam, as chief protector of all widows and orphans under his jurisdiction, Cornelius Bastiaens, husband of Maayeken Meertens, former widow and administrator of the deceased Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman, propose the following.

 On behalf of Louw Theuniszn Bogaert, the only living son of Theunis Gijsbertzn in den Boogaertman and guardian of the minor orphan Abraham Theuniszn Bogaert and Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert, to sell the family farm in Hoog-Middelkoop.

Other parties in this were:

#### **Living in New Netherland:**

- The two sons of his brother Cornelius Theuniszn, namely Cornelius Corneliszn (Albany) and Gijsbert Corneliszn (Catskill).
- The son of his brother Gijsbert Theuniszn, namely Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert (Brooklyn)

#### Living in Heicop:

- Cornelius Stevens, husband of Aelkjien Gijsbertse Bogaert and
- Gijsbert Theuniszn Middagh, husband of Neeltjien Gijsbertse Bogaert.

# Living in Heicop-Schoonrewoerd:

- Abraham Gijsbertszn (a direct ancestor and son of Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert and brother by Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert) all together the children and grandchildren of Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman; and similar legacies left at the death of Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman, for the sum of 203 and 60 GUILDERS and 2 pennies for each.
- Immediately 100 GUILDERS, 100 GUILDERS as of May 16, 1657 and the remainder of 63
  GUILDERS as of May 16, 1658. That the above mentioned children and grandchildren and
  heirs of Boogaertman will be paid on the condition that all costs are through the secretariat
  made for translating and transport is done in advance, as said by Cornelius Bastiaens

Sign by the parties, Jun 2, 1656,

Gijsbert Theuniszn Middagh, Theunis Dircks Louw Theuniszn Bogaert, Cornelius Stevens Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert, Cornelius Bastiaens In presence of

Adolphus Hartwickus Apptobatie

Deed date, Leerdam, Jun2, 1656

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# Family matters in the 17th century

- 14.3 The three sons of Theunis Gijsbertszn in the Boogaertman and his first wife Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters (1562-1646) and so are the grandchildren of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.
  - 1. Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert, (1590 1640)
  - 2. Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert, (1595 1646)
  - 3. Louw Theuniszn Bogaert, (1598 1667)

## 14.3.1 Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert, son of Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman

It is not certain when he died, but it is known that his father Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman was the guardian of his children until December 26, 1646.

- On December 26, 1646, Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman submitted a request at the court in Leerdam to appoint another guardian for his grandchildren.
- Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman made this request in connection with his limited nature eyesight and the fact that he was "an old man over 80".
- The records show that Maes Wouters Schoonrewoerd as two e guardian acted alongside Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman. Meas Wouters also "wished" from his to be relieved of responsibility in connection with his deafness.
- The sons Cornelius Corneliuszn Bogaert and his brother Gijsbert Corneliszn Bogaert, who arrived in New Netherland in 1661, each inherited a quarter of the farm from them father in Schoonrewoerd.
- This property is mentioned in the quit claim, stored in the Albany New York State Library, dated September 3, 1661, when Gijsbert Corneliszn Bogaert or Catskill his inheritance sells to his brother Corneliszn Bogaert of Albany.

Further references to these possessions can be found in the Netherlands, dated February 5, 1664, and are worded as follows:

- Cornelius Corneliuszn Bogaert (1630-1665), living in New Netherland Albany as representative of:
  - his brother Gijsbert Corneliuszn Bogaert (1628-1684), living in New Netherland Cattskill,
  - sister Jannetjien Cornelise Bogaert (1634-1657), wife of Claes Claeszn Levery, living in the hamlet of Jaarsveld in Schoonrewoerd.

The children and heirs of the late Cornelius Theunisz Bogaert, sell ¾ of the farm and land on the Schoonrewoerdse Diefdijk to Barent Cornelisz.

# 14.3.2 Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert, son of Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman

On December 26, 1646 the Dordrecht skipper carries Lambert Jansen, blood guardian of the children of Aertje Kirkse (Coeymans) Bastiaens (1597-1646) and her husband Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert (1595-1646), residing in Heikop, his power of attorney to Maes Wouters, residing in Schoonrewoerd, and Pieter Gysbert, bailiff at Heikop.

- Lambert Gysbert was legal guardian before the grandfather was appointed guardian, though there is no record of his appointment.
- However, the quotation above certainly refers to Theunisz's will Gijsbertzn in den Boogaertman.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# Family matters in the 17th century in the Netherlands

# 14.3.3 Louw Theunisz Bogaert, son of Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman

The grandfather was relieved of his duties as guardian and the court of Leerdam ruled in late 1646 Louw Theunisz Bogaert appointed as guardian for the children of his late brother Cornelius Theuniszn and Gijsbert Theuniszn.

- In the same documents, the names of the grandchildren of Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Bogaertman not mentioned as "in den Boogaertman" but as "Bogaert", the prefixes are omitted and the name shortened. On May 3, 1667, Louw Theuniszn Bogaert, only surviving son of Theunis Gijsbertszn in den Boogaertman made a will in Schoonrewoerd at which time he was seriously ill.
- The translation of this will, in the presence of Coram Sanders Hendricks and Willem Beech, magistrates, certified that they went to th home of Jan Roscam in Schoonrewoerd where they found Louw Theunisz Bogaert sick in bed.

First he devised and bequeathed to the son of Jan Roscam (his son-in-law) by name, Cornelis Janz Roscam (zijn kleinzoon), two gray mare foals, which he wished to leave to his eldest son, Cornelis Laurenszn Bogaert (1607-1678), who is to care fot he aforesaid animals, feed and breed them and the proceeds thereform to be used fort he benefit of the child when he reaches maturity.

Further, the tetator acknownledges having given his daughter Mary Laurens Bogaert a note in the sum of 100 florins, which is to be paid out of thee state; finally, the testatordisposed of the residue of all of his other goods and chattels which shall remain after his death, to all his children, share and share alike.

However, the respective parts of his next children, namely Jan Laurens van Harlem, Mary Laurens (wife of Cornelius Stam and living in Boeicop) and Jan Roscam, shall be held in trust, the proceeds from this will only be used during the lifetime of the aforesaid and principal on their death to be given to their children or grandchildren in in case the children have died.

But it is clear that Louw Theuniszn Bogaert recovered and a few more years after this will have lived. The following reports show that he was still alive in 1676.

- January 1669, Laurens Theuniszn Bogaert confesses to Hendrick van Buren and Jan Gerrits van Es, governors of the old men's house in Vianen, 500 guilders for which he will receive food, drink and shelter for the rest of his life.
- May 1669, Louw Theuniszn Bogaert lives in Vianen, sells to Jan Janz Verwey a cableway with a piece of land located in Nieuw Schaick.
- December 1669, Louw Theuniszn Boogaert of Schoonrewoerd and living in Vianen, declares to Jacob Meyers van Turnhout, a resident of Leerdam, an amount of 150 florins to be owed in connection with a loan on a house with a garden situated behind the church of Schoonrewoerd.
- April 15, 1670, Louw Theuniszn Bogaert van Schoonrewoerd, living in Vianen, former guardian
  of the children of his deceased two brothers, declared guilty to Claes Claesz Leverey and
  Marigen Jans an amount of 141 guilders.
- April 14, 1676, Louw Theuniszn Bogaert, living in Vianen, sells to his son-in-law Jan Roscam (husband of Maria Laurens Bogaert) a house with ground situated behind the church of Schoonrewoerd
- On November 9, 1700, one of Louw Theuniszn Bogaert's grandchildren declares Floris Cornelis Laurensz Bogaard (1635-1704), son of Cornelis Laurens Bogaert (1615-1678), at court van Leerdam that he "rejects any inheritance of his grandfather's farm".

While collecting this information, another Bogerd family became municipal was mentioned regularly. This is because Govert Goverse in den Boogaertman was arranged (see point 17.10), mentioned.

Govert was born around 1545 and may have been an uncle of Theunis Gijsbertzn in den Boogaertman.

No evidence of the relationship has yet been found.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# The 17th and 18th century

# 15 The heerlijkheid Rumpt in de Tielerwaard

# 15.1 Dirk Abrahamszn Bogaert (1657-1741)

# The heerlijkheid Rumpt - Dirk Abraham Bogaert 1710-1716

Attached a drawing of the House in Rumpt in the Tielerwaard (municipality of Geldermalsen) from 1669

Around 960 the manor Rumpt is mentioned in a list of possessions of the St. Maartenskerk in Utrecht.

In the course of history we come across this village names like Rumpst, Rumede, Romde and Rumt.

The Heerlijkheid, which includes only the village of Rumpt, is also apparent Gellicum later to have belonged to the Land van Arkel.



In a charter of August 1, 1341, it is the first mention is made of "het Huis te Rumpt" by Ricoud of Heeswijk, cheers of St. Pieter in Utrecht is given to Hertog Reinald commissioned: "my house (ende) my hoffstadt in Roede mit allen dit voirborchten, graves, vests ende tymmer, that dair now stands off namails staen sall, mit den bongaerden, mit den wiere and with all the land that I have lying aldair in Roemde, butendijcx of the Linghen waert, from the village of Roemde nederwaert to the abds land of sunte Marienwerde, which is below mynen huys voirs is located.

Ultimately, the House in Rumpt came into the possession of Thomas van Scherpenseel on May 10, 1550, (later Scherpenzeel). Subsequently, this family was added to this house and the village of Rumpt until circa 1741 connected, but a relationship must have existed before then.

Otto van Scherpenzeel, son of Carselis and Maria of Zylen of Anholt, was a hunter master and judge of Arnhem and Veluwezoom. He was killed in battle against the Stichtsche warbands from his uncle Bishop Rudolf of Anholt, after these had the nearby Gellicum looted. At the beginning of the eighteenth century, the House in Rumpt was not in very good condition

It then officially belongs to Johan van Scherpenseel. However, this one is mentally retarded and therefore his younger brother Erasmus perceives matters as Lord van Rumpt and also signs as "Erasmus van Scherpenzeel de Rumdt".

The house is then rented to farmer Dirk Abrahamszn Bogaert (1657-1741). He will only have the essential repair work done, but no more than the real thing was necessary. Erasmus of Scherpenseel dies unmarried in 1716.

In 1721 Barbara van Scherpenseel (an aunt) observes "that onsen innosenten cousin (Johan), the present lord van Rumdt, from his income could not be maintained and that every year the house consumes more than his goods bring in.

So it was sad with this last sharpening brush. We see in images from that time the noble house is already in serious disrepair. In 1728 half of it was in ruins.

On Johan's death in 1741, it came into the possession of cousin Diederik Johan Heerman, whose family owned the land for many years to come.

The decline is increasing rapidly, the proud building proves to be impossible to save and is not more built up. When Jacobus Stellingwerf made this drawing and whether he went to an older example (from 1669) worked is not clear. The proof of this is to this day still clearly present.

the Grote and Kleine Wiel in the floodplain along the Molendijk near number 12, there is now one hard stone field cross, where the House in Rumpt once stood. Between

On the cross is an image of the coat of arms of the genus of Scherpenzeel and in gothic letters the text:

"Int laer MVCXXVII on sunte Severynsdach opt hof te remdt blef doot Ot van Scerpenzeel dares XXVI. Byt feed dye zyel for God's wyl ".



In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# The 17th en 18th century

# 16 The name Bogerd and the role of Mayke Dircksdr Bogaert (1686-1740)

## 16.1 Request for name change

Official documents show that the first surname in municipal and legal documents used, is "in den Boogaertman".

On December 10, 1646, Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman, submitted a request to the legal authority in Leerdam to give his children the surname "Bogaert". This request was granted.

- Cornelius Theuniszn
- , 1590 was the first son with Bogaert as surname.
- Gijsbert Theunisz
- , 1595 was the second son with Bogaert as surname.
- Louw Theuniszn
- , 1598 was the third son with Bogaert as surname.

# 16.2 The surname Bogerd and patrononages

- Today we are used to our children automatically being given their father's name.
- Although it is also possible that the child may also receive the name of the mother.

## Many surnames originted from patronage.

- Patterns, also known as father's names.
- Names that refer to the father's first name in order to indicate the family relationship to make.

If father's first name is Bastiaan, then Bastiaanszoon is the patronymic of his son, and Bastiaansdaughter the patronymic of his daughter. The suffix -son or -daughter has been abbreviated or corrupted to Bastiaansz. Or Bastiaansdr.

Often it was omitted and with or without the between -s; Bastian

From the early Middle Ages until the introduction of the registry office in de 19<sup>th</sup> century the patronymic used in the personal registration. The patronymic could then become the surname and change from generation to generation.

The patronymic could also be followed by a family name; Nicolaas Bastiaansz Bogaert or Geertruida Bastiaansdr. Bogaert.

## It also happened that a little child took over father's patronymic; Aart Bastaansz. Bogaert

- The family relationship was thus extended within one name to three generations; son, father, grandfather.
- You do see the next point in point 2.2 that the patronymic occurs within the family.

The patronymic in its original function disappeared with the introduction of the registry office the first half of the 19 e century.

Personal registration at the registry office is limited to recording first names and a surname, which is definitively passed on in fixed spelling from parent to child.

# 16.3 The name Bogerd not via patronymics and not via the male line

- Abraham Jaspersz Bogaert does not get the surname from his father Jasper Augustinusz, but from his mother Mayke Dircksdr Bogaert. As a result, this male lineage has been broken.
- The reason for taking the woman's name probably lies in the fact that the father still had no fixed surname but a patronymic.
  - And since he was obliged to give a name, the name of his wife was obvious. Especially since the name Bogaert was also well known in the region.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

## **16.4** Mayke Dircksdr Bogaert, who is she. (1686-1740)

Mayke was born in Schoonrewoerd on August 22, 1686 and is a daughter of Dirk Abrahamszn Bogaert (1657 -1741) from Schoonrewoerd and Ariaantje van Meeuwen.

- Dirk Abrahamszn Bogaert has lived on the Heerlijkheid Rumpt estate for several years.
- Mayke Dirksdr Bogaert married around 1710 to Jasper Augustinuszn from Rumpt.
- He is a son of Augustinus Jasperszn, deacon from 1691 to 1693 and an elder from 1693 onwards in Rumpt.

It is still a mystery why their son Abraham Jasperszn Bogaert (1711 - 1761) was given the mother's surname instead of the father's surname.

- This choice has had major consequences for many in the Schoonrewoerd region.
- Within the family of Abraham Jasperszn Bogaert, the children have both the name Bogaert, Bogaart and Bogert. This phenomenon is not unique in that period

# 16.5 Napoleon Bonaparte

Many people think that we owe our surnames to Napoleon Bonaparte during the French occupation (1799-1815) of the Kingdom of Holland (1806-1810). A misunderstanding.

- At the start of the occupation, most residents in the Netherlands had already a surname.
   Obtained under an unofficial family name assignment system.
- Napoleon Bonaparte made it legally obligatory during the occupation that everyone had to officially have a family name.
- This meant that birth, marriage and death became a legally required registration the municipality.
- Surnames also became hereditary in the form in which they were recorded.

If we think that the family name "**Bogerd**" has existed for centuries and that everyone with this surname is also related to us and everyone with a different game form is not related. Nothing is less true. You may understand this after reading this book.

#### 16.6 Variations on the surname within families

All spellings were used interchangeably

# (in den) Bo (o) g (a)(a)(e) r (d) t (man)

- In the case of the new person registration at the registry office, the civil servant did not always take the difficulty reading the family card correctly, or misheard or incorrectly wrote the name.
- The parent (s) could neither read nor write and what was added to the family card could not be checked anyway. And so a new family name could have arisen.
- There are plenty of examples of families and families with several children have been given different family names than the original family name.

The consequence is that this apparently created another family despite that it concerns, for example, brothers and sisters.

#### 16.7 Willem Casant, the first ancest with the surname Bogerd.

A family name is only a family name if the following generations use this name to keep.

• In the line of Mayke Dircksdr Bogaert and Willem Casant was at the birth of the descendant Peter Bogerd in 1855 that the surname "Bogerd" officially became a surname for this family line.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# Through the ages

# 17 The life and habitat of our ancestors

#### 17.1 Preface

In this chapter you will find an overview of the places of residence in the Beesd-Vianen-Arkel triangle and a short description of these places.

#### 17.2 The habitat and the spread of the surname Bogerd

Our Bogerd family has not been very geographically spread in the Netherlands for centuries and is even limited in the 21<sup>th</sup> century located essentially to the area in the triangle Beesd-Vianen-Arkel. With the current trend of small family compositions (1 or 2 children) and the relatively high number of girls, compared to the past where families with more than 10 children were no exception, there is a risk of the name Bogerd disappearing.

## 17.3 The villages, towns and hamlets in the "Triangle".

The family in den Boogaertman, Bogaert and Bogerd have lived in the triangle from 1540 Beesd, Vianen and Arkel. In this region are mainly Schoonrewoerd, Hoog-Middelkoop, Heikop, Leerdam and Leerbroek have been important as a place of residence.

#### 17.4 De Tol from Leerbroek to Leerdam

# The Tol from Leerbroek On the road to Leerdam



- The village is located on the road from Meerkerk to Leerdam.
- Leerbroek Leerbroek was founded in 1025 by Jan van Arkel.
- And named after the old watercourse "de Leede".
- It was a ford in the river. Broek refers to broekland, which was A piece of low peat land.
- It used to be called Lederbroek

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 17.5 Middelkoop

Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman (1540-1615) moved here from Schoonrewoerd. And here is also his son Theunis Gijsbertszn (in den Boogaertman) later Bogaert (1560-1647) born and also continue to live.

Middelkoop (bottom left of the map) is an extension of Hoogeind, two hamlets, die in 2019 have been absorbed into the Utrecht municipality of De Vijfheerenlanden.

The surrounding hamlets are Lakerveld, Hei- and Boeicop, Schoonrewoerd, Leerbroek, Nieuwland, Weverwijk and Meerkerk. Middelkoop had in 1795 ca 150 inhabitants in 1930 ca 310 inhabitants, and in 2008 ca 380 inhabitants.

What is now called Middelkoop used to be the Middelkooper road as the boundary of the Hoog polder Middelkoop and the polders Hoog Eind, Hoog Leerbroek and Loosdorp.

Around 1850 the name was (Hoog) Middelkooper dijk. Before that they lived in 't Laageind or

Hoogeind van Middelkoop.



Most farms are on the North side of the road "Hoogeind".

From there, the 12<sup>th</sup> century behind peat areas reclaimed.

This was done by digging and mooring of ramparts at the rear of the lot.

This is how countless lots were also called "copen" of approximately equal length and width.

## 17.6 Hei- en Boeicop

#### Birth- en residence v of Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert (1595-1646)

Hei- and Boeicop is named after the two polders (Heicop and Boeicop) between which the village lies.

Until 1289 Hei- and Boeicop belonged to Vianen; then it became independent. And in 2019 a village in the Utrecht municipality of De Vijfheerenlanden.

Hei- en Boeicop is located approximately 1.5 kilometers north-east of Middelkoop and 1.5 km. West of from Schoonrewoerd. Hei- en Boeicop had 980 inhabitants in 2004.

From January 1, 1986, Hei- and Boeicop, Leerbroek, Meerkerk, Lexmond, Ameide, Nieuwland and Tienhoven were merged the municipality of Zederik.

- April 1, 2011, the municipality of Zederik had 13,374 inhabitants and has an area of 76.48 km².
- The municipality of Zederik and the former municipalities are located in the Alblasserwaard And Vijfheerenlanden.
- The name Zederik is derived from the medieval canal "Oude Zederik" that runs through this area.
   It was dug between 1370 and 1373 between Ameide and Meerkerk.
- From 1825 to 1893 the Oude Zederik, together with the Zederikkanaal, was\_part of the Keulse Vaart.

#### 17.7 Schoonrewoerd

Here had lived Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman (1540-1615) as first.

The village of Schoonrewoerd is located between Zijderveld and Leerdam.

It used to be part of the Judicial area of Leerdam.

In addition to Schoonrewoerd, the church village also included the polders Kort Gerecht, Overboeikoop and Overheikoop.

Schoonrewoerd is known for the Schoonrewoerdse Wheel of Bassa.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 17.8 Reclassifications to the municipality of Vijfheerenlanden

The municipalities as they are mentioned in the book, concerning municipalities as they existed before the various reclassifications that took place in the Alblasserwaard and Vijfheerenlanden.

The places below were all independent municipalities with associated hamlets.

And now in 2021, the situation in the Leerdam-Schoonrewoerd and Vianen region is due to the merger of municipalities as follows.

# 17.8.1 Vijfheerenlanden, municipality in the province of Utrecht

This municipality was created in 2019 through a merger of the municipalities of Leerdam, Vianen and Zederik.

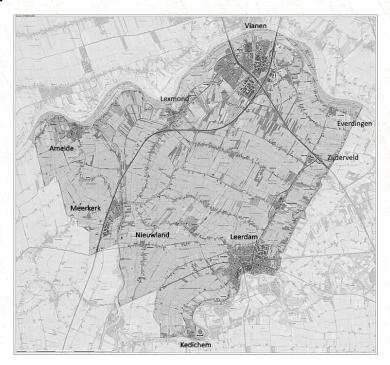
This new municipality also opted to add it to the province of Utrecht.

#### Towns:

Ameide, Leerdam and Vianen

# The municipality of Vijfheerenlanden consists of the following 15 official residences.

- Ameide met buurtschap Sluis
- Everdingen met buurschap Tienhoven
- Hagestein
- Hei- en Boeicop
- Hoef en Haag
- Kedichem met de buurschap Oosterwijk
- Leerbroek met de buurtschappen Middelkoop en Weverwijk
- Leerdam met de buurtschappen Hoogeind en Loosdorp
- Lexmond met de buurtschappen Achthoven, Kortenhoeven en Lakerveld
- Meerkerk met de buurtschap Broek
- Nieuwland met de buurtschappen Achterdijk en Geer
- Schoonrewoerd met de buurschappen Diefdijk, Kortgerecht en Overboeicop en Overheicop
- Tienhoven aan de Lek
- Vianen met de buurtschap Helsdingen
- Zijderveld



14-1-2022

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 17.9 Wheel of Bassa

The Schoonrewoerdse Wheel of Bassa is located on the west side of the Diefdike, approx 1 kilometer east from Schoonrewoerd.

De Wheel is better in the region known as the Wheel of Bassa or the Kruidhofwheel.

The Schoonrewoerdse Wheel was created in 1573 during a dike breach of the Diefdike.

The Schoonrewoerdse Wheel is currently the largest "breakthrough wheel" in the Netherlands. It concerns a pool of approximately 8 meters deep surrounded by narrow reed borders, orchards, meadows and farmyards.

Most of the wheel and surrounding grounds are in owned by the "South-Hollands Landscape", however a considerable part has been leased in the form of a long-term farm lease.

The South-Hollands Landscape owns two monumental buildings here:

The Dordtse Huis and De Kruithof farm.

- See the piece "Special professions in the family" (page 87) about Adriaen van Nuijssenburg from 1650-1665, living on the Leerdamse Diefdike in the house 't Kruythof next to the Dorts Heerenhuis.
  - His position was "Kastelein, an old word for steward, in this case for the Heeren Dijkgraaf and Hoogheemraad
- In 1628, the Kruithof was set up as a guardhouse for the dike guards.

#### 17.10 Zouwe- of Bazeldike en the Diefdike

The "Zouwe- or Bazeldwarsdijk" was constructed in 1277.

A transverse dike is more or less oriented north-south between major rivers.

This dike forms the western border of the Vijfheerenlanden area with the Alblasserwaard area.

This dike had to turn the water from the Vijfheerenlanden that flowed to the Alblasserwaard.

The name Vijfheerenlanden owes its name to the collaboration of the lords of Arkel,

Ter Leede, Hagestein, Everdingen and Vianen.

After 1277 the flooding increased to such an extent The Five Lords decided to take joint measures against the water burden in 1284. They commissioned the construction of "De Diefdike".

The Diefdike is also a transverse dike, built on the existing medieval "thief road" around it low-lying area the Vijfheerenlanden, created by peat clearing and settlement, in protect against flooding from the higher Duchy of Gelre.

De Diefdike could not always turn back the inland waterways.

In 1571 and 1573 the dike broke at Schoonrewoerd, creating a large wheel.

the Wheel of Bassa. The Wheel of Bassa is the largest gully caused by dike breaches in The Netherlands.

In the 18 e century the Diefdike part of the Dutch Waterline. The Diefdike forms Traditionally, and established by law since 1820, the border between Holland and Gelderland. It still serves as a full-fledged (second) flood defense for the Alblasserwaard and the Vijfheerenlanden.

In the first instance the Diefdike had a hydaulic engineer function, but in the 18<sup>th</sup> centrury the Diefdike was also part of the Dutch Waterlinie.

In the 19<sup>the</sup> century were to improve te Waterlinie lochs constructes build to the Diefdike.

In the North, at the junction of the Diefdike to the Lekdike, Fort Everdingen was built and Fort Asperen near Leerdam in the south.

There are several examples that the water was a hazard for the "de Vijfheerenlanden". The Lingedike has been breached several times. is diverse malen doorgebroken.



Waterliniebunker

- The wheel at Asperen was created in 1658.
- The wheel at Kedichem was created in 1809.
- The wheel at Oosterwijk was created in 1820.

These wheels, various orchards and old farms have the Vijfheerenlanden given a certain fame for her landscape beauty.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

17.11

# Govert Goverse in den Boogaertman The family farms in Hoog Oosterwijk and

# The Dike breach by High Oosterwijk in 1820

Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman. for many residents from the Geldermalsen, IJsselstein region, Gorinchem, America and Canada, he is the oldest known ancestor.

- He was born in Schoonrewoerd in 1540 and probably went to live in Hoog-Middelkoop.
   His son Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert was born in 1560 in Hoog-Middelkoop.
- Middelkoop owes its right to exist to the former "Middelkooperweg", which as the boundary served for the Hoog Middelkoop polder and the Hoog Leerbroek polders, Hoogeind and Loosdorp.
- Around 1850 this road became the "Hoog Middelkooper dike".
   The names 't Laageind and Hoogeind van Middelkoop has its origins here.

## Are Govert Goverse in den Boogertman en Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogertman family?

 What has received little attention to date is the fact that several kilometers from Schoonrewoerd and Middelkoop, the area south of the Bruininxdeelse Kade "Hoog Oosterwijk" is located.



Here had Govert Goverse in den Boogaertman (1545), in the 16<sup>the</sup> century in Upper Oosterwijk a farm.

- In the 17<sup>th</sup> century, had two sons and his daughter in this area each has its own farm.
- Below a situation of "Hoog Oosterwijk" after the dike breach and in 2020.
- Furthermore, a descendants overview of Govert Goverse in den Boogaertman.
- A number of names are common in Belgium and Southwest Netherlands.
- Are we possibly talking about "Zuiderburen", who were looking for a politically quiet life in the Netherlands.

The southern part of the Lingedike, "Laag Oosterwijk", was submerged in 1820 by a dike breach.

Just in front of the Walis Verdugt farm, a wheel measuring 2 ½ morning and 70 feet deep was created. The "wheel" now lies at this place.

In the 19 the century held Easterners Wijkse farms, approximately at the Lane van "van Ieperen" and around the glass factory, which then only existed for fifty years. In that area will be few people have lived.

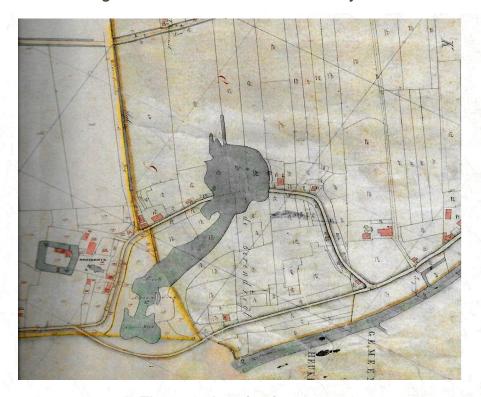
Now, in 2020, the new building project "de Broekgraaf" is being realized by the municipality of Leerdam.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**17.11** sheet 1

# A image of the dike breach near Oosterwijk in 1820



The same location in 2020



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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **17.11** sheet 2

#### 1ste Generaties

**Govert Goverse in den Boogaertman** wa born in 1545 and died on an unknown date. Children of Govert Goverse in den Boogaertman

- Gerrit Goverse (in den Boogaertman) died in 1623 in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.
- ii. 3. Hendrik Goverse (in den Boogaertman) was born in 1585 and died in 1646.
- iii. 4. **Metgen Goverse (in den Boogaertman)** was born in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland and died in 1650 in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.

# 2<sup>de</sup> Generaties (Kinderen)

2. Gerrit Goverse (in den Boogaertman) died in 1623 in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.

Hw married 1<sup>th</sup> Jannetje Cornelise. Jannetje died in 1655 in Leerdam, South Holland. He married 2<sup>nd</sup> Geertjen Cornelise. Geertjen died in 1604 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Children of Gerrit Goverse (in den Boogaertman) and Jannetje Cornelise

- i. 5. Govert Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman).
- Maaeyeken Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman) died in 1655 in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.
- Geertje Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman) was born in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland and died in 1666 in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.

Children of Gerrit Goverse (in den Boogaertman) and Geertjen Cornelise

- Maayken Goverse (in den Boogaertman) was born in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.
- v. 9. **Geertje Goverse (in den Boogaertman)** was born in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.
- 3. Hendrik Goverse (in den Boogaertman) was born in 1585 and died in 1646.

He marriedHendrichien Hermans. Hendrichien died in 1649.

4. **Metgen Goverse (in den Boogaertman)** was born in Hoog Oosterwijk South Holland and died in 1650 in Hoog Oosterwijk, SouthHolland.

She married Pieter Jansz. Pieter Jansz died in 1649.

### 3<sup>de</sup> Generaties (Kleinkinderen)

5. Govert Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman).

Children of Govert Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman)

- i. 10. Anneken Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman).
- ii. 11. Geertruyt Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman).
- 6. **Maaeyeken Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman)** died in 1655 in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland. She married Gysbert Symonas Vermeulen.
- 7. **Geertje Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman)** was born in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland And died in 1666 in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland. She married Jan Rutgers van den Linden.
- 8. **Maayken Goverse (in den Boogaertman)** was born in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland. **Geertje Goverse (in den Boogaertman)** was born in Hoog Oosterwijk, South Holland.

#### 4<sup>de</sup> Generaties (Achter-kleinkinderen)

- 10. Anneken Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman). She married David Thyssen Boelaer.
- 11. Geertruyt Gerrits Goverse (in den Boogaertman). She married Alexander Haenbergh.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 17.12 Leerdam

### Leerdam is first mentioned in 1143 and is mentioned as Ter Lede or Ter Leede.



At that time it was a glory of the Heren van der Lede, a family that sprang from the family of Arkel. The lords have it in their possession until 1305, after which the area comes intotha hands of the Lords of Arkel. In 1382 Leerdam obtains city rights for the 1<sup>th</sup> time from Otto van Arkel.

In 1407 Leerdam obtains the 2<sup>th</sup> time city rights from William VI of Holland.

In 1428 the van Egmond family inherits the area halfway the 15<sup>th</sup> century, and it belongs to the Netherlands and Orange. The river Linge, surrounded by reed walls and a lot water lilies help determine the atmosphere of the landscape.

The Wipmill a the Lingedike and the Leede

Until 1984 it belonged to the polder Vijfheerenlanden.

The rich history of the town of Leerdam can be found in well-preserved historical buildings, such as the Grote Kerk, the Hofje of Mrs. van Aerden, the remaining ones and partially restored city walls of the Southwal and the Old Town Hall.

Of the mills that drained the polders, the tipping mill Ter Leede has been preserved. (see picture)

Otto van Arkel, (1330 - 1396) was lord of Arkel from May 6, 1360 until his death. (see no. 102 page 56)

He was a son of Jan IV van Arkel (1305 - 1377) and Irmengarde van Cleves (1307 - 1362).

Otto was originally second in line, because his older brother Jan died in one horse tournament in Dordrecht 1352.

During Otto's reign the estates were expanded again, so it became a glory Haastrecht was obtained again and Liesveld was added in 1379.

Otto also joined Albrecht of Holland's advisers in 1381. He also made a claim to the County of Cleves after Jan van Kleef, one of Otto's uncle mother Irmengarde, passed away.

However, this county was given to Adolf II van der Mark.

After this there would be a big one enmity arose between the van Arkels and van Kleefs.

City rights were also granted by Otto in 1382 to Gorinchem and Hagestein.

In the following years, Otto focused on getting around the castle Hagestein and the village of Gasperen \* a stronghold to change it into a city, this because he was in constant conflict with the Lords of Vianen.

- These had their area increasingly extensivily to the southwest (Noordeloos, Meerkerk), which means further onland located farms in the region of Arkel became isolated.
- In addition, the lords of Vianen were for the Hoekse party.



Castle Hagestein

Engraving H. Spilman after the drawing by J. de Beijer

Otto van Arkel married Elisabeth de Bar-Pierrepont (+ 1410) in Deventer in 1360, heiress of Theobald van Bar and Lady of Pierrepont. Together they had a son and a later successor.

\* Note:

**Gasperen** was a hamlet in the municipality of Vianen Little is known about its history, except that it originated on the high ground near the river Gaasp. Later it was given the name Hagestein\_.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 18 Willem Casant Bogerd's 10-day campaign

The Ten Day Campaign from August 2 to 12, 1831 was a campaign of the king William I of the Netherlands to suppress the Belgian Revolt with gun violence.

• Although that scheme was successful, Belgium gained its sovereignty through the threat of French military support.

The appointment of Leopold of Saxe-Coburg by the National Congress as King of the Belgians was reason for King William I not to delay military intervention any longer.

He wanted to prevent the new monarch from actually establishing his power

The massive desertion of the Southern Netherlandish soldiers during the Belgian Revolt had stunned king William I and had led to demoralization among the Northern Dutch, so it revolutionary rule could quickly establish its authority over almost the entire south of the kingdom.

However, when a disagreement arose between "Dutch" and "Belgians" about the division of the estate, it was decided King William I once again to try to restore his authority with force of arms.

Because of the ease with which they in 1830 the "Dutch" troops (which by the way had consisted for almost two thirds of "Belgians") were the leaders of the Belgian rebellion has become overconfident. They had not considered the possibility of a serious "Dutch" attack and failed to build up a considerable army.

In the early morning of August 2, 1831, the Dutch drew the North Brabant border at Poppel . Various student companies also supported the army.



Prince of Oranje, the Battle of Ravels op 3/8/1831

For the Belgians, the troop concentration at the border dit not go unnoticed and different roads were made impassable by them by cutting down trees.

The first fighting took place at Nieuwkerk . Commander-in-Chief the Prince of Orange, the later King William II arrived in the area that afternoon at Poppel to support the voluntary Utrecht students.

In the meantime, the place of Zondereigen fell into Dutch hands under the leadership of General Josephus Jacobus Geen and 400 Belgians were driven back to Merksplas.

In Poppel, the Dutch plundered about 4,500 guilders worth of bread, weapons and money.

One by Captain Gevers van Endegeest made drawing of "The Tent of the Superiors Boreel "in the army camp on the heath in Rijen at The height of the Five Oaks during the Ten Days Campaign



### 18.1 The metal cross for the 10-day campaign

As a memento of the military operations of 1830 and 1831, it was ordered by Royal Decree of 12 September 1831 No. 70 The Metal Cross instituted.

- This medal was struck from 2 Belgian guns captured at the battle of Hasselt on 1831. The medal is therefore sometimes also called the Hasselt cross.
- This medal was awarded to Dutch nationals, without distinction of rank, who participated in military operations in the 1830s and 1831.
- Those who received the Cross were also issued a Certificate that they were entitled the Cross was to be carried.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 18.2

# Willem Casant Bogerd

A soldier who fought in Prince William of Orange's 10-day campaign

# Description of the metal cross



The obverse shows a W (this stands for Willem) with above it a crown and on the sides a branch with oak leaves and a branch of lay leaves

The back shows the years 1830-1831 and also the branches with oak leaves and bay leaves, in addition, the text: "faithful to king and fatherland" read on the arms of the cross.

#### The ribbon of the metal cross

The ribbon is blue-orange striped. In addition, there was also a version for non-military personnel, with the difference that the ribbon is greenish yellow striped and the word voluntary on it top cross.



# **Below the Certificate of Willem Casant Bogerd**

With which he is entitled to carry the "The metal cross for the "10-day campaign". He was a drummer with the 2 nd battery of the 4 th department of the mobile South Dutch Schutterij.



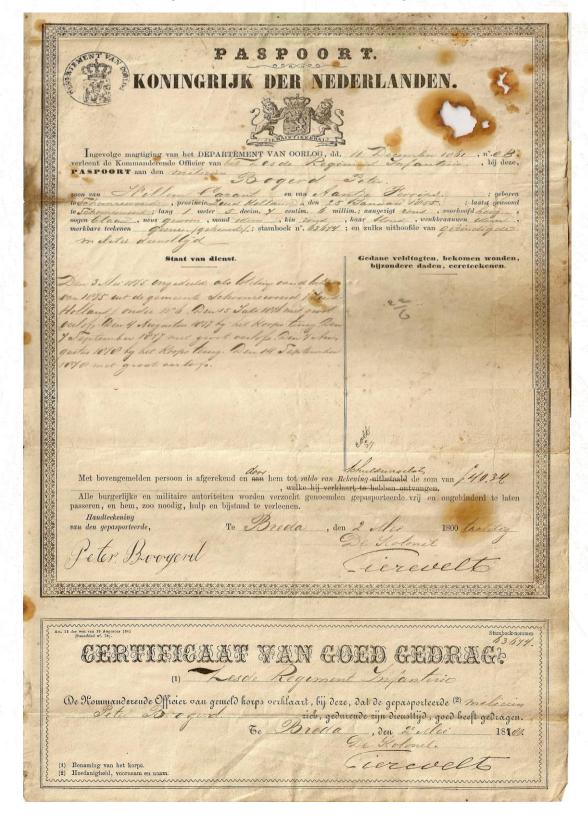
In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 18.3 Peter Bogerd's certificate of Good Conduct

**Peter Bogerd**, son of Willem Casant Bogerd, has a certificate for his military service Received of "Good Behavior". His pocketbook from his service has been preserved. These documents are shown below and on the following pages.

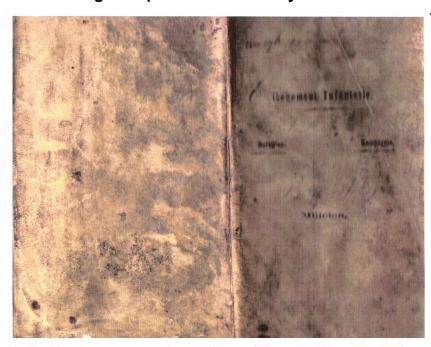
# Peter Bogerd's passport and certiciate of good conduct



In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 18.4 Peter Bogerd's pocketbook of his years of service



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-		2	Handdocken	1	01
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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 19 The living and housing situation in South Holland in the 19th century



The population of South Holland, as in the rest of The Netherlands, in the nineteenth century, increased sharply. It grew by 50 percent between 1800 and 1850, and by 1850 up to 1900 by as much as 75 percent.

This population growth was not caused by growth in the number of births, but due to a decrease in it death rate.

The food supply improved and the number of live births children rose.

**19.1** However, living conditions for the poorest sections of the population were far from ideal.

Until 1874 it was illegal in many cities to build outside the city walls. Soldiers wanted have a free field of fire in case an enemy invades the country.

The consequence was that more and more people had to be accommodated within a limited area housed. This problem was compounded by the fact that the government does not or hardly concerned with housing.

- As a result, many people lived close together in many too small houses.
   In addition, cities in the early nineteenth century had no amenities as running water, sewage or regular waste disposal.
- As a result of these circumstances, several cholera epidemics raged from the 30's of the 19<sup>th</sup> century onward in South Holland the first in 1832 in Scheveningen.
   Pollution and malnutrition caused the disease make many victims, especially under the poorest sections of the population.
- In South Holland, Leiden, Rotterdam and The Hague among others, were badly affected. For example, between 1832 and 1867 there were seven cholera epidemics in Leiden, affecting about 5000 victims. Despite this, the Dutch population grew between 1850 and 1900 from three to five million people, mainly due to the above describeddecline death rate.

However, the government still remained aloof when it came to housing and left it to the speculators. It was only after the Housing Act of 1901 that there was a gradual improvement in the often appalling residential conditions of the impoverished population.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

19.2

# The Society of Benevolence founded April 1, 1818



As mentioned at the beginning of this chapter, the living conditions were for the poorest sections of the population in the 18the century far from ideal.

Not all our ancestors were wealthy, held administrative positions or had their own farm. In many families both the husband and wife were employed, which could be as agricultural laborers, maid, builder and / or builder. In addition, they often had to do their own in addition to their work maintain small-scale livestock and vegetables.

Many ancestors could not keep it up and lost their jobs and income.

Financial aid in some cases from the government was not available at the time.

Several ancestors have been "colonists" in their own country for a longer or shorter period of time. In this "unfree" colony, vagrants and beggars become, depending on the crime for certain time "re-educated" by farmer labor.

# An example of this "unfree re-educattion" is the sad story of Teuntje Bogert and her son Teunis Pieter Bogerd

Teuntje Bogert is the first child of Pieter Bogerd and Maria van Ooijen.

Teuntje was born on December 29, 1805 in Leerdam

She is the unmarried mother of her 1<sup>th</sup> son, Teunis Pieter Bogerd, born on 6-2-1829 in Leerdam. is the unmarried mother of her 2<sup>nd</sup> son Willem Bogerd, born on 29-4-1841 in Leerdam.

Teuntje Bogert married on March 15, 1844 in Leerdam to Pieter Bogerd, born on 3-11-1799 in Zijderveld. Widower of Angenieta A. van Hermelen from Everdingen.

Pieter is the 3th son of William Bogerd and Maagje Goedhart

For some reason Teuntje was placed as a colonist during her marrige in the "unfree" Veenhuizen colony, part of the society of Benevolence.

- Her son Teunis Pieter has also been placed in the unfree colony.
- Both die during the re-education process in the unfree colony of Veenhuizen.
- Teunis Pieter died on March 25, 1846 in Veenhuizen, Drenthe.
- Teuntje died on September 12, 1848 in Veenhuizen, Drenthe.



It will always be an unanswered question why Teuntje and her eldest son had been placed in Veenhuizen shortly after her marriage and also to which they are deceased.



In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 20 Old and special professions and crafts within the family

### 20.1 Hoopmaker, often in combination with a stripscraper.

We find these professions in the lower parts of the rivers, such as in the land of Maas and Waal, around the Biesbosch, in South Holland near Sliedrecht and Schoonrewoerd.

- This profession was often practiced as homework. Both preparing the hoops ('bar' referred to as peeling the hoopwood ('strip scraping').
- The wood for the hoops came from the low truncated willows of the wet fields, from the head trees. The long poles were split in two lengthways with a drawbar or sometimes in threes, with a farce. Dissel and farce are like knives.
- The farce (felling / cutting) of the wood looks visually simple, but is in reality an operation that requires a long training and is physically a great "wrist tax" for the hoop maker. Subsequently, the pilot whale wood is tied to forests.

These forests were brought to the hoop workshop or the home workers and there in the ditch or verge placed next to each other and firmly supported until they could be processed. The chapped sticks were stripped of the bulge with another knife, so that a flat piece of wood was formed.

 With a bending machine, the flat slats were preformed into a round hoop, which on the disc board was inlaid in a size dome '.

The sticks were added after being removed from the bark had been stripped, with the drawbar on the cleft block first split in two, once or twice in threes with the help of a kluft.

The split sticks were trimmed on the cutting bench and finally bent into a hoop on the bending bench and stallion.

One hoop is not the other; a distinction is made between the white and the ordinary. The white hoop has been stripped of the bark, revealing the white inside of the willow tree. To prevent decay, white hoops were placed in a sulfur shed overnight so that the sulfur fumes could penetrate the wood.



On the disc table, the hoops were tied together via discs to a bunch of hoops. The hoops got to destination or size different names.

For example, a distinction was made between kitteband, karreband, herringband, normal barrel tire and heavy red barrel tire.

Per week a skilled hoopmaker manufactured 140 bunches of herring band or 120 forest tonnage or 100 to 120 forest quadruplets.

Socially, the hoop makers were on the border of home industrial and small business owner.

In some areas hoop making took place mainly in winter. In the summer they usually worked in the pilot whales or polder work sought.

Elsewhere (along the dikes of the Merwede) it started making hooping all year round unless it was freezing hard for a long time, because than the wood could not be worked.



It turns out that in this area the smallest types of hoops even come through children were made. Especially for bending there was quite a bit of force with the longer pieces necessary, so that this was the job for the strongest among men.



"One must bend a wicker if it is still delicate" and "It had to curve early, it will be a good hoop "

The willow wood was cut and sheaves and delivered to the hoop makers

The hoop makers work the pilot whale wood and make hoops. These are used to make barrels.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 20.2 The Pauw, flour mill in Groot-Ammers, South-Holland

Anthonie Rekoert born on 25-9-1761 in Dordrecht, he was a miller on the flour mill. De Pauw in Gelkenes, Groot-Ammers.

He was the father-in-law of Elisabeth Aalbertsdr Molenaar, born on 11-2-1802 in Lopik. A descdendant of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.

Algemeen				
databasenr.	1850			
inventarisnr.	237 Boek Molens Alblasserwaard/Vijfheerenlande			
naam/polder/ aanduiding	De Pauw			
standplaats	in de kom van het dorp, Voorstraat 58			
plaats	Groot-Ammers			
gemeente	Molenlanden			
provincie	Zuid-Holland			
locatie	RD X 115908 Y 437555 N 51.925097 O 4.818891 toon op kaart			
streek	Alblasserwaard en de Vijfheerenlanden			
kadaster 1811- 1832	Groot Ammers A (3) 2079 Jan Spruitenberg, koornmolenaar			
gebouwd	1811			
verdwenen	1926 achtkant afgebroken 2004 restant afgebroken			
type	Stellingmolen			
aandrijving	Windmolen			
functie	Korenmolen			
status	Verdwenen MOLEN DATABASE VERDWENEN MOLENS			



In 1811 the mill was transferred by ship from "The Zaan region" where it had served as a beamsaw. From the wooden underside 20 feet was sawed off. The mill was built on a stone subtructure.

- The wooden octagon was demolished in 1925.
- The stone substructure did not disappear until March 2004.
- The whole was meanwhile in very bad condition.
- What remain was the driveway from the dike tot he mill.

A new house has now been built on it, which still bears the name De Pauw.

In the historiography of the Recourt miller family it is stated that Anthonij Recourt From 1811 to 1813 miller was in Groot-Ammers.

Pieter de Leeuw de Bouter sold his flour mill in Ransdorp, North of Amsterdam to the son of Anthonij Recourt, Arij Recourt.

**20.3** Pieter then bought the flour mill of Gelkenes (Groot-Ammers) in 1813 from Recourt.

Together with his son Willem, he remained a flour miller there until 1821. Het pittoreske dorp Ransdorp maakt deel uit van Noord-Amsterdam.

The Ransdorpertoren at Dorpsweg 57 is a tourist attraction.



Ransdorpertoren

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 20.4 Watermiller, Cornelis Bogert & Teuntje van der Leeden (from 1849 till the dead of Teuntje in 1855)

The watermiller took care of the watermanagement of a polder. He ground the polderwater to a higher level or a river.



Recht van Ter Leeden near the Linge

His work was necessary and most welcome, but a product to sell did not yield it.

Others benefited from his work: 'The polder is up to standard the landman's salvation, "the saying went.

In the middle of polders, dikes and waving reeds, not too far away think from the Dutch landscape, were the mills responsible for an important part of watermanagement history of our country and without them would be the low half cannot exist of it.

You could really only be a water miller by years of experience. This profession with its many "tricks" became learned from father to son and "driving" one watermill was therefore often a family tradition.

At a birth or wedding, the wings were decorated with flags and in the "joyful position" put. The water mills were large, but the living quarters were small.

Every year the miller received compensation for his work. On average about NLG 100 per year. A family with many children could not live from this.

But it was very common for a water miller to also keep livestock, set traps for fish and ducks, cultivated his own crops. So a farm near the mill

# 20.5 Tresorier, an occupation of Dirck Jansz van Nuijssenburg van 1559-1566

In 1387 the word "Tresorier" was used for the first time to designate the power station financial officer in The Hague.

For six centuries, this top official has managed to help in the political lee policy forms, that in the Republic by grand pensioners and in our time by ministers at risk before their (political) life was carried out.

Of course, the 14th century treasurer can hardly be compared to his counterpart the treasurergeneral in 1996. At that time, the government's treasury and household treasury belonged to the count one and the same money basket, which was already referred to by the Romans as tax authorities.

Under the Burgundians and Habsburgs the government apparatus was institutionalized and professionalized and there was a Tresorier-general, who, as befits a general, stood above the Tresorier of the beden and also the Tresorier of the domains.

Or the medieval 'prayers' and the 'general petition' of the Republic of the United Netherlands can be regarded as the forerunners of our million dollar bill is still the question, it was in any case the treasurer who drew up the general petition.

Under King William I there was no room for a "Treasurer"; a 'general treasury' was enough. After Thorbecke the situation changed, but it was not until 1909 that the then Administrator of the Treasury General, Ant van Gijn, has regained the title of Treasurer General.

### 20.6 Schepen, an occupation of Dirck Jansz van Nuijssenburg 1558 - 1559

A "Schepen" is a public administrator at the local level. At present, the term is officially only used for administrators within a Belgian municipality or a Luxembourg municipality.

All proportions taken into account, the position of "Schepen" can be compared to the position of "wethouder" like in the federal or regional politics.

The "Schepen" is now a day like a member in "The Mayor and the Board of Aldermen".

The term Alderman was in The Netherlands before 1795 common in village or city administrator. Alderman's bank was the old word for local government, including local jurisdiction.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 20.7 Kastelein, een beroep van Adriaen van Nuijssenburg van 1650-1665

Living on the Leerdamse Diefdike in the Dorts house, the accompanying homestead 't Kruythof.

A "Kastelein" is another word for innkeeper. But also has the meaning of a "steward of lord of the castle".

In the case of Adriaen he was "Kastelein" (steward), of the Heeren Dijkgraaf and Hoogheemraad

In the feudal era a possession such as one becameglory, managed by a "Kastelein" if the gentleman was absent for a long time, for example because he resided on one of his others possessions or rendered services for his feudal lord



The Diefdike coming from Everdingen

In this context, one also uses the term "Kastelein", a word that gradually changes its meaning from "innkeeper". Even nowadays, estates are still going through stewards managed.



De Diefdike Dorts Heerenhuis

A "Steward" manages goods, in particular the real estate of an owner.

This owner can be a private person as well as abe a private or public legal entity.

The modern "Steward" is a broadly educated real estate expert.

In addition to management, stewards advise on the areas of, among other things, land matters, land policy, transfer of ownership, expropriations, compensation, valuation of real estate, fiscal aspects, planning issues, zoning changes and area development.



Hofstede 't Kruythof

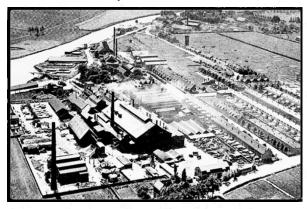
In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 21 Industrialization and entrepreneurship in the 19<sup>th</sup> en 20<sup>th</sup> century

#### 21.1 The industriaal revolution has reach Leerdam

In the period 1875 to 1877 the "Hard Glass Factory" was started on the Lingedike in Leerdam. NV Glass Factory started in Leerdam on 14, 1891.



- Our ancestors were mainly employed in griculture and farming, many of them traded their wooden clogs for work shoes
- Others saw new challenges and opportunities for your own entrepreneurship.
   An example is Gijsbert Donatz.
- Working at the Glass Factory, saw Gijsbert
   Donatz the need for a cool down while working
   at the ovens. He sold for a pair cents of milk etc.
   to his colleagues.

The management of the Glass Factory did not allow this for long and gave Johannes the choice; stop or to get fired.

Johannes continued to work at the Glass Factory for some time, but started with his wife a grocery. In the beginning Bertha did the shop alone, later they did it together. This choice has resulted in a number of things.

## 21.2 The Donatz family shops in Leerdam



- The 1ste grocery store in the Siemensstraat.
- Opposite huisnummer 3, the house of Gijsbert Donatz (1860-1936) and Jantje Karsch.
- Later continued by daughter Kuinira Donatz (1890-1966) and Arie Hendrik van Kleef (1884-1977) under the name "van Kleef".
- De 2<sup>nd</sup> grocery store in the Boëtiusstraat.
   From sonJohannes Donatz (1891-1969)
   and Bertha Maria Bogerd (1892 -1976)
- Later continued by Willem Donatz (1932 2018) and Maaike Maria Bogerd
- Johannes Donatz is standing in front of this shop.





- De 3<sup>th</sup> shop in the Fonteinstraat
- After finishing the grocery shop in the Boëtiusstraat are Willem Donatz and Maaike Maria Bogerd started this delicacy store.
- Maria was working in the store and Willem had found a new challenge in education.
- They have held this store until they reach retired.

Thanks to Willem Donatz and Maaike Maria Bogerd.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 22 Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Leerdam

# Some enterprising descendant About which a few things can be told

These are just a few and certainly not all descendants with their own company. If there are more, let us know and send a story and a photo.

#### 22.1 Leerdam - Vlietskant

Hermanus (Manus) en Manus Versluis. He owned a grocery store.
 Hermanus is married to Krijntje van Houwelingen on Nov 13, 1919 in Arkel, South Holland.
 Together with his brother Hannes, he had a grocery store on the Vlietskant in Leerdam.

#### 22.2 Leerdam

- Cornelis Bogerd. He had a grocery store in the Kerkstraat.
   Cornelis is married to Johanna 't Lam on 6-8-1923 in Leerdam, South Holland. Residential addresses: Kerkstraat, Leerdam; Hoogstraat 37, Schiedam; Havenstraat 55, Hilversum; Singel 34, Nijkerk; Aert van der Goesstraat 23, The Hague, Schevingen.
   At a young age, Cornelis started a grocery store in Kerkstraat in Leerdam
- 2. **Arie Versluis.** He owned a bicycle shop. Arie had a bicycle shop on the corner of the Ruyterstraat and the Tiendweg in Leerdam.
  - Arie's daughter lived with her husband on the other side of the Tiendweg.
- 3. **Cornelis Bogerd.** He had a shoe store owner at 69 Noordwal in Leerdam, South Holland. Cornelis got married on 20-8-1897 with Johanna Leijenaar in Leerdam, South Holland

#### 22.3 Pieter and Maaike had a Flower House at Vlietskant 18 in Leerdam.

Pieter Verhoeks married Maaike Maria Bogerd on Mar 12, 1926 in Leerdam.



# 22.4 Hoopmaking, Hoogstraat Leerdam

**Bas Bogerd** was married to Adriana van Put on Jun 10, 1942 in Leerdam.

That Bastiaan Bogerd and 2 brothers on November 5, 1938 started a hoop making on the Hoogstraat in Leerdam, is something that many probably don't know about.

Possibly that the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War and the strong emergence of "plastic products" have make a premature to the hoop making.



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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**22** sheet 1

# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Leerdam

# 22.5 Maarten Bogerd - Bakery

He had a bakery at Hoogeind 28 in Leerdam.

Maarten was married fort he 1<sup>th</sup> time to Sijgje de Groot on Jul 27, 1899 in Leerbroek, South Holland.

Maarten was married fort he 2<sup>nd</sup> time to Jansje Honsbeek on May 4, Harenkarspel, North Holland.

#### **Teuntje Verbaan**

Teuntje was married to Johannes Bogerd Sep 11, 1919 in Leerbroek, South Holland.

She worked in the bakery shop.

## Jansje Honsbeek

After the dead of Maarten Jansje Honsbeek continued the business for same time.

 But on Apr 18, 1937 notory Brouwer uit Gorinchem, South Holland, holds in Café Kemp at Leerdam on her behalf a public auction through stake and axit.

# Openbare Verkooping

TE LEERDAM.

# NOTARIS A. M. BROUWER

is voornemens op Dinsdagen 6 on 13 April 1937, bij inzet en afslag, telkens des ochtends te 11 uur, in CAFE H. J. D. KEMP te Leerdam, in het openbaar te

# VERKOOPEN:

ten verzoeke van de ERVEN M. BOGERD te Leerdam:

1. Een WOON- en WINKEL-HUIS met SCHUUR en ERF aan het Hoogeind no. 25 te Leerdam, had. Sectie C no. 1494, groot 10 Are. In eigen gebruik.

Grondlasten ± f 15.20.

2. Een PAND, door 2 gezinnen bewoond, met ERF, staande en gelegen naast perc. I. kad. Sectie C no. 1403, groot 9.60 A.

Verhuurd: voorste ged. aan A. den Besten voor f 3.15 en achterste gedeelte aan G. Bulee voor f 2.75, beide per- en bij de week en met inbegrip van waterleiding.

Grondlasten = f 10 --- .

Bij den afslag combinatie der perceelen.

Betaling op Maandag 24 Mei 1937.

Aanvaarding: perceel 1 op 1 Juli 1937 en perc. 2 bij de betaling. Lasten vanaf 1 Januari 1937 voor rekening der koopera.

Op Woensdag 14 April 1937, des voorm. te 10 uur, zullen ten huize van de WED. M. BOGERD. Hoogeind 25 te Leerdam, in het openbaar, om contant geld worden verkocht:

# MEUBILAIRE GOEDEREN,

als tafels, stoelen, kachel, ledikanten me' toebehooren en wat verder ten verkoop zal worden aangeboden.

Nadore inlichtingen te bekomen ten kuntore van voornoemden Notaris, Arkelstraat 56.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**22** sheet 2

# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Leerdam

# 22.6 sheet 1 Marinus Bogerd and Jenneke van Gangelen

They had shops for all household items.

Marinus Bogerd was married on 16-6-1898 in Asperen to Jenneke van Gangelen.



The store for hardware, household items, pots and pans. Vlietskant 16, Leerdam

Marinus Bogerd (1873-1956) stands proud for his shop for hardware, household items such as pots and pans. This property is opposite the business on Vlietskant 11-13 and 15

The old houses Vlietskant 11-13 were the first buildings that Marinus bought to be able to build the "family house" at that location.

He demolished the buildings in about 1914/1917 and had a house built that was special for that time.

It was designed by a French architect with a shop under the house.

Marinus lived here with his family

In this "original family house" his son Marinus (1916) started the business for household items.

The hat gallery is now located here.

The building Vlietskant 15 with the beautiful facade was also bought by Marinus. There is little changed on the facade. Here too, the design was a shop already located under the house.

• This is where his son Jan (1904) started the hardware shop.

Marinus also traded in furniture, see the truck he had purchased for this purpose.

Marinus saw trade in many businesses and had several properties and businesses in his active life. During this period it was a family business. Later on, some children continued on their own.



In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **22.6** sheet 2

# Marinus Bogerd en Jenneke van Gangelen

#### 22.6.1

#### Two sons follow in the footsteps of father Marinus.



- Jan Bogerd (1904), married to Jannigje Maria Zaanen, and they continue the hardware shop together in the property vlietskant 15. (photo right)
- Marinus Bogerd (1916), married to Johanna Cornelia Boogert, starts in the purchased and converted building tot the left of the "original family house" a shop for all household items. (see advertisement)



A son of Jan Bogerd (1904), **Koenraad Bogerd** (1934), starts across the street on Vlietskant 16 also a shop for hardware and household items such as pots and pans.

Koenraad uses the building Vlietskant 15, where Bogerds Hardstore is now located, some as a showroom for fireplaces and stoves.

Another son of Jan Bogerd (1904), **Marinus P. Bogerd** (1935) and his wife Annetje W. de Bruin, continue the hardware shop. In 1987 they also start a hat shop in the building (the original family house) of Marinus Bogerd (1916), after these business for household items and crockery.

#### In 2021

The family properties are still within the Bogerd family and there are still own established family businesses.

# 22.6.2 Two sons of Marinus P. Bogerd (1935) continued the family businesses.

The eldest son continues the hardware shop.

- In the "original building" he has converted the hardware store into a modern DIYstore.
- He has kept the original name:
  - "Bogerd's IJzerhandel", Vlietskant 15



The third son continues the hat shop.

 The hat shop is taken over in 1998 and it will be a modern and well-known gallery with the name:

"Bogerd's Hats Gallery", Vlietskant 11





In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**22** sheet 3

# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Leerdam

# 22.7 Pieter Bogerd and Janna Aria Kooij

Pieter and Janna had a toy/household goods business.

Pieter Bogerd was married on Okt 31, 1923 in Kedichem with Janna Aria Kooij.

They lived on Sep 30, 1925 in Kedichem and moved to the Fonteinstraat nr. 7 in Leerdam South Holland.





Information about:

# The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**22** sheet 4

# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Leerdam

# 22.8 Dirk and Neeltje had a shop for baby articles at Meent 86 te Leerdam.

Dirk Bogerd married Neeltje Verrips on May 18, 1949 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Metje Versluis (1895-1966), widow van Cornelis Prijn (1896-1930) had in de Meent a shop where they sell wool and selling bay abd children's clothing.

It was the middle of the three shop premises on the corner of the Meent opposite the Westwal.

Dirk Bogerd (1922-2020) and his wife

Neeltje Verrips (1926-2017) took over the shop and inventory from widow Prijn.

Wed. C. PRIJN-VERSLUIS

MEENT 86 — LEERDAM

Speciaal adres voor

**BABY-ARTIKELEN** 

Kinderondergoederen, uitzetten van Luiermanden

WOL.

After the takeover, Dirk and Neeltje started living behind the shop while widowed Praise the house inhabited above the shop.

After the death of Metje Versluis in 1966, they moved to live above the store.

After the departure of Mrs. Prijn, the Bogerd family moved into the upstairs apartment.

The shop was run by Nel Verrips while Dirk Bogerd continued to work as a postman and later worked in the accumulator factory Boogstein.

After the sale of the Winkel, she moved to the burgemeester Meesstraat.

#### 22.9 Fransciskus and Maria had a timber trade at Vlietskant 36 in Leerdam.

Franciskus Verhoeks married Maria Bogerd on Nov 6, 1903 in Leerdam.

**HOUT** 

FR. VERHOEKS

ERKEND HOUTHANDELAAR VLIETSKANT 36 — LEERDAM

LEVERT ALLE HOUTSOORTEN,
TRIPLEX, ASPHALT, TEER, CARBOLINEUM,
ENZ. ENZ.

14-1-2022

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**22** sheet 5

# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Leerdam

# 22.10 Johannes and Jenneke had a shop for table and breakfast services at "Noorderpoort", Vlietskant 45, Leerdam.

Johannes Cornelis the Veer married Jenneke van Alphen on Jan 8, 1936 in Leerdam.

# Magazijn

# "De Noorderpoort"

Het vanouds bekende adres brengt U een K E U R C O L L E C T I E TAFEL-, THEE-, ONTBIJTSERVIEZEN GERO-ZILVER, GERO-ZILMETA KOFFERS, DAMESTASSCHEN, KLEIN

LEDERWERK

BYOUTERIEËN, EAU DE COLOGNE'S.

En een groote sorteering
KINDERSPEELGOEDEREN.

Aanbevelend,

J. C. de Veer

They had

"The Warehouse the Noorderpoort"

A shop for collections table services, suitcases, ladies' bags, small leather work, eau de colognes.

And for the younger customers a great sorting children's toys.

On the corner of Noordwal and Vlietskant, opposite Hotel Café Lucullus, Vlietskant 46 in Leerdam.

# 22.11 Accumulator factory, Schaikseweg Leerdam.

**Arend Bogerd** was married to Jantje den Ouden on Sep 18, 1951 in Leerdam.

De Boogstein accumulator factory, established on Jul 1, 1957 At the old address Schaikseweg 2 in Leerdam and sold in 1963. (The Family Fit Muslu will be located in 2020).

Many still know about the existence of Boogstein in Leerdam.



# 22.12 Vrolijks Leerdam Ltd, Loosdorp

Willem Vrolijks is married to Ria Heikoop.

Willem came to Loosdorp in 1984. He buys the Loosdorp plot no. 8.

Vrolijks BV buys the attached plot. Willem and his brother Theo represent Vrolijks Ltd and are both directors. Vrolijks started as an assembly company around 1982.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 23 Entrepreneurship in the 20th century in Schoonrewoerd

#### 23.1 The Bogerd Wooden Clog trade in Schoonrewoerd

Abraham (Bram) Bogerd was married to Engelina Horden on May 1, 1936 in Vianen, Utrecht.

After his profession as a hoop maker, Bram saw more benefit in the sale of clogs, whether or not painted depending on what the customer wanted.

Later they also started selling products for the household, such as lemonade, soap powder and The fuel petroleum. The clog trade was located at Overheicop nummer 15.

His brother Peter Bogerd (see below) initially worked together with Abraham in the clog trade. But later he stops the clog trade and starts his own shoe shop in the Kalverweg nummer 13 in Schoonrewoerd.

# Leen Bogerd and his wife Truus Hoos own the wooden cloq trade in 1979 from their father (-in law) Bram Bogerd overgenomen.

In addition to wearing wooden clogs, there was an increasing need for a different kind type "business shoe". For example, boots, leather clogs and work shoes were added to the product range.

In addition to footwear, work clothing was also sold. But the painted wooden clog always remained in demand and continued to determine a large part of the turnover.

They not only sold in the Viifheerenlanden, but also on the cattle markets in Utrecht and Den Bosch. The Bogerd clog trade was nationally known. Farmers and traders from all provinces bought from Bogerd.

After a major fire in 1997, which destroyed the entire company building, they have the store again built up and continued with the trade.

Due to the foot-and-mouth disease (FMD) crisis in 2001, the livestock markets in Den Bosch and Utrecht. As a result, they also started selling animal products in the store, it turned out eventually On October 1, 2011, they closed the store and retired.

Thanks to Pieter Bogerd (son of Abraham Bogerd) and his wife Ida en den Hartog, daughter Arina and Jacqueline Bogerd, daughter of Leen Bogerd and Truus Hoos.

#### Café en cafetaria te Schoonrewoerd, a family event 23.2

Peter Bogerd was married to Jipkje Spiegelaar On Sep 13, 1944 te Schoonrewoerd.

Peter has been a hoop maker and merchant. He then rents the "Café de Zwaan" from the municipality of Schoonrewoerd on the corner of the Dorpsstraat, Kerkweg, Schaikseweg and Overheicop. It is first managed by his eldest daughters Maja and Ada is done and is then done by his cousins Leendert Bogerd and his brother Wilhelm Bogerd continued.



Peter has started a chip shop next to the cafe.

Wilhelm later expanded the chip shop into a cafeteria and also started a disco.

In the meantime, Wilhelm can buy the business from the municipality.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**23** sheet 1

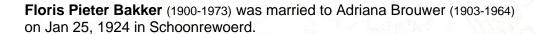
# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Schoonrewoerd

#### 23.3 Fruit trade in Schoonrewoerd, a collaboration of two brothers in law.

The company started mowing for others, buying and selling wood and coal and investing in its own land, renting 20 ha of orchards and its own transport company.

### Two brothers-in-law:

**Arie Brouwer** (1901-1965) was married to Jantje Bos (1895-1989) on May 8, 1923 in Schoonrewoerd.







On May 8, 1923 Arie and Floor decided to start their own company together in. The Schoonrewoerds fruit company was initially located at Overheicop and moved later to Dorpsstraat 1, a rental property of the company Mourik.

In 1972 9 sons and brothers-in-law took over the company in 1972.

# 23.4 Tailor and barber in in Everdingen and Schoonrewoerd

The family Verrips already beginning 19<sup>th</sup> century tailoring and practiced the hairdressing profession. Cornelis Verrips (1794-1858) was born in the Kuilenburgse field, Gelderland and he was married to Aantje Blokland (1791-1832) on Mar 5, 1814 in Meerkerk.

He was barber and tailor.

Aart Verrips (1825-1909) was born in Schoonrewoerd and he married to Dirkje van Aalst (1823-1909) on May 4, 1849 in Schoonrewoerd.

• He was barber and tailor from 1886-1909.

Peter Verrips (1864-1928) was married in Schoonrewoerd and he is married to Antonetta Bogaard (1860-1934) on Jun 24, 1886 in Leerdam.

He was barber and tailor

Dirk Verrips (1895-1984) was married to Anna Bos (1907-2000) on Dec 4, 1934 in Culemborg.

He was barber, tailor and whistleblower in Schoonrewoerd.

In 1946 Dirk stops with the hairdressing profession and goes further with only the tailor's trade.

This brought an end to the "Verrips hairdressing dynasty" after about 125 years.

Dirk Verrips is the only descendant in this series.

Dirk Verrips



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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**23** sheet 2

# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Schoonrewoerd

## 23.5 Leerbroek "The Flying Shears"

The nickname of **Bram Boogert** (1921-1982), originating from Nieuwland. An active and inventive descendant. Bram wasmarried to Marrigje Alting on Jul 19, 1945 in Nieuwland South Holland.

### Bram Boogert had his 1th barber's shop in Leerbroek

This one stood above the ditch along "het Laantjeskampje", the path to the "pastor camp" and to the terp farm of the Verrips family. Next to the Grote Kerk.



Due to new housing construction, the "house" had to go. It was moved across the street from the road, diagonally opposite the Grote Kerk. Again above a ditch, but this time a dry ditch. Between the sexton's house and another farm belonging to the Verrips family.

# Bram ended up having three barber shops.

- On Saturday at the beginning in his parental home and later on the Zijlkade in Nieuwland.
- On Friday in Leerbroek in his "floating barber shop".
- On Thursdays in Schoonrewoerd.

In addition, Bram had an extensive door-to-door practice in Meerkerk, Noordeloos and Goudriaan and the intermediate polders.

In case of illness or infirmety, an appointmetn could always be made in between

Bram, with his white coat and his Volkswagen Beetle with the billboard "Barber" on top of the trunk on a grille in front of the windscreen, was a well-known appearance.

Bram did not come from a hairdressing family, his father worked at "De Hut", the Glass Factory in Leerdam. But it has become a hairdressing family; his eldest brother became a hairdresser in Voorburg and his youngest brother Heindert had a hairdresser's shop in Ameide.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**23** sheet 3

# Entrepreneurship in the 20<sup>th</sup> century in Schoonrewoerd

# 23.6 The van Klei brothers, bakers in the region

### Nicolaas van Klei

Nicolaas was married to Gerritje Willemina Gijsbertha van Dannis op Jan 20, 1910 in Vuren, Gelderland.

In 1909 they took over the bakery of the Kool family at 32 Dorpstraat in Schoonrewoerd.

A major fire in 1911 burned the house and the shop completely off.

After the construction of the new house and bakery they cannot survive on the proceeds of this and had to be partly earned



A bakery as we know it today with various related products did not exist at the time.

#### Bastiaan van Klei

Bastiaan was married to Johanna Cornelia van Lienden in 1909 in Wadenoijen, Gelderland.

• They started a bakery in Kerk-Avezaath, Gelderland.

#### William van Klei

Willem was married to Dirkje Niesje van Klei on Apr 22, 1909 in Leerdam, South Holland.

They started a bakery in Oosterwijk, South Holland.

#### Arie Hendrik van Klei

Arie Hendrik was married to Maria Jozina Verdugton Mar 22, 1917 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

 After he first helped his brother Nicolaas in Schoonrewoerd with the bakery business after the fire got going again, he started his own bakery in Zijderveld, Utrecht. 24.1

#### The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 24 The entrepreneurship of descendants in the 20th century in the Leerdam and Schoonrewoerd region

# A special enterprising descendant Johanna Pietertje (Jo) Bogerd

Widow of Hendrik Jacobus Stuurman and daughter of Nicolaas Bogerd and Johanna Cornelia Kemkes.

An enthusiastic woman, who, at her age of 83, still has her several days a week welcomes customers with great pleasure as if they were visiting her.

She made it clear to me that her talkativeness is a "Bogerd quality".

Bogerden are generally quite talkative.



Not everyone is eager to retire at some age.

When Mrs. Jo Stuurman from Nieuw-Lekkerland had to close her wool shop, she changed her mind not a moment and just started a new store in Streefkerk, South Holland.

For years Mrs. Stuurman had a wool outlet store in a basement

New Lekkerland. At a certain point she no longer got a permit for this and she had to leave.

After looking around a bit, she found a building at 7 Kerkstraat in the nearby town of Streefkerk. She decided to start over, but to keep the old name:

#### The Wolkoopjescellar.

As mentioned, conviviality is paramount.

Ms Stuurman especially wants to make it pleasant for the customers.

Sometimes whole groups of women come to the store and it happens regularly that a group of women are knitting at the coffee table.

Her family is less enthusiastic about the new store. They think that I am at home at my age should sit down. But I still feel fit, so why not? "

Thanks to her grandson she is "completely up to date"; he has created a webshop.



The Woolbargaincellar, Streefkerk

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 24 sheet 1 The entrepreneurship of descendants in the 20th century in the Leerdam and Schoonrewoerd region

**24.2 Jan Willem Kooijman**, was born on Feb 28, in Vianen, Utrecht and died on May 12, 2021. A respectable age of 98 years.

Son of Govert Kooijman and Johanna Willemina van Triet.

He was married to Anna Geertruida Westra on Aug 26, 1948 in Rotterdam.

A descendant who wanted to learn more and more and was not afraid to break new ground because he knew exactly what he wanted to achieve.

At a later age he started to follow a university education.

His work therefore shows his versatility.



Together with his two brothers, Jan Willem ran an accounting and tax consultancy firm established.

But his interest lay more in tangible matters than legal matters, sometimes elusive.

#### 2. Designer and shipbuilder

- Around 1962 he founded a yacht building office and concentrated on designing and building traditional round and flat-bottomed yachts.
- In 1965 he founded the shipyard Kooijman & de Vries in Deil at the Linge together with S. de Vries.

In the list of ships of the foundation Pedigree Round and Flat Bottom Yachts it is stated, that of registered ships built between 1960 and 1980, 40% come, belongs to the former shipyard Kooijman & de Vries from Deil at the Linge, Gelderland.

That's 97 out of 249. To take a few; de Grundel, de Hoogaard, de Schokker, the Staverse Jol, the Volenhovense- and Enkhuizerbol, and the Zeeland Schouw.

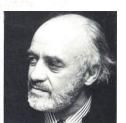
- In Heech at Mar in Friesland they had a second shipyard for repairs, maintenance and rental company was established to provide better support to customers.
- Ships of Kooijman & deVries, older than 40 years, are now part of the National Heritage.

#### 3. Writer

In three books Jan Willem shows how pleasant and good you can sail with flat-bottomed boats. He also shows how the combination of skipper and ship can be optimized, with as a result, better performance becomes possible.

- Sailing with flat-bottomed boats.
   In the 1<sup>th</sup> book, Jan Willem focuses on practical matters fors hip and rigging.
- Better sailing with flat-bottomed boats is a sequel to the book Sailing with flat-bottomed boats, the second book focuses on the art of sailing.
- The flat land and the sail is a sequel tot he first two books and further descusses about sailing with flat-bottomed boats.

His great love for flat-bottomed boats and his important contribution to the increased popularity of the traditional flat-bottomed boat in the Netherlands, was rewarded on 29-4-2003 in Wijk bij Duurstede; Jan Willem Kooijman was appointed **Knight in the Order of Oranje-Nassau**.



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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 24 sheet 2 The entrepreneurship of descendants in the 20th century outside the Leerdam and Schoonrewoerd region

#### 24.3 Ameide

Johannis Gerrit Diepenhorst. He was a stable keeper and hotel keeper.
 Johannis Gerrit is married to Neelje de With on January 23, 1891 in Ameide, South Holland.
 He was Carter until 1894, from 1894 Barkeeper, from 1896 and from 1896 Hotel keeper.

#### 24.4 Arkel

Leendert Versluis. He had a liquor store
 Leendert was married to Aartje Bos on Dec 23, 1920 in Arkel, South Holland.

#### 24.5 Roermond

 Arie Bogerd. He had a shoe store on the Varkensmarkt 3.
 Arie was married to Martha Theodora of Deventeron May 16, 1940 in Roermond, Limburg.



#### 24.6 Utrecht

- Leendert Bogerd. Hij had a cigar shop at the Amsterdamsestraatweg nr. 95.
  Leendert was married to Neeltje Francina of Gamerenon Jul 15, 1942 in
  Zaltbommel. Gelderland.
  - Neeltje has work from 1945 to 1960 in the chocolate shop "Indo" at the Amsterdamse Straatweg No. 80 in Utrecht.
  - When failed to buy this shop, they are one cigar shop started across the street from "the road".
  - Neeltje was in the shop from early in the morning until 7 in the evening.

The shop had a good reputation and was known throughout Utrecht



# The entrepreneurship of descendants in the 21st century in the Leerdam and Schoonrewoerd region

Some entrepreneurial initiatives within the "younger genereations".

These are just three "young entrepreneurs" with whom I have been in contact. But without a doubt there are many more. We will probably find out who they are.

- 1. **Bram Bogerd** and Amporn **Divingschool** Thailand, Khao Lak
  - Son of Wilhelm Bogerd and Maaike Nueman
- 2. Ad Bogerd and Jolanda Restaurant North Brabant, Lage Zwaluwe
  - Son of Dirk Bogerd and Roeltje Geertje van der Heiden
- 3. **Jaap Bogerd** and Thea **Health Center** Gelderland, Asperen
  - Son of Jacobus Bogerd en Aaltje Hol

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

Ancestry for American and Canadia Descendants.

# Descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman

8

# New Netherland

Loundes in 1625

# Located on the Norst East Coast Of the current United States of America



In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

26

# The 17<sup>th</sup> century

# **Emigration through the ages**

# The BOGAERT / Bogart Family

The foundation of New Netherlands
The Dutch name of the current state of New York

#### De Bogaert-pioneersin New Netherland

(America - New York)



# The pioneers of the family in New Netherland

The pioneers are three cousins and a brother of Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert (geb.1631)

# In the period 1640 – 1657 to New Netherland

- 1. Cornelis Corneliszn Bogaert from Albany, (geb.1630), son of Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert
- 2. Gijsbert Cornelisz Bogaert from Catskill, (geb.1628), son of Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert

#### In 1652 to New Netherland

3. **Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert** from Brooklyn (geb.1632), son of Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert And brother of Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert

#### In 1663 to New Netherland

4. Jan Laurens Bogaert from Harlem, (geb.1625), son of Louw Theuniszn Bogaert

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman

1540 - 1615

#### Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert In den Boogaertman

1560 - 1647

- 1 CornelisTheuniszn Bogaert
- 2 Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert
- 3 Louw Theunisz Bogaert

# Cornelis Theuniszn Bogaert

1590 - 1640

- 1 Gijsbert Cornelisz in 1640 > Catskill Greene County, NewYork
- 3 Geertjien Cornelise
- 2 Cornelius Cornelisz In 1640 > Albany NY
- 4 Jannetjien Cornelise

#### Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert

1595 - 1646

- 1 Aalkien Gijsbertse
- 2 Neeltjien Gijsbertse
- 3 Abraham Gijsbertszn
- 4 Theunis Gijsbertszn in 1652 > Brooklyn, Queens New York
- 5 Adrian Bogaert

#### **Louw Theuniszn Bogaert**

1598 - 1670

- 1 Cornelius Laurens
- 2 Jan Laurens Bogaert in 1663 > Bedford Westchester County, New York Magistraat Harlem Branch
- 3 Maria Laurens

# Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert

\* Heikop 1632 + New York 1699 Huwt Sarha Rapalje op 19-8-1654

- 1 Aertje Teunise
- 2 Catalyna Teunise
- 3 Neeltje Teunise
- 4 Aeltje Teunise
- 5 Annetje Teunise
- 6 Gijsbert Teuniszn Bogaert

#### Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert

\* Heikop 1631 + Heikop 1699

- 1 Dirk Abrahamszn
- 2 Aeltjien Abrahamse
- 3 Dirkje Abrahamse
- 4 Neeltje Abrahamse
- 5Thomas Abrahamse

#### **Dirk Abrahamszn Bogaert**

1657 - 1741

1 Mayke Dircksdr Bogaert

#### Mayke Dircksdr Bogaert

1686 - 1740

Married in Schoonrewoerd Jasper Augustinusz from Rumpt 1 Abraham Jasperszn Bogaert 1711 - 1761

**Abraham Jasperszn Bogaert** married to Jenneke de Lange author - writer

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### The foundation of New Netherlands

#### 26.1 Why emigrate to a new country

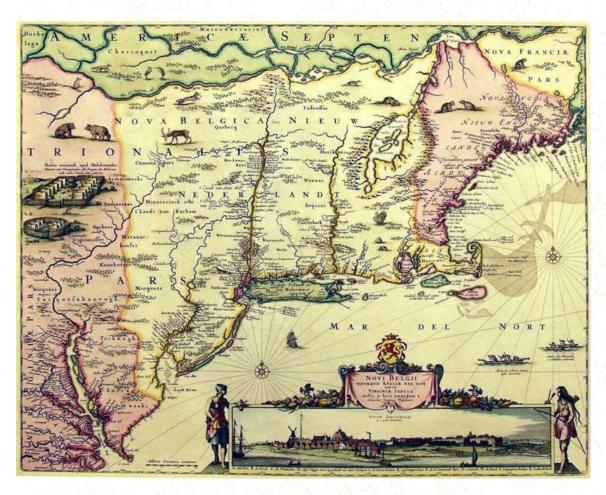
A short introduction to the situation in Europe and in the Netherlands in particular. The circumstances and life expectancy in Holland around the period of the new colonization were bad.

This was also the reason that the population was willing to look elsewhere.

- Religious intolerance and unrest within Europe after the Reformation, may have been responsible for this, especially in the smaller places where the faith was still prominent.
- For several generations prior to our family's move to America, agriculture was the main means of livelihood in Holland, this was also the case in America around 1850.

# 26.2 The Dutch United East India Compagny - VOC and Henry Hudson

This map by N.J. Visscher from 1650/1651 is based on a documented map, compiled by Adriaem van der Donck in 1648. this is the 2<sup>nd</sup> map (1652) which Fort Kasimier mentions



It started in the year 1602 as a group of enterprising business people in the city of Amsterdam Founding "the United East India Company", or VOC for short.

The aim was to stimulate voyages of discovery to shorten routes to the Far East find and establish a trade network in the Asian region. This was a great success.

Many years prior to that time, numerous futile efforts had been made by the English, the French, the Spanish and the Portuguese to discover shorter and practical itineraries.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 26.3 Henry Hudson:



The Dutch East India Company rested in March 1609 the ship "De Halve Maan" for the exploitation of the new routes, for transporting great treasures of gold to European countries, silver, silk, spices, etc., which are abundant in the Far East goods.

Hendrick Hudson, an Englishman, was hired as captain the ship. The crew consisted of ten English and ten Dutch.

Hudson set out from Holland in a northerly direction along the Siberian coast, but conditions forced him to take a different direction.

He then followed a more northerly direction, crossing the Atlantic Ocean. Rather than finding a shorter route to the Far East, he landed on the coast of North America, and five years later, on October 11, 1614, it was officially New Netherlands.

#### In the same year, a fort was built at present-day Albany, New York

It was here where the first settlement took place after Hudson's navigation on the river gave its name wear. And it was here where the first permanent settlement of a Dutch colony took place.

New Amsterdam was the name of the seventeenth century fortified settlement in the province of New Netherland would later evolve into what is now New York City.

At that time, New Amsterdam consisted of a few rough huts on the lower end of Manhattan Island. This one settlement was used by the fur traders for the lucrative profitable business in the upper part of the Hudson Valley



There were rumors in Holland around 1620 that a certain English priest, who lived in Leiden, attempted to fund four hundred English families.

John Robinson, an Englishman, sent the "Mayflower" from Leiden in 1620.

- There is an old tradition, although its reliability can be questioned, that the captain of the ship was "forced" to change course after departure from Holland.
- He anchored the ship in Plymouth Bay instead of Hudson Bay river, as agreed.
   As a result, Nieuw Amsterdam lost the opportunity to pass through the "Pilgrim Fathers" to be founded, who were eloquent in the Dutch language.



De vroegte afbeelding van het Nederlandse Manhattan, twee jaar na de aankoop van Peter Minist, waarop het foet, de windmolen en een aantal buisen zichtbaar zijn. De aanwenigheid van indianen is nog boel gewoon, (NewYork State Libury)

This Dutch province was located between Cape Hinlopen

just south of the South River (today's Delaware river) and east of the "Versche river" (the present-day Connecticut River), with in the middle the Mauritius River, North River or Great River (the Hudson).

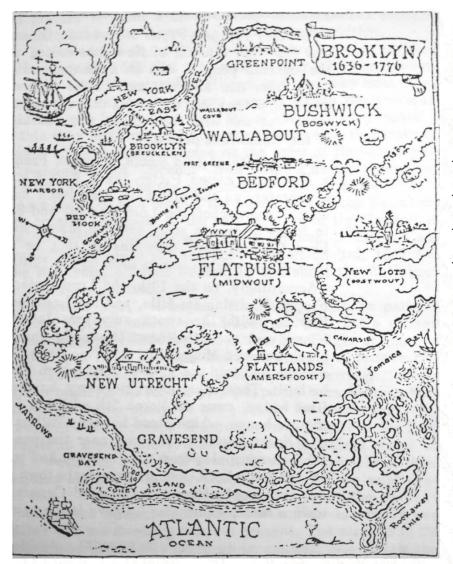
The area is located in today's New states, York, Delaware, Connecticut and New Jersey. From there many communities were founded in the area.

Within twenty-five years of the settlement of New Amsterdam, the colony had expanded into Staten Island, Long Island, New Jersey, Westchester Country, New York, along the shores of the Hudson River, and even as far as Connecticut to the Harford settlement, where they settled despite the fact that they received little support and they themselves had few resources to support themselves protect against the Indians.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 26.4 West Map of Long Island - Brooklyn, New York



# Population of Brooklyn (Breukelen) in 1667

- 1	Brooklyn-village	171
-	Flatbush	148
- \	Flatlands	53
<u> </u>	Buschwick	85

These numbers are inclusive some black slaves

Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert and his in-laws Rapalje have settled in the region Bushwick, Wallabout. The Dutch Reformed Church of Brooklyn-Flatbush (Midwout) and Teunis Gijsbertsz Bogaert

- On October 13, 1654, Governor Stuyvesant signed a statement by which Reverend Johannes
  Theodorus Polhemus was allowed to preach in Flatbush (formerly Midwout).
   There was no church yet and the services took place in a barn.
- Reverend Polhemus's son, Theodorus, was married to Aertje Teunise Bogaert (1625-1685), a daughter of Theunis Gijsbertsz Bogaert and Sarah (Joris) Rapalje.
- On Feb 9, 1654 a parish was established in Flatbush (Midwout).

For many successful years, the first Dutch pioneers have settled in the western part from Long Island. Until 1654 they depended on New Amsterdam for spiritual and civil services.

Translated from The Bogart Family by John Albert Bogart

26.5

#### The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

In relation to the descendants of

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#### The properties of Theunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert (geb. 1632)

#### 26.5.1 Wood is Gold

Before the history of the possession of Teunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert in Bushwick and Wallabout (Bedford) in Brooklyn to discuss, it might be a good thing to tell about the magnitude of this country.

If we take a look at a current map of Brooklyn with its many streets on the former grounds of Theunis have appeared, one may be impressed by the size, which equal to 75 residential complexes or equal to the "Prospect Park (585-acre 2.37 km²/ 237 ha)

Teunis Gijsbert used from his 1st property, consisting of pristine grounds with meadows, hills and forests, a relatively small proportion.

Most of his property consisted of forests. He was well off with the proceeds life; due to the great need for housing, there was a lot of demand for timber.

His business consisted of one hundred acres of land at Bedford, Brooklyn was awarded on October 24, 1654 by Governor Pieter Stuyvensant to him and Aert Anthonisz Middagh (1629-1687), husband of Breckje Hanse Bergen).

Aert Anthonisz is a son of Anthonie Aertse Middagh from Middelcoop, South Holland. In American documents Aert is called Aert Theunisz Middagh.



excellent condition, is a part of a collection historical records in King Country Hall in Brooklyn.

Despite the fact that this award was not registered.

This original document, drawn up in Dutch and still in

Despite the fact that this award was not registered (this happen more often in those days), however, the document was the proof that Theunis Gijsbertzn and Aert Middagh own on Long Island "Cripplebosch" a piece of land, an area adjacent to the property from Joris Jansen Rapalje, the later father-in-law of Teunis Gijsbertzn, which was known as the Farm "Folkert van Rapalje" in Wallabout"

K ing Country Hall Brooklyn (later Bedford)

# 26.5.2 The 1<sup>th</sup> property in Bedford, Brooklyn, New York.

This area was by Gouverneur **Peter Stuyvesant** assigned to

- Teunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert and Aert Anthonisz Middagh
- Aert Anthonisz Middagh was married to Breckje Hansen Bergen, a daughter of one previous marriage of Sarah Rapalje, the wife from Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert.



#### 26.5.3 Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert's signature for his election as magistrate.

April 4, 1667 - "Election of Barent Gerritsen for Constuble and Gysberts Tonnis (Tunis Gysbert) Bogaert, Harmen Steppe, Joost Cockhuyt (Cronkite) and Koert Morits (Van Hoesen) for Magistrates on April 4, 1667."

Facsimilie of signature of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert

In relation to the descendants of

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#### 26.5.4 Ownership disputes between the family Rapalje and Bogaert

It is clear that the family came into possession of these lands no later than 1868, although the history of this is no longer traceable. Only in wills are parts of these grounds mentioned, but most of it has previously been "disposed of".

Teunis Gijsbert's **2**<sup>th</sup> **property** was in the region "Bergen", this was awarded to him by Governor Kieft awarded in 1667.

It consisted of 400 acres also in Wallabout, originally awarded in 1647 to *Hans Hansen Bergen* (the 1<sup>th</sup> husband of his wife Sarah Rapalje).

These lands were partly in Brooklyn and partly in Bushwick as shown on the map of General Jeremiah Johnson, James Scholes and Abraham Remsen.

The card leaves, however only see the western part of the "original 1st award in 1647 to Bergen"

In "Historical Families of America" by William Almy, a story of an incident is reported from a former Brooklyn newspaper.

After a happy year, Sarah got the idea to start a boarding house and even took a step furthermore, she wanted a tax exemption because she wanted the good old days back.

She was referring to a ruling of the Council of Governors in 1656, setting grounds as large 400 acres, adjacent to her farm in which she lived, are also awarded to her.

Sarah complained that certain neighbors were using this land, constantly plowing the pastures and mowing were. She felt that possession of the adjoining land had been awarded to her by Governor Kieft and for the reason that she was a widow in charge of seven children.

If the council granted her the 400 acres and lowered the tax, she could go on living again.

The widow got her 400 acres but the tax cut was not granted.

In 1664 the English entered the lower bay of New York and demanded its surrender Stuyvesant. As soon as the English "relieved" the Dutch of their worries about their American possessions, Richard Nicolls began nationwide property registration.

The "good old Mrs. Bogaert" had at registration the 400 acres that belonged to the children of Hans Hansen Bergen, to her husband Theunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert and herself assigned.

No documents have been found showing that the "Bergen children" ever owned them got back.

#### 26.5.5 The entire land ownership of Teunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert projected on Google-maps.

The Bedford land property in Brooklyn, New York, assigned in 1654 by Governor Peter Stuyvesant to Teunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert and Aert Theunisz Middagh (bottom right)

The land of the Teunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert in Wallabout, Bushwick, Brooklyn, New York, assigned in 1667 by Governor Kieft to Teunis Gijsbertsz Bogaert. (top left)

The assets of Thaenisz Gijsberttsz Bogaert would have been approximately €2 million converted to 2020.



Google-map anno 2020 Brooklyn-New-York

In relation to the descendants of

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# The 20th century

# 26.5.6 The Williamsburgh Housing Wallabout, Brooklyn New York

In the period 1936 to 1938, the former property of Teunis Gijsbertsz Bogaert and Aert Theunisz Middagh from Schoonrewoerd built "The Williamsburg Houses".

Originally called "Ten Eyck Houses", these houses were considered the best and most expensive public housing ever built in New York.

This housing project was opened in 1938 by President Franklin D. Roosevelt.

President Franklin Delano Roosevelt was married to Anna Eleanor Roosevelt.

She is a descendant of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman



- The buildings include semi-private spaces for both passive and active recreation.
- Reinforced concrete and brick structures become interrupted by walkways that are consecutive connecting courtyards by portals with stairs and columns.
- The apartments / flats are accessible without making use of corridors but through an access system directly from the stairwells.



- The new aluminum double windows are an alternative that unfortunately deteriorates rapidly.
- Stripped of its original stonework and accentuated by blue tiles, the renovation appears to have given the architecture of Williamsburg housing a second life.

#### 26.6 Het Bogart-Island

The Cabbage-, Bogart-, Beacon- archipelago and Westerlo Island near Beverwijk (now Albany-New York) on the Hudson projected on the Google map in 2020

Bogart – Island near Beverwijk Albany New York Anno 2020

See further next page

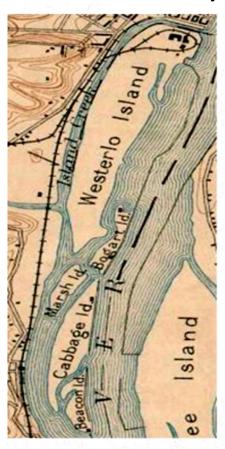


In relation to the descendants of

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#### **26.6** sheet 1

# Bogart-, Cabbage-, Marshall- and Westerlo Island, near Beverwijck / Albany - New York ca.1600



Across the Hudson from Albany is Rennselaer, this one was the special historical location of Rennselaerwijck, where many Dutch families settled, among them:

Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert, cousin of Tunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert of Brooklyn, who is the prominent branch of Albany from our family member.

Sarah Rapalje was also born here. (see next page).

The charter of Dongen from 1686, showing Albany as a city set the southern boundary as the northern end of "Marte Gerrite island", this place used to be like Westerlo island.

What is now referred to as "Westerlo Island" were once 5 separate islands; the Castle / Westerlo Island, the Cabbage Island, The Bogart Island, the Marsh (all) Island, and the Beacon Island. In 1540 the French merchants of "New France" built a Castle on the Westerlo / Castle Island, but because of a flooding, the castle

The Dutch rebuilt the "French Castle".

was abandoned a year later.

The Westerlo Island was for this reason by the Dutch also called the "Castle Island".

This Dutch castle was called Fort Nassau and stood in 1614 Commanded by Hendrick Corstiaensen, but became in 1617 it destroyed again by flooding.

# 26.7 In 1624 a trading post was built on this site by the West-Indische Compagnie (WIC) for the fur trade, a wooden fortress called "Fort Orange".



The island was divided into farms around 1640 rental basis from owner Resselaerswyck. The first farm on the Castle Island. Called "Resselaersburgh". North of Fort Orange (upstream) the Beverwijck settlement was created by the English changed to Albany in 1664.

At that time Albany had about 1050 inhabitants of which approximately 700 Dutch and approximately 150 Germans.

This memorial stone is located in the state park University of New York at the Broadway at Albany.

At the location of the Fort Orange is located in 2020 in the vicinity of a large traffic circle.



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#### 26.8 The Rapalje's in-laws, one of the 1th pioneers, of Theunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert

Between 1611 and 1613, three boat trips on the Hudson were carried out on behalf of the New Netherland Company.

Between 1611 and 1613, 3 boat trips on the Hudson.

After this, this company obtained a patent for four years until its dissolution in 1621. In 1624 The Dutch West India Company was given jurisdiction over the area.

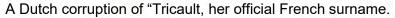
In that year the ship the "Nieuwe Nederland" sails from Holland under the leadership of Cornelus Jacobsen Mey to the new land with the first group, Walloon settlers. Of these, 18 families were brought upstream to Fort Orange.

Joris Jans Rapalje, born on April 28, 1604 in Valenciennes, Belgium and his wife Catalina Trico belonged also among the first pioneers on the "New Netherlands".

He belonged to the Council of Twelve Men. that Governor Willem Kieft advised on dealing with the Indians.

Sarah (Joris) Rapalje 's parents are married in the Walloon Church in Amsterdam on January 21, 1624.

Her mother is always with her in official documents maiden name "Trico" mentioned.



The name Rapalje is a corruption of the French word "Rapareillet".

They belonged to the aforementioned 18 families who stayed on board in New Amsterdam to sail another 400 kilometers upstream to Fort Orange.

Later the settlement of Beverwijck, now the city of Albany, is developing.



The first European, Christian woman, born in New Netherland. She was born July 9, 1625 in Fort Orange.

Albany is the capital of the state of New York. The city is located to the east of the state in Albany County, of which it is the capital and located north of the city New York, where the rivers Mohawk and Hudson get together.

Albany was United in 1624 by the Republic of the Seven The Netherlands was founded as Fort Oranje, to replace Fort Nassau which was founded in 1615.

It was mainly a trading post where mainly beaver pelts were bought from the indigenous population. Actually arose the city in 1647 near the fortress; the city then became Beverwijck baptized and was the second city of New Netherland after New Amsterdam.



A farm of the family Rapalje

Fort Oranje (Albany) ca. 1640

The founder was Brant van Slichtenhorst

In 1660 the city had 1050 inhabitants. There was a ring of wooden palisades around the city. Fort Orange -1695 - Beverwijck In 1664 the fort was named Albany.



In 1940 the State Education Department established one memorial on in memory of Sarah. This is located in the park for the Delaware & Hudson RR Close by is the place of the " Rapalje Homes "

In 1626 the Rapalje family returned to New York, Lower Manhattan, where they had a farm for a few years and later an inn / tap house started close to Fort Amsterdam.

Later they resettled as "Herenboeren" in Wallabout, Brooklyn. Corner of Crystal Belmont Avenue in Wallabout, Brooklyn, New York

Het Rapalje house

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#### In relation to the descendants of

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#### 26.9 Jan Laurens Bogaert, (1625-1708), son of Louw Theunisz Bogaert

Jan Laurens and his wife Cornelia Anna Everts arrive with the New Netherland on April 16, 1663 or the Pied Cow via Redford to Harlem-Manhattan-New York.

- He buy a farm at the foot of 235th East E Street and the East River Manhantan
- He was a magistrate in Harlem, Westchester County, New York.

In the will of Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem, dated September 6, 1672, drawn up in Bedford Brooklyn, where he settled before moving to Harlem, he mentioned Theunis Gijsbertzn Bogaert from Brooklyn as executor.

In addition to their share of their grandfather's inheritance, Cornelius Cornelisz and his brother shared Gijsbert Cornelisz also in the legacy of their father, Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert, as before described.

There does not seem to be any mention of the arrangement of Theunis Gijsbertz Bogaert's property, although Theunis Gijsberts owns a plot of land in Heikop to his brother Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert in 1661, while Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert was in Brooklyn.

 The transfer was handled by proxy from Aert Theuniszn Middagh, married to Breckje Hanse Bergen and an early settler from Brooklyn who visited the Netherlands that year.
 He was a brother of Gijsbert Theuniszn Middagh (1626) who was married to Neeltjien Gijsbertse Bogaert, both stayed in The Netherlands

In the above document, Jan Laurens Bogaert (Harlem) is the grandchild of Theunis Gijsbertszn not mentioned in the Bogaertman.

 However, reference is made to Jan's father, Louw Theuniszn Bogaert and to Jan's nephews, Cornelius Corneliszn and Gijsbert Corneliszn, who according to the deed of sale on were minor orphans at that time, and also to his cousin Theunis Gijsbertszn who was in Brooklyn that year.

The account of the other two grandsons, namely Cornelis Laurens Bogaert and Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert, and six granddaughters who had all stayed in the Netherlands, became found in 1710.

#### 20.10 Cornelis Corneliszn Bogaert, (1630-1665), son of Cornelis Theunisz Bogaert.

Cornelis Corneliszn Bogaert has joined his wife Dirkje Pieterse (Dorothy) Coeymans Established in Albany New York in 1640.

- Cornelis and his wife buy a house and land from Jan Barentsen Wempe on April 22, 1661.
- On July 29, 1661 they also buy land from Barent van Marle. It is not certain to what extent the purchase was successful, the papers were not filled in correctly.
- On September 3, 1661 his brother Gijsbert Cornelis was in Cattskill and gave Cornelis his inheritance from their father Cornelis Theunisz concerning the property in Schoonrewoerd.

In relation to the descendants of

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#### 27 King William I and the value and place of faith in the Netherlands

#### Reasons to look for a better future outside the Netherlands

27.1 Was the reason in the 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> century often poverty reason for searching a better life in New Netherland.

Documents show that various ancestors made land and money available to the community to build churches.

Many ancestors have also held positions within the church over the centuries.

Throughout the centuries, faith has been of great importance to our ancestors.

This was no different among the first pioneers in New Netherland than for their families in the native country.

In 1816 in the "old homeland" the preservation of one's own religious beliefs became a problem. For many, it was ultimately a reason to emigrate to America as well.

# A special group of emigrants from the Netherlands to America



King William I had, following the example of the Church of England, of which the English monarch was the head, the main denomination of the former Dutch Republic "reformed".

On January 7, 1816, a new church order was approved by royal decree, the so-called "General Regulations". The "apparent separation" between the Church and the State became because of this regularly. From that moment on, the Nederduitsche Gereformeerde Kerk was called the Dutch Reformed Church.

King Willem I

At the head of this Church was King William I and it was intended that this Church had to be "State belief" for the new Dutch Kingdom.

This equalization provoked a lot of resistance among the Dutch believers.

Not only in the "new southern parts of the country", but also in the traditional Catholic north.

The "King and Elector" William I declared the "so-called Reformed Churches" illegal and took countermeasures.

An old Napoleonic law was being dusted, those gatherings of banned more than 20 people; pastors were arrested and believers who lived in their house or barn made available to hold church services were severely punished.

The army was deployed to bring the rebellious "apostates" back to the "State belief".

To intimidate them, soldiers were billeted with Reformed believers all over the country. Despite this repression, the number of adherents grew by the thousands at a time and all would resources used can no longer prevent the split-off from being reversed turn into.

Many descendants from the region Geldermalsen-Vianen Gorinchem are in the 19 the century immigrated to America fort their religious freedom.

In the Pella region, many of them have built a new life while preserving their religion.

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#### 27.2 What does "Pella" mean

The name Pella is a reference to Pella of the Decapolis, where the Christians of Jerusalem had found refuge during the Roman-Jewish War of AD 70.

• The Decapolis was a group of ten cities on the eastern border of the Roman Empire

#### 27.3 Why Pella, Marion County, Iowa

In 1816 the Reformed Church in the Netherlands was almost a state church. (See King William I, no. 27). **Hendrik Peter Scholte** (1805-1868) was one of the initiators of the secession in 1834, an ecclesiastical movement that eventually led to an independent Reformed Church next to the Dutch Reformed Church.

#### 27.4 Living and living conditions Marion County, Iowa

In 1830, the State of Iowa was an area with no significant population numbers lived. The settlements where the emigrants lived were often a collection of "roofs", tents, sod huts, log cabins spread over a large area. Places with houses, shops and streets were still few in the "inland".

#### The choice

Pastor Scholte and his group had looked at Michigan, but there where to many trees.

They had also looked in Missouri and Texas, but they did not want to live in a "slavery state"

Ultimately, Pastor Scholte chose the region between Lake Red Rock and the Shunk River in Iowa to found "their Pella".

Starting points for his final choice and purchase grounds were;

- freedom of belief,
- the ability to grow common crops such as wheat, oats, flax and hemp and to raise livestock.
- Navigable water in the vicinity to enable the transport of goods.
- The climate must be good and the environment safe.

On July 1, 1846, the first meeting to discuss the crossing took Place to organise.

One had to be of moral and irreproachable conduct and there had to be enough capital to support also the less fortunate give it a chance. The organization soon had about 1300 members



Strawtown

#### 27.5 De 1<sup>st</sup> en 2<sup>nd</sup> group of Dutch emigrants

In October 1846 a group of about 30 persons decided that they would be a "vanguard" for the larger group.

• They informed Pastor Scholten of their experiences and strongly advised the followers to pack their tools and other belongings in sturdy boxes.

The 2<sup>nd</sup> and large group with four ships from the Netherlands, arrived between May 22 and June 12, 1847 to Baltimore, Maryland.

• Baltimore is the southern port of New York and Philadelphia, and traveled on to Pella, Marion County, Iowa. As the crow flies a distance of 1,430 kilometers.

Reverend Scholte and his family left on April 8, 1847 from Rotterdam and went via London, Liverpool and by steamer "Sarah Sand" to Boston.

• After a few days he traveled on to Albany to be able to do what was forbidden for him in the Netherlands; preach.

De stad Pella in 1848.

Pella, circa 1848

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#### 27.6 Integration

The region between present-day Des Moines and the (South) Shunk River was preferred to settle. This is the region east of the Lake Red Rock. During these explorations, the laggards tried to earn something by chopping wood and all sorts of other jobs. They were paid in kind.

In order to survive, it was important to learn to use the land and the crops.

The use of plants and animals as food and for clothing was learned from the local Indians and itinerant people.

Of course there were also rich Dutch people who could buy land and immediately buy a house could build large barns.

These people also provided work and often made money available to support the community help and also often to build a church to be able to profess the faith together. (Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert 26.5)

#### 27.7 The settlement of Amsterdam

The little settlement of Amsterdam nearby Pella really never got off the ground. It was platted and lots were sold, but it flooded badly in 1853 and that killed the little town.

 Near this little settlement there was a lime quarry and a stone quarry. Later, a coal mine was also opened here.

Reverend Scholte owned a quarry and people could dig their own stones here for free.

 Due to the combination of availability of stone and coal, the construction of stone houses has increased to replace the draughty dwellings of logs and sod.



West side of the square

#### 27.8 The value and place of Taith in Pella

In 2021, faith still plays an important role in the Dutch community of Pella. Pella is a town of approximately 10,000 inhabitants, and there are currently:

- 5 Reformed churches,
- 5 Christian Reformed Churches.
- 1 United Reformed Church,
- 1 Reformed Presbyterian Church.
- The Presbyterian (temporary) Reformed are an orthodox Protestant movement.
  - They are called experimental, because the emphasis is placed on personal experience of the doctrine of the faith.

In addition, there are 18 other faith communities in Pella and a total of 30 churches. This is reflected in the school system.

In the 1930s, the Christian Reformed contingent started private Christian education.

This is still functioning very well alongside an excellent public school system.

If you went to Pella today you would see that the town basically closes on Sundays, with the exception of a few restaurants and large kiosks.

Sundays are still for church and family.

The education systems take into account the youth groups and Bible studies on Wednesdays; there is not much homework to be given on this day.

#### 27.9 Inwoners Pella

Pella, Marion County, Iowa, a place 9,832 established in the 2000 Census. In 2006, the population was estimated at 10,245 by the United States Census Bureau.

In relation to the descendants of

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#### 27.10 Pella's commonplace

The people of Pella are very aware of where they live and the fact that they are allowed there live, without forgetting where they came from and why they have settled in Pella have to settle. As a visitor to Pella you cannot ignore it. The Netherlands will never be forgotten. Part of the city has the architecture of the "old Dutch building style" from when they left.

**27.11 The Pella Historical Society**, the PHSM, Pella Historical Society & Museums, says the following about the past of many residents and where they live now

#### **Establishment**

Pella Historical Society & Museums was founded in 1935 by a group of Pella citizens with a passion and vision to preserve Pella's history and story to tell of the settlers when making a new house while they were looking for religious freedoms in America.

#### The beginning

The story begins with their journey to Pella from the Netherlands, continuing with their settlement and development of Pella and the surrounding area, to present-day Pella and the history of the area we celebrate today.

#### Mission

Pella Historical Society & Museums preserves and promotes Dutch heritage and the history of Pella, Iowa.

#### **Target**

To tell the remarkable story of Pella, its founding, development and Dutch heritage and traditions, through preservation of historical resources, educational displays and exhibitions, festivals and programming to engage and educate Pella citizens and visitors.

#### Country recognition

Over the decades, thousands of people have contributed to the history and way of life in this area, people from unique backgrounds, cultures and beliefs.

Pella Historical Association & Museums is proud of Pella's Dutch heritage.

At the same time, we recognize that the land we live on has historically been home to those who have been here long before Europeans arrived.

This land was tended notably by the Iowa people, or Báxoje, the Fox, or Meskwaki, the Sauk, or Êshkwîha, or Yochikwîka, and the Sioux, or Očhéthi Šakówin.

These people created homes, raised their families, celebrated their faith, and protected their environment, all on this land.

https://www.pellahistorical.org/

Thanks to Valerie Terpstra Van Kooten, Executive Director, Pella Historical Society and Museums (PHSM)
Articles used: E. Smits, Dokkum, april 1991 en Lois DeHaan Smith augustus 2017

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.12

#### Families reunite in Pella

# Pella, Marion County, Iowa, United States



A region in America where many Dutch in the 19 e century to have emigrated. Many people from the Leerdam region have also started looking for happiness in Iowa.

**Gijsbert Steenhoek** from Oud-Beijerland, South Holland was married on 7/18/1865 to Hendrika Klein (Kleyn) from Nieuwland, South Holland.

Hendrika Kleyn is a descendant of Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert (1595).

Families who know each other in the Netherlands also visit each other "abroad". The following family relationships can be found in Iowa, among others.

**Arie Ariesz Steenhoek** from Pella is a son of Gijsbert Steenhoek and Hendrika Klein.

He married Johanna Van Ryswyk from Pella on 3/16/1898 in Pella, Iowa.

Her father Dirk Jan van Rijswijk comes from Gorinchem, South Holland.

• He is married to her mother **Jenneke Olivier** from Heukelum, Gelderland.

**Simon Steen corner** of Prairie Lake, Iowa is the fourth son of Gijsbert Steenhoek and Hendrika Klein.

He married Aaltje Marie Verrips from Madison Township, Iowa on 8-2-1905 in Pella.

Aaltje Maria Verrips is a daughter of Aart Verrips from Leerdam, South Holland.

He is married to Gerritje Willemsen from Rossum, Gelderland.

**Francijntje Verrips** from Pella, is the 2 nd daughter of Aart Verrips and Gerritje Willemsen from Rossum.

She married Albert de Wild from Pella Iowa on 2-3-1892 in Marion County, Iowa.
 Albert de Wild's parents come from Nijkerk, Gelderland.



In relation to the descendants of

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# 27.13 Abraham Bogaards and Johanna Willemina Koelman

A new sequel in the search for the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman. A descendant from the Leerdam region, who, with his wife from Brakel, Gelderland, in the 19th century hoped to find a better life in the Pella, Marion County, Iowa area.

Abraham Bogaards, born on September 25, 1824 in Leerdam and emigrated to America in 1847.

- He married **Johanna Willemina Koelman**on April 9, 1849 in Marion County, Iowa. She was born on December 21, 1831 inBrakel, Gelderland and in 1847 with her parents emigrated to Marion County, Iowa.
- They have settled in Pella, Marion County, Iowa.

#### Abraham is a descendant of

- Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogertman and
- Charlemagne.

#### Found so far:

They have seven children.

•	Peter,	1854 – 1874
•	Arie,	1856 – 1938
•	Abraham	1859 – 1932
•	Elizabeth	1865 – 1935
•	Wilhelmina	1869 – 1950
•	Kate	1872 – 1922
•	Peter Adrian	1877 - 1945

- 47 generations ancestors.
- Foundes descendants 233.

#### Gevonden familienamen:

- Bennink, Bogaard, Bogaards, de Bolt, de Bondt, Borgman, Brom, de Bruin, de Bruyn,
- Cameron, Cordes, Cummings, Doornenbal, van Dorland, Dykstra, van Essen, Everly,
- Frank, Fuller, Goodin,
- Hamm, Heath, Hoffman, Hoksbergen, Horstman, Houwelingen, Jacobs,
- Kersbergen, Klein, Kleveland, Klyn, de Kock, Kaufman, Kooistra, Kramer,
- van der Linden, Livingood, van der Lugt,
- Mathes, Meyer, Meyers, Morgan,
- Pearston, van der Ploeg, Poortinga, Postma,
- Rempes, van Rheenen, de Ronde, Roozenboom, Rykhoek,
- Schippers, Slings, Smith, Spoelstra, Stursma, Sweany,
- Thompson, Tukker,
- Uitermarkt, VerDugt, Vogelaar,
- Waardhuizen, Wessel, Wichhart, Willemsen, Witzenburg, van Zee,

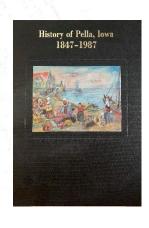
27.14 In the 1980s, a book was compiled about the arrival of Reverend Scholte and the families who came with him to build "their Pella" in 1847; their safe haven where they can practice their own faith were allowed to rule freely.

Many families are described and the book is richly provided with photos. After the apparition, the residents could buy a copy of the book. Most families have a copy of the book.

They are still hard to find in 2021.







14-1-2022

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.15

# Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

1. **Abraham Bogaards** was born on Sep. 25, 1824 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Jan. 31 jan. 1905 in Pella, Marion County, Iowa.



He married **Johanna Willemina Koelman** on April 9, 1849 in Pella, Marion County, Iowa.



#### Other events in the life of Abraham Bogaards

Occupation Carpenter, Contractor,

Project 1847- 1848 The construction of the "Scholte Church" Pella

Immigratie 1847 Pella, Marion County, Iowa

Father: 2. Arie Bogaard was born on Mar.16, 1785 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

and died Okt. 13, 1832 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 3. **Geertje Verrips** was born on Aug. 28 1785 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

And died on Dec. 13, 1836 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

2. **Arie Bogaard** was born on Mar. 16, 1785 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Okt. 13, 1832 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Geertje Verrips on Apr. 30, 1820 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Occupation Builder

Father: 4. Abraham Bogaard was born on Jun. 8, 1755 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

And died on Apr. 1, 1801 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 5. Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden was born in September 1754 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died on Feb. 24, 1823 in Leerdam, South Holland.

3. **Geertje Verrips** was born on Aug. 28, 1785 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on

Dec. 13, 1836 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

6. **Koen Aarts (Coenraad) Verrips** is geboren op 21 apr. 1752 in Everdingen, South Holland en overleden op 29 mei 1806 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 7. Wilhelmina Aartse den Hertog was born in 1755 in Beesd, Gelderlandand died

On Mar. 12, 1803 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

4. **Abraham Bogaard** was born on Jun. 8, 1755 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr. 1, 1801 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden on Jan. 23, 1780 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 8. Johannes (Jan) Bogaert was born Sep. 16, 1704 in Leerdam, South Holland and

died on Dec. 18, 1789 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Mother: 9. **Hester Pietersdr Boon** was born in 1713 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in

1794 in Leerdam, South Holland.

5. **Antenet (Antje) van der Leeden** was born on Sep. 1, 1754 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Feb. 24, 1823 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Father: 10. Cornelis Ariens van der Leeden was born on Feb. 28, 1726 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 11. Neeltje Zijderveld was born on Okt. 29, 1731 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

and died on an unknown date.

Father:

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.15 sheet 1

#### Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

6. **Koen Aarts (Coenraad) Verrips** was born on Apr. 21, 1752 in Everdingen, Utrecht and died on May 29, 1806 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Wilhelmina Aartse den Hertog on Apr. 27, 1777 in Everdingen, Utrecht.

Father: 12. **Aert Coenen Verrips** was born on Sep. 26, 1723 in Everdingen, Utrecht and died before 1791.

Mother: 13. **Aantje Koenen Verrips** was born Dec. 11, 1718 in Leerbroek, South Holland And died on May 13, 1759 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

7. **Wilhelmina Aartse den Hertog** was born in 1755 in Beesd, Gelderland and died on Mar.12, 1803 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 14. **Aert Claesz den Hartog** was born Jul. 10, 1726 in Leerdam, South Holland And died on Jul. 27, 1789 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 15. **Geertje Claese Kool** was born on May 1, 1718 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland And died on Mar. 31, 1775 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

8. **Johannes (Jan) Bogaert** was born on Sep. 16, 1704 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Dec, 18, 1789 in Leerdam, South Holland.

He married **Hester Pietersdr Boon** in 1732 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Father: 16. **Thomas Abrahamszn Bogaert** was born in 1673 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 17. **Grietje Jacobsdr Knoop** was born in 1676 in Leerdam, South Holland ean died in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

9. **Hester Pietersdr Boon** was born 1713 in Leerdam, South Holland an died in in 1794 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Father: 18. **Pieter Willems Boon** was born in 1685 in Leerbroek, South Holland and died on May 22, 1731 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Mother: 19. Willemijntje Verdught was born in 1690 in Oosterwijk, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

10. **Cornelis Ariens van der Leeden** was born on Feb. 28, 1726 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

He married Neeltje Zijderveld on Okt. 23, 1752 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 20. **Arien Aarts van der Leeden** was born on Mar. 10, 1691 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 21. Lijsbeth Jacobs Permentier was born on Dec. 17, 1690 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

11. **Neeltje Zijderveld** was born on Okt. 29, 1731 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Father: 22. **Gerrit Geerlofszn Zijderveld** was born on Feb.9, 1696 in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died on Nov. 18, 1751 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

Mother: 23. **Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout** was born in 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **27.15** sheet 2

# Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

12. Aert Coenen Verrips was born Sep. 26, 1723 in Everdingen, Utrecht and died before 1791.

He married **Aantje Koenen Verrips** on May 3, 1750 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

- Father: 24. **Coenraat Jansz Verrips** was born on Apr. 4, 1698 in Leerdam, Diefdijk, South Holland and died on Feb. 22, 1748 in Everdingen, Utrecht.
- Mother: 25. Aeriken Aartsd de Jonghe was born in 1701 in Nieuwland, South Holland
- and died on Jun. 28, 1731 in Everdingen, Utrecht.

  13. **Aantje Koenen Verrips** was born on Dec. 11, 1718 in Leerbroek, South Holland and died on
- May 13, 1759 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.
  - Father: 26. Coen Cornelisz Verrips was born in Feb. 1680 in Leerdam, South Holland

and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 27. Annigje Gijsen.

- 14. **Aert Claesz den Hartog** was born on Jul. 10, 1726 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Jul. 27, 1789 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
  - Hij married Geertje Claese Kool on May 21, 1745 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
    - Father: 28. Claes Corneliszn den Hertog was born in 1685 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Feb. 6, 1768 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
    - Mother: 29. Beatrix Aartsen de Jongh was born in 1690 and died on an unknown date.
- 15. **Geertje Claese Kool** was born in May 1718 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Mar. 31, 1775 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
  - Father: 30. Claas Teunsz Cool was born in 1692 and died on an unknown date.
  - Mother: 31. Maijke Janse was born in 1697 and died on an unknown date.
- 16. **Thomas Abrahamszn Bogaert** was born in 1673 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married **Grietje Jacobsdr Knoop** op 22 jan. 1695 in Leerdam, South Holland.

- Father: 32. **Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert** was born in Jan. in Heikop, South Holland and died 1699 in Heikop, South Holland.
- Mother: 33. **Maeycke Thomas Dirksdochter** was born in 1635 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 17. **Grietje Jacobsdr Knoop** was born in 1676 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 34. Knoop.

18. **Pieter Willems Boon** was born in 1685 in Leerbroek, South Holland and died on May 22, 1731 in Leerdam. South Holland.

He married Willemijntje Verdught in Nov. 1711 in Leerdam, South Holland.

- Father: 35. Willem Jacobs Boon was born in 1647 and died on an unknown date.
- Mother: 36. Maria Hendriks van Maurik was born in 1650 and died on an unknown date.
- 19. Willemijntje Verdught was born in 1690 in Oosterwijk, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
  - Father: 37. **Walich Jans Verdught** is geboren op 23 jun. 1663 in Oosterwijk, South Holland en overleden op een onbekende datum.
  - Mother: 38. Geertje Gijsbertsdr Bicker.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **27.15** sheet 3

#### Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

20. **Arien Aarts van der Leeden** was born on Mar. 10, 1691 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

He married **Lijsbeth Jacobs Permentier** on Jun. 7, 1716 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Father: 39. Arien van der Leeden is geboren op 21 jul. 1655 in Leerdam,

't Recht van Ter Lede, South Holland en overleden op een onbekende datum.

Mother: 40. **Neeltje Willems van Rietveldt** was born in 1660 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

21. **Lijsbeth Jacobs Parmentier** was born on Dec. 17, 1690 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Father: 41. **Jacob Parmentier** was born in 1663 in Rimbeck, Duitsland and died on an unknown

date

Mother: 42. **Ariaantje Verwaaij** is geboren in 1667 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

22. **Gerrit Geerlofszn Zijderveld** was born on Feb. 9, 1696 in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died on

Nov. 18, 1751 in Zijderveld, Utrecht. He married **Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout** on Jul. 19, 1722 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 43. **Geerlof Peterzn Zijderveld** is geboren in 1674 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland en

overleden in Sep. 1740 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 44. **Metje Gerritsdr van Santen** was born in 1674 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in April 1731 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

23. **Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout** was born in 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Father: 45. **Jan Adriaenszn Westerhout** was born on Okt. 12, 1681 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov. 12, 1743 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 46. **Metje Cornelisse Cool** was born in 1675 in Acquoi, Gelderland and died in 1754 in Leerdam, South Holland.

24. **Coenraat Jansz Verrips** was born on Apr. 4, 1698 in Leerdam, Diefdijk, South Holland and died on Feb. 22, 1748 in Everdingen, Utrecht.

He married Aeriken Aartsd de Jonghe op 12 sep. 1720 in Everdingen, p. Utrecht.

Father: 47. Jan Coenen Verrips was born in 1658 in Diefdijk, Leerdam, South Holland and died

on an unknown date.

Mother: 48. **Huibertje Hendriksd Middelkoop** was born on Feb. 18, 1666 in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died on Apr. 4, 1710.

- 25. **Aeriken Aartsd de Jonghe** was born in 1701 in Nieuwland, South Holland and died on Jun. 28, 1731 in Everdingen, Utrecht.
- 26. **Coen Cornelisz Verrips** was born in Feb. 1680 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date. He married **Annigje Gijsen**.

Father: 49. **Cornelis Coenen Verrips** is geboren op 31 jan. 1646 in Leerdam, South Holland en overleden in 1690.

Mother: 50. **Hendrikje Abrahamsdr Peertkoper** was born in 1657 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

#### 27. Annigje Gijsen.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.15 sheet 4

# Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

28. Claes Corneliszn den Hertog was born in 1685 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Feb. 6, 1768 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married **Beatrix Aartsen de Jongh** in 1723 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Father: 51. Cornelis Claesz den Hertogh was born in 1656 and died in 1717 in

Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 52. Neeltje Dircks Kool was born in 1670 in Leerdam, South Holland and died

in 1717.

29. Beatrix Aartsen de Jongh was born in 1690 and died on an unknown date.

Father: 53. Aert Hermansz de Jongh was born in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died on Apr. 7, 1734

in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

30. Claas Teunsz Cool was born in 1692 and died on an unknown date.

He married **Maijke Janse**.

31. Maijke Janse was born in 1697 and died on an unknown date.

32. **Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert** was born in Jan. 1631 in Heikop, South Holland and died in 1699 in Heikop, South Holland.

He married Maeycke Thomas Dirksdochter in 1659 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 54. Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert was born in 1595 in Heikop, South Holland and died

on Dec 16, 1646 in Heikop, South Holland.

Mother: 55. Aertje Kirkse (Coeymans) Bastiaens was born in Jan. 1597 in Heikop,

South Holland and died on Dec.1, 1646 in Heikop, South Holland.

33. **Maeycke Thomas Dirksdochter** was born in 1635 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 56. **Thomas Dircksz** was born in 1605 and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 57. Jannetje Joostendr was born in 1610 and died on an unknown date.

- 34. **Knoop**. He married (Onbekend).
- 35. **Willem Jacobs Boon** was born in 1647 and died on an unknown date. He married **Maria Hendriks van Maurik** on Apr. 16, 1673 in Leerbroek, South Holland.
- 36. Maria Hendriks van Maurik was born in 1650 and died on an unknown date.
- 37. **Walich Jans Verdught** was born on Jun. 23, 1663 in Oosterwijk, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

He married Geertje Gijsbertsdr Bicker on May 22, 1683.

- 38. Geertje Gijsbertsdr Bicker.
- 39. **Arien van der Leeden** was born on Jul. 21, 1655 in Leerdam, 't Recht van Ter Lede, South Holland, and died on an unknown date.

He married **Neeltje Willems van Rietveldt** in 1686 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Father: 58. Arien van der Leeden was born in 1629 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an

unknown date.

Mother: 59. **Mechtelt Cornelisdr** was born in 1633 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an

unknown date.

40. **Neeltje Willems van Rietveldt** was born in 1660 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **27.15** sheet 5

#### Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

- 41. **Jacob Parmentier** was born in 1663 in Rimbeck, Duitsland and died on an unknown date. He married Ariaantje Verwaaij op 26 jan. 1688 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 42. Ariaantje Verwaaij was born in 1667 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 43. Geerlof Peterzn Zijderveld was born in 1674 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Sep. 1, 1740 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He married Metje Gerritsdr van Santen.
- 44. Metje Gerritsdr van Santen was born in 1674 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr. 1, 1731 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 45. Jan Adriaenszn Westerhout was born on Okt. 12,1681 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died On Nov. 12, 1743 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He married Metje Cornelisse Cool.

#### Other events in the life of Jan Adriaenszn Westerhout

Land-22 apr 1724 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

He buys the farm on the corner of the Dorpsstreet and Churchroad in property

Schoonrewoerd from Arie Pieter Middelkoop

Father: 60. Adriaen Jansz Westerhout was born on Okt. 29, 1645 in Schoonrewoerd.

South Holland and died on Nov. 16, 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

61. Janette Adriaensdr van Nuyssenburg was born on Jul. 24, 1649 in Dordrecht, Mother: South Holland and died on May. 30, 1709.

- 46. **Metje Cornelisse Cool** was born in 1675 in Acquoi, Gelderland and died in 1754 in Leerdam, South Holland.
  - Father: 62. Cornelis Teunisz Cool was born in 1647 en overland died on Dec. 29,1688.

Mother: 63. Grietje Fransdr Cool was born on Mar. 15, 1643 in Heukelum, Gelderland and died in 1730.

47. Jan Coenen Verrips was born in 1658 in Diefdijk, Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown

He married Huibertje Hendriksd Middelkoop on May. 20, 1684 in Everdingen, Utrecht.

64. Coenraad Gijsberts Verrips was born in 1620 in Leerdam, South Holland and died Father: in 1692.

Mother: 65. Elisabeth Cornelisdr van Burgerhoorn was born in 1621 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1692.

48. Huibertje Hendriksd Middelkoop was born op 18 feb. 1666 in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died on Apr. 4, 1710.

Father: 66. Henrick Adriaanz Middelkoop was born in 1635 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

and died on Apr. 4, 1710 in Ameide, South Holland.

67. Grietje Herberts was born in 1635 in Hardinxveld, South Holland and died Mother: in 1684 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

49. Cornelis Coenen Verrips was born Jan. 31, 1646 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1690. He married **Hendrikje Abrahamsdr Peertkoper** on Apr. 134, 1679 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 68. Coenraad Gijsberts Verrips was born in 1620 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1692.

Mother: 69. Elisabeth Cornelisdr van Burgerhoorn was born in 1621 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1692.

Information about:

# The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.15 sheet 6

#### Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

- 50. **Hendrikje Abrahamsdr Peertkoper** was born in 1657 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 51. **Cornelis Claesz den Hertogh** is gebwas born in 1656 and died in 1717 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Neeltje Dircks Kool.

Other events in the life of Cornelis Claesz den Hertogh

Occupation: Builder Tittle: The Old one

Father: 70. Claes Geerloffsz den Hertogh was born in 1624 in Leerdam, South Holland and

died in 1680 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 71. Geertgen Franken die on Nov. 18, 1667 in Holthuysen auf der Hayde, Duitsland.

52. Neeltje Dircks Kool was born in 1670 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1717.

Father: 72. **Teunis Teunisse Kool (Cool)** was born in 1649 in Schoonrewoerd, Sout Holland

and died in 1727.

Mother: 73. Marijke Reijersdr (Reyers) Sterk was born in 1653 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1707 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

- 53. **Aert Hermansz de Jongh** was born in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died on Apr. 7, 1734 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He married an unknown woman.
- 54. **Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert** was born in 1595 in Heikop, South Holland and died on Dec. 16, 1646 in Heikop, South Holland.

He married Aertje Kirkse (Coeymans) Bastiaens on Jan. 1, 1624 in Hei en Boeicop, South Holland.

#### Other events in the life of Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert

Occupation Famer

Guardianship 10 dec 1646 Hei en Boeicop, South Holland

Schipper from Dordrecht and guardian of his children, Lambert Jansen,

power of attorney Maes Wouters en Pieter Gysberts, bailiff of Heicop

Father: 74. Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman was born in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died Apr. 1, 1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

Mother: 75. Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

And died Dec. 1, 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

- 55. **Aertje Kirkse (Coeymans) Bastiaens** was born in Jan. 1597 in Heikop, South Holland and died in Dec. 1646 in Heikop, South Holland.
- 56. Thomas Dircksz was born in 1605 and died on an unknown date.

He married Jannetie Joostendr.

Father: 76. Dircksz.

- 57. Jannetje Joostendr was born in 1610 and died on an unknown date.
- 58. **Arien van der Leeden** was born in 1629 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date. He married **Mechtelt Cornelisdr**.
- 59. **Mechtelt Cornelisdr** was born in 1633 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **27.15** sheet 7

#### Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

60. **Adriaen Jansz Westerhout** was bornon Okt. 29, 1645 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov. 16, 1703 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Janette Adriaensdr van Nuyssenburg in 1670.

Father: 77. Jan Jansen Westerhout was born in 1608 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

And died in 1667.

Mother: 78. **Eeltgen Damen** was born in 1620 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on

an unknown date.

61. Janette Adriaensdr van Nuyssenburg was born op 24 jul. 1649 in Dordrecht,

South Holland en overleden op 30 mei 1709.

Father: 79. **Adriaen van Nuyssenburg** was born in May 1624 in Dordrecht, South Holland

and died on Nov 28, 1671.

Mother: 80. Martijntje Claesdr Vogelsangh was born on Nov. 22, in Dordrecht,

South Holland and died on an unknown date.

62. Cornelis Teunisz Cool was born in 1647 and died on Dec. 29, 1688.

He married Grietje Fransdr Cool.

#### Other events in the life of Cornelis Teunisz Cool

Occupation Alderman of Schoonrewoerd

Father: 81. **Teunis Cornelisz Cool** was born in 1610 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and

died on Mar. 7, 1677 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 82. Ariaentje Theunissen Munster was born in 1619 in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died

in 1659.

63. Grietje Fransdr Cool is geboren op 15 mrt. 1643 in Heukelum, Gelderland en overleden in 1730.

64. **Coenraad Gijsberts Verrips** was born in 1620 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1692. He married **Elisabeth Cornelisdr Nobel** in 1642 in Leerdam, South Holland.

#### Other events in the life of Coenraad Gijsberts Verrips

Move to 1648 Loosdorp 38, South Holland

Father: 83. Gijsbert Coenen Verrips is gebwas born in 1582 in Loosdorp, South Holland and

died in 1622.

Mother: 84. Anneken Petersd Muijs was born in 1585 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on

an unknown date.

65. Elisabeth Cornelisdr Nobel is geboren in 1621 in Leerdam, South Holland en overleden in 1692.

66. **Henrick Adriaanz Middelkoop** was born in 1635 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr. 4, 1710 in Ameide, South Holland.

He married **Grietje Herberts** op 7 dec. 1665 in Ameide, South Holland.

Father: 85. Arien Bastiaensz Middelkoop was born in 1605 and died in 1680.

Mother: 86. Rijckje Hendricks was born in 1615 and died op 24 jan. 1680.

67. **Grietje Herberts** was born in 1635 in Hardinxveld, South Holland and died in 1684 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.15 sheet 8

# Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

68. **Coenraad Gijsberts Verrips** was born in 1620 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1692. He married **Elisabeth Cornelisdr Nobel** in 1642 in Leerdam, South Holland.

#### Other events in the life of Coenraad Gijsberts Verrips

Move to 1648 Loosdorp 38, South Holland

Father: 87. Gijsbert Coenen Verrips was born in 1582 in Loosdorp, South Holland and

died in 1622.

Mother: 88. Anneken Petersd Muijs was born in 1585 in Leerdam, South Holland and died

on an unknown date.

- 69. Elisabeth Cornelisdr Nobel was born in 1621 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1692.
- Claes Geerloffsz den Hertogh was born in 1624 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1680 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He married Geertgen Franken.
- 71. Geertgen Franken died on Nov. 18, 1667 in Holthuysen auf der Hayde, Duitsland.
- 72. **Teunis Teunisse Kool (Cool)** was born in 1649 in Schoonrewoerd and died in 1727. He married **Marijke Reijersdr (Reyers) Sterk**.
- 73. **Marijke Reijersdr (Reyers) Sterk** was born in 1653 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1707 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 74. **Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1560 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland and died in April1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

He married 1th Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters in 1584 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

#### Other events in the life of Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman:

Profession 1646 Magistrate in 1646 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He testeer on Apr 2, 1647 (records his will) in Acqouy, Gelderland

Guardianship 10-12-1646 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

He has asked the Court in Leerdam to transfer the custody of his grandchildren, the children of Cornelius Theunisz to another

because of his blindness.

Namechange 10-12-1646 Leerdam, Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

Theunis Gijsbertsz request the Court of Leerdam for his children

to give them the surname "Bogaert". This is granted.

Father: 35. Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 36. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in January 1540 and died in January 1582.

75. **Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters** was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in December1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

#### Other events in the life of Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters

The will 10 dec 1646 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

- 76. Dircksz. He married an unknown woman.
- 77. **Jan Jansen Westerhout** was born in 1608 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1667. He married **Eeltgen Damen** in 1640 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 91. Jan Goijertsen was born in 1581 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died

in 1644 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 92. Jantken Gerritse.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **27.15** sheet 9

#### Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

- 78. **Eeltgen Damen** was born in 1620 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 79. Adriaen van Nuyssenburg was born op 1 mei 1624 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Nov. 28, 1671.

He married Martijntje Claesdr Vogelsangh on Okt. 8,1645 in Diemen, North Holland.

#### Other events in the life of Adriaen van Nuyssenburg

Dords Heeren Huis, next 't Huys de Kruythof on the Leerdamse Diefdijk

Painter, Casteleijn vd Heeren Dijkgraaf en Hoogheemraden in het Dorts Heeren

Huis.

't Huys de Kruythof on the Leerdamse Diefdijk Home adress

Father: 93. Willem Johansz van Nuyssenburg was born in 1577 in Dordrecht, South Holland

and died on Jul. 29, 1628 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Mother: 94. Janneke van Ravensteiin was born in 1580 en is overleden datum.

80. Martijntje Claesdr Vogelsangh is geboren op 22 nov. 1611 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

# Other events in the life of Martijntje Claesdr Vogelsangh

Home adress 24 sep 1651 Amsterdam, North Holland

With certificate of Dordrecht to Amsterdam

Father: 95. Claas Hendricxsz Vogelsangh was born in 1575 in Dordrecht, South Holland and

died on an unknown date.

96. Fijtie Vogelsangh is geboren in 1590 in Dordrecht, South Holland en is overleden. Mother:

81. Teunis Cornelisz Cool was born in 1610 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holladn and died on Mar. 7, 1677 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland,

Hij huwde 1ste Ariaentje Theunissen Munster op 10 feb. 1639 in Zijderveld, Utrecht.

Father: 97. Cornelis Thonisz Kool (Cool) is geboren in 1580 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

en overleden in 1650 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 98. Willempie Claasdr Deventer is geboren in 1580 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

and died on Nov/ 20, 1673.

- 82. Ariaentje Theunissen Munster was born in 1619 in Zijderveld, Utrecht and died in 1659.
- 83. Gijsbert Coenen Verrips was born in 1582 in Loosdorp, South Holland and died in 1622. He married Anneken Petersd Muijs.
- 84. Anneken Petersd Muijs was born in 1585 in Leerdam, South Holland en is overleden.
- 85. Arien Bastiaensz Middelkoop was born in 1605 and died in 1680.

He married Rijckje Hendricks.

Father: 99. Bastiaen Ariensz Middelkoop was born in 1565 and died on Okt. 25, 1613.

Mother: 100. Janneghen (Jantien) Gerrits was born in 1575 an died in April 1654.

- 86. Rijckje Hendricks was born in 1615 and died on Jan. 24,1680.
- 87. Gijsbert Coenen Verrips was born in 1582 in Loosdorp, South Holland and died in 1622. He married Anneken Petersd Muijs.
- 88. Anneken Petersd Muijs was born in 1585 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.15 sheet 10

#### Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

- 89. **Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland And died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
  - He married Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 90. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in Jan. 1540 and died in Jan. 1582.
- 91. **Jan Goijertsen** was born in 1581 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1644 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He married **Jantken Gerritse**.
- 92. Jantken Gerritse.
- 93. **Willem Johansz van Nuyssenburg** was born in 1577 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Jul. 29, 1628 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

He married Janneke van Ravensteijn on Dec. 9, 1608 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

# Other events in the life of Willem Johansz van Nuyssenburg

Occupation 1607 Puttershoek

Sheriff van Puttershoek,

Occupation 1623 Stewart of Dordrecht

Father: 101. **Johan (Jan) Willemsz van Nuyssenburg** is geboren in 1544 en overleden op 10

jun. 1596 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

Mother: 102. Emmetje Jansdr de Both was born in 1550 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died

in Augustus 1606 in Dordrecht, South Holland.

94. Janneke van Ravensteijn was born in 1580 and died on an unknown date.

Father: 103. Gabriël Herics van Dieden van Ravensteijn and died on an unknown date

Mother: 104. van Ravensteijn and died on an unknown date.

95. Claas Hendricxsz Vogelsangh is geboren in 1575 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

He married Fijtie Vogelsangh.

96. Fijtie Vogelsangh was born in 1590 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on an unknown date.

Father: 105. Barent Vogelsangh was born in 1560 and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 106. (Onbekend)

97. **Cornelis Thonisz Kool (Cool)** was born in 1580 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1650 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Willempje Claasdr Deventer.

Father: 107. **Thonis Thonisz Cool** was born in 1546 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland died

in 1612 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Mother: 108. Marie Thonisse Cool was born in 1551 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and

died in 1615 in Leerdam, South Holland.

98. **Willempje Claasdr Deventer** was born in 1580 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Nov. 20, 1673.

Father: 109. Claas Willemsz Deventer was born in 1560 in Leerdam, South Holland and died

on Feb. 17, 1632 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Mother: 110. Ariaentje Joostendr was born in 1550 in Leerbroek, South Holland en overleden.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **27.15** sheet 11

# Ancestors of Abraham Bogaards

- 99. **Bastiaen Ariensz Middelkoop** was born in 1565 and died on Okt. 25, 1613. He married **Janneghen (Jantien) Gerrits** in 1595.
- 100. Janneghen (Jantien) Gerrits was born in 1575 and died on April. 1, 1654.
- Johan (Jan) Willemsz van Nuyssenburg was born in 1544 and died on Jun. 10, 1596 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
   He married Emmetje Jansdr de Both before 23-3-1579 in Dordrecht, South Holland.
   Other events in the life of Johan (Jan) Willemsz van Nuyssenburg
   Occupation Tussen 1572 en 1596 Dordrecht
   Governor of the Hoekse waard 1572-1596
- 102. **Emmetje Jansdr de Both** was born in 1550 in Dordrecht, South Holland and died on Aug. 1, 1606 in Dordrecht, South-Holland.
- 103. Gabriël Herics van Dieden van Ravensteijn overleden op een onbekende datum. Hij huwde van Ravensteijn.
- 104. van Ravensteijn died on an unknown date.
- 105. Barent Vogelsangh was born in 1560 Gouverneur over de Hoekse waard 1572-1596. He married an unknown woman.
- 106. (Onbekend).
- 107. Thonis Thonisz Cool was born in 1546 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1612 in Leerdam, South Holland.
  He married Marie Thonisse Cool.
- 108. **Marie Thonisse Cool** was born in 1551 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1615 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 109. Claas Willemsz Deventer was born in 1560 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Feb. 17, 1632 in Leerdam, South Holland.
  He married Ariaentje Joostendr.
- 110. **Ariaentje Joostendr** was born in 1550 in Leerbroek, South Holland Gouverneur over de Hoekse waard 1572-1596.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 27.16

# Abraham Bogart's Bibble and John Albert Bogart

This special Bible was purchased from William Campbell in New York on *December 20, 1794 Abraham Bogart.* 

• Abraham Bogart (1766-1840) was married on Apr 5, 1789 to Nelly Hoogland (1772-1795).

He presented this Bible to his son-in-law *Abraham Conger*, married on Apr 23, 1839 with his daughter *Sarah Bogart* (1790-1858).

The grandparents of the bride are: - Isaac Bogart and Sarah Rapalje and

- Wilhelmus Hoogland and Maria Hegeman

Isaac Rapalje is a descendant of Joris Jansen Rapalje and Catharina Jeronius Trico

- Joris Jansen Rapalje and his wife belonged tot he first group of Dutch emigrants, who left on Jan 25, 1624with the ship the "Eendracht" to "New Netherland".
- Joris Jansen Rapalje and his wife were among the first settlers of Fort Orange.
   Now Albany in the state New York.

After three years, Governor Peter Minute ordered all settlers to concentrate on Manhattan. Here Joris Jansen Rapalje acquired a piece of land on what is now Pearl Street.

- Hij was magistrate of Brooklyn from 1655 to 1658 and from 1660 tot 1663.
- In 1661 he was also a member of the well-known "Council of Twelve", which governor Kieft had appointed because of the approaching war with the Indians.
  - ❖ Isaac Bogart is a descendant of Theunis Gijsbertszn and Sarah (Joris) Rapalje
  - Sarah Rapalje is a daughter of Joris Jansen Rapalje and Catharina Jeronius Trico



Abraham Bogart's Bible

The "Abraham Bible" was found around 1955 by John Albert Bogart (1889-1969).

John Albert is the writer of the in 1959 published book "THE BOGART FAMILY".

John Albert has been researching for 30 years to realize this book and is for this too

been in the Netherlands for information about the origin of the "Bogerd pioneers".

Ultimately, this led to a lot of information about Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman, his family and them living situation and an extensive reference book about it descendants in America and Canada.

For me still a book with over and over again surprising new clues to the current ones possibilities to deepen my search and bedata "to update".

His son commissioned it in 1980 in memory of his father to have the Bible restored. The restoration took 4 months

John Albert Bogart is a direct descendant of *Isaac Bogart and Sarah Rapalje*. The "Abraham Bogart" Bible can thus be considered a "Family Bible" for this family. John Albert Bogart was proud to have found this "Abraham Bible".

His son had the Bible restored as a tribute to his father.

Granddaughter (the third of the generation) is proud of her father and grandfather, and she has the "Abraham Bible" features prominently in her home.

I am glad that she wanted to share the images and the story behind it with us.

28

#### The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### Descendants in America with a special story

#### 28.1 Abraham Bogart 116 jaar old

Son of ... Cornelius Bogaert (1682-1728)
 Grandson of ... Hendrick Corneliusz Bogaert (1656-1716)
 Great-grandson of ... Cornelis Cornelisz Bogaert (1630-1665)
 Great-great-grandson of ... Cornelis Theunisz Bogaert (1590-1640)

Abraham Bogart was 116 years old when he died.

Born in Raritan, Somerset, New Jersey, USA on April 3, 1717.

His parents are Cornelius Bogaert (1682-1728) and Cornelia Delameter.

Abraham Bogart married Rebecca McDaniel.

He died on June 14, 1833 in Maury County, Tennessee, USA.

An article that appeared in the Daily National Intellingencer, Washington, DC on July 9, 1833: "At the Poor House in Maury County, Tennessee at the 14th moment (2pm in the afternoon) died Abraham Bogart, being 116 years and 72 days old".

He never drank liquor, was not ill, or was on medication.

He kept sight and memory until the vital spark left for good.

In 1770 Abraham and his family lived in Fincastle, Botetourt County, Virginia.

In 1774, Abraham served as a captain in the county Evan Shelby's Company.

They moved from Fincastle to Augusta County, Virginia, where their eldest son is Jacob was born in 1762. Abraham and his family then lived in what is now Tazewell County, Virginia.

He and his son Jacob were active to detach from Russell County and Tazewell for Tazewell to attain Independent County status.

It is not known why Abraham and his family subsequently moved to Barren County, Kentucky. But it could be that Rebecca's family lived there.



In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

28.2

#### Dr. Joseph Hegeman Bogart (1846 - 1926)

Son of Daniel Bogart and Jane R. Hegeman

#### Mount Washington Tavern



#### **Battle of Fort Necessity (1754)**

It's a strange fact in history that George Washington took ownership of the land on which he fought his first battle.

The National Park "Fort Necessity Battlefield" is one of the 25 battlefields passing through the federal government have been preserved because of their national interest.

On a hill adjacent to the battlefield and within the boundaries of the park lies the "Mount Washington Tavern". a classic example of many inns that once along the National Road.

The land on which the Tavern was built originally belonged to George Washington. In 1770 he bought the land where he had fought his first battle.

In 1754, George Washington's first major military battle took him southwest of Pennsylvania and a country called the Great Meadow.

On July 3, 1754, a French force attacked his positions and the battle at "Fort Necessity" ended with the surrender of 22-year-old Colonel George Washington and the British colonial forces.

After this battle, the struggle between France and Great Britain for control would take place North America take another seven years.



The reconstructed "fortress necessity"

Supposedly referred to by Washington as Fort Necessity, he left behind a protected warehouse build supplies such as gunpowder, rum, and flour.

The rough stockade they erected was more built to store supplies in the storehouse of to defend the fort against the own men of Washington, which he described as "dissolute and useless" against the enemy.

Shortly after his death, the first federal-funded road was built through this land that the "Mount Washington Tract" traversed.

Travelers stopping at the Mt. Washington Tavern are delighted to be a convenient tavern from brick with eleven rooms over two floors, with an attic and a cellar.

The Tavern was built around 1827 by Uniontown Judge Nathaniel Ewing.

The Tavern was managed by James and Rebecca Sampey and it showed from the moment of opening a vibrant business.

Obviously, there were four well-arranged things at this inn: the place was clean, the food was well, the landlady was polite and her husband was sober.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 28.3 sheet 1 Johannes Albertse Bogaert & The General Greene Inn

The *General Greene Inn* has been on the road from Philadelphia naar New York since Jul 1,1772 A modest role for **Johannes Albertse Bogaert** (1745 -1780) and his wife Mary Jamison.

 Johannes is a son of Gijsbert Gijsbertse Bogaert (1720 -1785) andthis photo was taken Marritje Albertse

The General Greene Inn, this photo was taken in about 1953.



This side of the building is on York Road (*Route263*). Durham Road runs to the right of the building.

The portico on this side of the building became removed when the York Road was widened in 1968.

At the bottom of the photo is the monument of the "First World War" on display that was then removed Route 202 was diverted to be connected become with Route 263.

(See photos at the bottom of this subject page 116)

# The History of the General Greene Inn, Buckingham, Bucks County, Pennsylvania

Along the old York road, the old Philadelphia to New York highway, stands at Buckingham an inn/ café from the 18th century.

Since 1760, Henry Jamison has been trying to get a license to start this "Inn". And finally in 1763, the license is granted to Henry Jamison.

Dr. Jacob Bogart, son of Gijsbert Bogaert (1694) from Solery and Marretje Jacobse Bergen and so uncle of Johannes Albertse Bogaert, is one of the judges who participated in this decision.



In the winter of 1772, after the death of her husband, the cheerful "landlady" Mary Jamison takes a new partner, in the person of John Albertse Bogart, a grandson of Gijsbert Bogart from Solebury (1694).



A "Knickerbocker", immigrated from the Dutch settlement of Raritan, New Jersey, who had bought a large piece of land called "Canbys" opposite Buckingham Avenue in Lahaska, Pennsylvania. The "Bogart's Tavern" was best known during the early part of the American War of Independence-Amarican Revolution. (1775-1783).

The war between Great Britain and the colonies, which would later become the United States.

The first meeting of the Bucks County Committee of Safety, which included a delegate from each town, was held at the Bogart Tavern on July 21, 1775.

At this meeting the field officers of the collaborating companies of the colonies were chosen. This was one of the most important gatherings ever held in the country, as it was the first organized military movement after an armed conflict with the mother country.

It was then also clear to the leaders that the peaceful protests would not provide a solution. The Committee represented the contradiction between the moderates and those who determined that their rights could only be enforced with violence and weapons.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 28.3 sheet 2 Johannes Albertse Bogaert & The General Greene Inn

The Movements of General Washington (Commander in Chief of the Colonies and 1<sup>th</sup> President of the United States) and his army up and down the "York Road" to and from Delaware are part of American history.

Generaal Greene, belast door Washington met de zorg en de veiligheid van de boten op de rivier in december 1776. When America was threatened with an invasion from British troops from New Jersey, he established his headquarters at Bogarts Tavern for a time.

As evidenced by a piece he wrote from there on December 10, 1776, to General Ewing, asking for 16 Durham boats and four plain boats to be sent to McKonkey's ferry. So that General Washington with this could cross the Dalaware.



Washington crosses the Delaware

The "John Albertse Bogart" family appears to have been very diligent in reporting on the independence, perhaps a little overly diligent in reporting to the Committee about the insignificant and irresponsible comments during jovial conversations at the bar.

At least one case is known to be reported by Ms. Bogart to the Committee and it is decided by the Committee that the issue discussed and the speaker are both too unimportant for actions.

John Albertse Bogart sold after the death of his wife in 1767 the the inn / café and his farmlands at Buckingham in in Apr 1777to Bennett of Wrightstown.



The intersection of Route 202 (Durham Road) and Route 263 in 2020 at the former "Bogart Tavern" / General Greene Inn in Buckingham, Buck County, Pennsylvania America.

The "General Greene Inn" Anno 2010.

At the intersection of Road 263 and Durham Road at Buckingham, Buck County, Pennsylvania America



In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 28.4 Known 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> century descendants in Amrica.

# Gouverneur and member of the United States House of Representatives

#### 28.4.1

# **Peter Dumont Vroom**

(1791-1874)



Peter Dumont Vroom is an son of Colonel Peter D. Vroom (1743-1831) and Elsie Bogaert (1755-1823) Elsie Bogaert is a daughter of Gijsbert Gijsbertse Bogaert (1720-1785) and Elizabeth Bodine (1791-1762)

He was born in Hillsborough Township, New Jersey, New York, USA

Peter Dumont Vroom was from 1826 tot 1829 Member of the **New Jersey General Assembly** 

 This is the lower house of the legislature from New Jersey.



Peter Vroom studied at the Somerville Academy and until 1808 Columbia College in New York City.

In 1813 Peter Vroom was admitted to the Bar Association as a lawyer and he precticed his profession in Somerville until 1821.

In 1829 Peter Vroom became a delegate of the newly established Democratic Party Elected to the Legislative Council as the ninth Governor of New Jersey.

- He took office as Governor on November 6, 1829 for the terms of 1829-1832 en 1833 -1836
- He later served as a member of the United States House of Representatives for one term from 1839-1841.



In 1838, Vroom was one of five Democratic candidates for the Congress. Vroom became involved in the opening day of the 26th Congress in December 1839 got caught up in the controversy over the Broad Seal War.

 This was a controversy over the results of the United States Congressional Meeting in New Jersey in 1838.

After the heavily contested election of 1838, Governor William Pennington's challenged two contingents of the six elected nominated "Whig candidates".

After a lengthy discussion, Peter Dumont Vroom and the four other Democrats went on the places of the "Whigs".

Vroom lost in the 1840 re-elections.

In 1844, Peter Vroom was a member of the New Jersey Constitutional Review Committee.

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# The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.4.2

#### **Ancestors Peter Dumont Vroom**

 Peter Dumont Vroom was born on Dec 12, 1791 in Hillsborough Township, New Jersey and died on Nov 18, 1874 in Trenton, Somerset County, New Jersey.

Other events in the leve of Peter Dumont Vroom

Profession Between 1829 en 1832 New Jersey, Somerville Governor

Profession Ambassadeur New Jersey, Somerville

Father: 2. Peter Dumont Vroom (Colonel) was born on Jan 27, 1743 and died on Nov 1, 1831. He was married on June 1, 1775 in North Southampton, Bucks County Pennsylvania

Mother: 3. Elsie Bogaert was born on Okt 12, 1755 in North Southampton, Bucks County, Pennsylvania and died on Aor 17, 1823 in North Southampton, Bucks County,

Pennsylvania.

2. **Colonel Peter Dumont Vroom Sr**. Was born on Jan 27, 1743 and died on Nov 1, 1831. He married Elsie Bogaert on Jun 1, 1775 in North Southampton, Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

Father: 4. George Vroom was born in 1721 and died in 1756.

Mother: 5. Gerritje Dumont was born on Mar 23, 1721 in Raritan, New Jersey, New York and die Jan 25, 1747 in Middlesex County, New Jersey, New York.

3. **Elsie Bogaert** was born on Okt 12, 1755 in Raritan, Somerset, County, New Jersey, New York and died on Apr 17, 1823 in Hillsborough, Somerset County, New Jersey, New York.

Father: 6. Gijsbert Gijsbertse Bogaert was born in 1720 in Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey and died on Jul 28, 1785 in Hillsborough, Somerset County New Jersey.

Mother: 7. Elizabeth Bodine was born on Okt 14, 1719 in Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey, NY and died in Hillsborough, Somerset County, New Jersey, NY.

- 4. George Vroom was born in 1721 and died in 1756. He marriedGerritje Dumont on Jan 25, 1741.
- 5. **Gerritje Dumont** was born on Mar 23, 1721 in Raritan, New Jersey, NY and died on Jan 25, 1747 in Middlesex County, New Jersey, NY.

Father: 8. Peter Dumont is geboren owas born on Apr 20, 1679 in Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey and died on Jul 17, 1744 in Raritan, Somerset County, New York.

Mother: 9. Jannetje (Hendrick) van Vechten was born in 1680.

6. **Gijsbert Gijsbertse Bogaert** was born in 1720 in Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey. On Jul 28, 1785 in Hillsborough, Somerset County New Jersey, New York. He married 1<sup>th</sup> Elizabeth Bodine in 1749 in Hillsborough, Somerset County New Jersey, New York.

Other events in the live of Gijsbert Gijsbertse Bogaert

Profession		Weaver
Landproperty 1760		Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania
		His father donates Gijsbert 250 acres land and the farm
Slavery	1760	Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania, Gijsbert has his slave Samuel
		Sutphen sold to Casper Bergen for his place in the army during the conflicts with the British ruler.
Relocated	1774	Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania
		He sells his farm and moves to Hillsborough, Somerset.
Ouderling	2 dec 1783	Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey. Volgt John Brokaw, schoonFather van Jacob Bogaert, op als ouderling
Testament	10-9-1785	te Hillsborough, New Jersey

Father: 10. Gijsbert Bogaert was born in1694 in Staten Island, Richmond County, New York

(New Jersye Branch) and died in 1774 in Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania.

Mother: 11. Marretje Jacobse Bergen was born in 1695 in Staten Island, Richmond County, New York and died in 1768 in Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania.

Information about:

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.4.2 sheet 1

#### **Ancestors Peter Dumont Vroom**

Elizabeth Bodine was born on Okt 14, 1719 in Raritan, Somerset, New Jersey, United States and died in 1762 in Hillsborough, Somerset County, New Jersey, Ney York.

12. Abraham Bodyn died on an unknown date. 13. Adriadne Jansen died on an unknown date. Mother:

Peter Dumont was born on Apr 20, 1679 in Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey and died on Jul 17, 1744 in Raritan, Somerset County, New York.

He married 3<sup>th</sup>Jannetje (Hendrick) Van Vechten on Nov 16, 1711.

14. Wallerand Dumont was born in 1637 and died on Sep 3, 1713. Father:

Mother: 15. Grietje Hendrickse Van Vechten is geboren in.

Jannetje (Hendrick) Van Vechten was born in 1680 and died on an unknown date. 9.

16. Hendrick Claesen van Vechen. Father: Mother: 17. Gerritje Reijners Wizzelpenning.

10. Gijsbert Bogaert was born in 1694 in Staten Island, Richmond County, New York (New Jersey Branch) and died in 1774 in Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania.

He married Marretie Jacobse Bergen on Nov 17, 1719 in Flatbush, Kings County, Long Island, NY.

### Other events in the life of Gijsbert Bogaert

Landproperty 1729	Bushwick, Kings, New York, USA
	His father Gijsbert Theunis donates him 78 acres land
Relocated 1741	Flushing, Long Island
	Moved twice within one year. Now to Raritan, New Jersey
Relocated 1741	Flushing, Long Island, New York
	After selling his land, Gijsbert moves to Flushing Long Island
Landproperty 1741	Bushwick, Kings, New York, USA
	Gijsbert sell his property to Jeremiah Remsen.
Landproperty 1742	Soledury, buys form Thomas Candy of Solebury 250 acres land.
Landproperty from 1742	Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania
to 1755	Gijbert buys twice 250 acres farmland en ones 159 acres in 1755
Relocated 1743	Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey
	Relocated to Solebury, Buck County, Pennsylvania

ocated to Solebury, Buck County, Pennsylvania

Father: 18. Gijsbert Teunissse Bogaert was born on Nov 26, 1668 in Wallabout, Kings County,

New York and died on Apr 25, 1732 in Bushwick, Kings, New York.

19. Jannetje Symonson van Arsdale was born Dec 5, 1665 in Flatbush, Kings, New York Mother: and died in dec. 1732 in Staten Island, Richmond County, New York.

11. Marretje Jacobse Bergen was born in 1695 in Staten Island, Richmond County, New York (New Jersey and died in 1768 in Solebury, Buck County Pennsylvania.

Father: 20. Jacob Hansen Bergen was born Sep 11, 1653 in Staten Island, Richmond County,

New York (New Jersey) and died in 1738 in Richmond Ctv. New York.

21. Maria Corsen was born in Staten Island, Richmond County, New Jersey, New York Mother:

and died on an unknown date.

- 12. Abraham Bodyn died on an unknown date. He married Adriadne Jansen.
- 13. Adriadne Jansen died on an unknown date.
- 14. Wallerand Dumont was born in 1637 and died on Sep 3, 1713. He married Grietje Hendrickse Van Vechten on Dec 25, 1700.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **28.4.2** sheet 2

#### **Ancestors Peter Dumont Vroom**

- 15. Grietje Hendrickse Van Vechten was born in 1640 and died on an unknown date
- Hendrick Claesen van Vechen. He married Gerritje Reijners Wizzelpenning.
- 17. Gerritje Reijners Wizzelpenning.
- 18. Gijsbert Teunissse Bogaert was born on Nov 26, 1668 in Wallabout Kings County New York And died on Apr 25, 1732 in Bushwick, Kings, New York. He married Jannetje Symonson van Arsdale on Apr 16, 1689.

Other events in the life of Gijsbert Teunissse Bogaert

Flatbush, Kings County, New Between 1699 Relocated

> and 1706 After the dead of his fathered became deacon of the Dutch Church.

Father: 22. Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert was born in 1632 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

And died on Dec 1, 1699 in Wallabout, New York.

23. Sarah (Joris) Rapalje was born on Jul 9, 1625 in Fort Orange, Albany, New York Mother: And died in 1685 in Brooklyn, Kings County, New York.

19. Jannetje Symonson van Arsdale was born on Dec 5, 1665 in Flatbush, Kings, New York and died on December 1732 in Staten Island, Richmond County, New York.

Father: 24. Simon Janse van Arsdalen died on an unknown date. Mother: 25. Peternelle Claesen Wyckoff died on an unknown date.

20. Jacob Hansen Bergen was born on Sep 11, 1653 in Staten Island, Richmond County, New Jersey, and died in 1738 in Richmond Cty, New York. He married 2th Maria Corsen in Brooklyn, Kings, NY.

26. Hans Hansen Bergen is geboren op 9 jun. 1619 in Bergen, Noorwegen and died on Father: May 30, 1654 in Brooklyn, New York.

27. Sarah (Joris) Rapalje was born on Jul 9, 1625 in Fort Orange, Albany, New York and Mother: died in 1685 in Brooklyn, Kings County, New York.

- 21. Maria Corsen was born in Staten Island, Richmond County, New Jersey, New York, USA. And died on an unknown date.
- 22. Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert was born in 1632 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Dec 1, 1699 in Wallabout, New York.

He married 1th Sarah (Joris) Rapalje on Aug 19, 1654 in New Amsterdam.

Other events in the life of Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert

Emigration 1652 Brooklyn New York

Landproperty 1670 New Amsterdam - New York

Tunis had porperties in Wallabout, Bushwick en Brooklyn villages

28. Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert was born in 1595 in Heikop, SouthHolland and died Father:

In December 1684 in Heikop, South Holland.

29. Aertje Kirkse (Coeymans) Bastiaens was born on Jan 1, 1597 in Heikop, Mother: South Holland and died on Dec 1, 1646 in Heikop, South Holland.

23. Sarah (Joris) Rapalje was born on Jul 9, 1625 in Fort Orange, Albany, New York and died in 1685 in Brooklyn, Kings County, New York.

Father: 30. Joris Jansen Rapalje was born Apr 28, 1604 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium and died on Feb 21, 1663 in Breuckelen, Kings County, Long Island, NY.

Mother: 31. Catharina Jeronimus (Catalina) Trico was born on Jul 14, 1605 in Pry, Walcourt,

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.4.2 sheet 3

### **Ancestors Peter Dumont Vroom**

24. **Simon Janse van Arsdalen** died on an unknown date. He married Peternelle Claesen Wyckoff.

- 25. Peternelle Claesen Wyckoff died on an unknown date.
- 26. **Hans Hansen Bergen** iwas born on Jun 9, 1619 in Bergen, Noorwegen and died on May 30, 1654 in Brooklyn, New York.

He married Sarah (Joris) Rapalje in 1639 in New Amsterdam, Miontgomery, New York.

Father: 32. Hans Bergen was born in 1580 and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 33. Marta Jonassdaughter died on an unknown date.

27. **Sarah (Joris) Rapalje** is was born on Jul 9, 1625 in Fort Orange, Albany, New York and died in 1685 in Brooklyn, Kings County, New York.

Father: 34. Joris Jansen Rapalje was born on Apr 28, 1604 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium and died on Feb 21, 1663 in Breuckelen, Kings County, Long Island, NY.

Mother: 35. Catharina Jeronimus (Catalina) Trico was born on Jul 14, 1605 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen, Belgium and died in 1689.

28. **Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert** was born in 1595 in Heikop, South Holland and died on Dec 10, 1684 in Heikop, South Holland.

He married 1th Aertje Kirkse (Coeymans) Bastiaens on Jan1, 1624 in Hei en Boeicop, South Holland.

Father: 36. Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman was born in 1560 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland and died on Apr 1, 1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

Mother: 37. Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Dec 1, 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

- 29. **Aertje Kirkse (Coeymans) Bastiaens** was born on Jan 1, 1597 in Heikop, South Holland and died on Dec 1, 1646 in Heikop, South Holland.
- 30. **Joris Jansen Rapalje** was born on Apr 28, 1604 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium and died on Feb 21, 1663 in Breuckelen, Kings County, Long Island, NY.

He married Catharina Jeronimus (Catalina) Trico on Jan 21, 1624 in Wallon Church, Amsterdam.

### Other events in the life of Joris Jansen Rapalje

Emigration 1624 New Amsterdam. Joris and his wife belonged to the first Dutch emigrants to America with the ship the "Eendracht" on Jan 25, 1624 from Amsterdam.

Wedding Jan 20 1624 Amsterdam, the wedding took place just before departure from Amsterdam.

Adress Mar 1 1625 Fort Oranje, iin what is now Albany New York.

Father: 38. Jean Rapalje was born in 1552 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walslant, Belgium.

Mother: 39. Elizabeth Baudoin was born in 1560 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium.

31. Catharina Jeronimus (Catalina) Trico was born on Jul 14, 1605 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium.

Father: 40. Jeronomus Tricault was born in 1579 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium and died on

Feb 23, 1606 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium.

Mother: 41. Michele Sauvabie was born in 1585 in Paris, France.

- 32. Hans Bergen was born in 1580 and died on an unknown date.
- He maried Marta Jonassdaughter.
- 33. Marta Jonassdaughter died on an unknown date.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.4.2 sheet 4

#### **Ancestors Peter Dumont Vroom**

34. **Joris Jansen Rapalje** was born on Apr 28, 1604 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium. on Feb 21, 1663 in Breuckelen, Kings County, Long Island, NY.

He married Catharina Jeronimus (Catalina) Trico on Jan 21, 1624 in Wallon Church, Amsterdam.

Other events in the life of Joris Jansen Rapalje

Emigration 1624 New Amsterdam. Joris and his wife belonged to the first Dutch emigrants to America with the ship the "Eendracht" on Jan 25, 1624 from Amsterdam.

Wedding Jan 20 1624 Amsterdam, the wedding took place just before departure from Amsterdam.

Adress Mar 1 1625 Fort Oranje, iin what is now Albany New York.

Father: 38. Jean Rapalje was born in 1552 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walslant, Belgium.

Mother: 39. Elizabeth Baudoin was born in 1560 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium.

35. Catharina Jeronimus (Catalina) Trico was born on Jul 14, 1605 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium And died in 1689.

Father: 44. Jeronomus Tricault was born in 1579 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium and died on

Feb 23, 1606 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium.

Mother: 45. Michele Sauvabie was born in 1585 in Paris, France and died on an unknown date.

36. **Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1560 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland And died on Apr 1, 1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

He married 1th Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters in 1584 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Father: 46. Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman is geboren was born in 1540 in

Schoonrewoerd, South Holland, and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 47. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born on Jan 1, 1540 and died on Jan1, 1582.

- 37. **Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters** was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Dec 1, 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.
- 38. **Jean Rapalje** was born in 1552 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walslant, Belgium an died on an unknown date. He married Elizabeth Baudoin.
- 39. **Elizabeth Baudoin** was born in 1560 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium and died on an unknown date.
- 40. **Jeronomus Tricault** was born in 1579 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium and died on Feb 23, 1606 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium. He married Michele Sauvabie.

Other Events in the Life of Jeronomus

Profession Weaver and Huguenot

Inventor Pry, North France inventor of the fabric called Tricot.

- 41. Michele Sauvabie was born in 1585 in Paris, France and died on an unknown date.
- 42. **Jean Rapalje** was born in 1552 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walslant, Belgium and died on an unknown date. He married Elizabeth Baudoin.
- 43. **Elizabeth Baudoin** was born in 1560 in Valenciennes, Hainant, Walsant, Belgium and died on an unknown date.
- 44. **Jeronomus Tricault** was born in 1579 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium an died on Feb 23, 1606 in Pry, Walcourt, Namen Belgium. He married Michele Sauvabie.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.4.2 sheet 5

#### **Ancestors Peter Dumont Vroom**

- 45. Michele Sauvabie was born in 1585 in Paris, France and died on an unknown date.
- 46. **Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

  He married Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 47. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in Januari 1540 and died in January 1582.

# Capitool van de Verenigde Staten (1846)



Het 26<sup>ste</sup> Congres van de Verenigde Staten in 1939 Peter Dumont Vroom

Het Congres is een bijeenkomst van de wetgevende macht van de federale regering van de Verenigde Staten, bestaande uit de Senaat van de Verenigde Staten en het Huis van Afgevaardigden van de Verenigde Staten

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# Known 18th en 19th century descendants in America.

#### **Governor and Mayor** 28.5



Teunis van Vechten (1785-1859)

- He was lawyer.
- Hij was President of the Albany Insurance Company.
- Hij was Mayor of Albany van 1837 1839.

**Teunis van Vechten** was born on Nov 4, 1785 en overleden oand died on Feb 4, 1859 in Menands, Albany County, New York.

Father: 2. Teunis Teunissen van Vechten was born on Apr 24, 1749 in Catskill, Greene County, NY and died on Dec 7, 1817 in Albany, Albany County, NY.

3. Elizabeth the Wandelaer was born on Dec 14, 1753 in Albany, Albany County, NY Mother: and died on Dec 1, 1831 in Albany, Albany County, New York.

Teunis Teunissen van Vechten was born on Apr 24, 1749 in Catskill, Greene County, 2. New York and died on Dec 7, 1817 in Albany, Albany County, New York. He married Elizabeth de Wandelaer on Jan 5, 1776.

Other events in the life of Teunis Teunissen van Vechten:

Profession 1805 Prominent merchant - store in Albany

Legerdienst American Revolution

4. Teunis van Vechten was born on Apr 1, 1707 in Catskill, Greene County, New York Father:

and died on Apr 3, 1785 in Catskill, Greene County, New York.

5. Judikje (Judith) Ten broeck was born on Okt 12, 1721 in Kingston, Ulster County, NY Mother: and died on Mar 8, 1783 in Kingston, Ulster County, NY.

Elizabeth de Wandelaer was born on Dec 14, 1753 in Albany, Albany County, New York and died on Dec 1, 1831 in Albany, Albany County, New York.

Father: 6. Pieter de Wandelaer was born Aug 28, 1713 in Albany, New York and died on

Jul 17, 1792.

7. Anna Bogardus was born on Feb 11, 1724 in Albany, Albany Cunty, New York Mother:

and died on Jun 2, 1787 in Albany, Albany County, New York.

Teunis van Vechten was born on Apr 1, 1707 in Catskill, Greene County, New York and died on Apr 3, 1785 in Catskill, Greene County, New York.

He married Judikje (Judith) Ten broeck.

Father: 8. Jacob Ten Broeck was born on Mar 25, 1688 in Kingston, Ulster County,

New York and died on Apr 1, 1746 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.

9. Elizabeth Wynkoop was born in 1690 in Hurley, Ulster County, New York and died Mother:

on Feb 12, 1761 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.

Judikje (Judith) Ten broeck was born on Okt 12, 1721 in Kingston, Ulster County, NY and died on Mar 8, 1783 in Kingston, Ulster County, NY.

Father: 10. Jacob Ten Broeck was born on Mar 25, 1688 in Kingston, Ulster County,

New York and died in April 1746 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.

Mother: 11. Elizabeth Wynkoop was born in Hurley, Ulster County, New York and died on Feb 12, 1761 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.

Pieter de Wandelaer was bornon Aug 28, 1713 in Albany, New York and died on Jul 17, 1792. He married Anna Bogardus on Mar 10, 1753.

Father: 12. Johannes de Wandelaer was born in 1675 in New York and died in 1736 in Albany,

Albany County, New York.

13. Elisabeth (Lysbeth) Gansevoort was born in 1672 in Rensselaerwyck, Albany Mother: County, New York and died on Jan 17, 1742 in Rensselaer County, New York.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.5 sheet 1

7. **Anna Bogardus** was born on Feb 11, 1724 in Albany, Albany County, New York and died on Jun 2, 1787 in Albany, Albany County, New York.

Father: 14. Anthony Bogardus was born in 1682 in Albany County, New York and died

on Apr 14, 1744 in Albany, Albany County, New York.

Mother: 15. Jannetje Harmense Knickerbocker was born in 1684 in Rensselaerwyck, Albany County, New York and died on Apr 17,1744 in Rensselaerwyck, Albany, New York.

- 8. **Jacob Ten Broeck** was born on Mar 25, 1688 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York and died on Apr 1, 1746 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York. He married Elizabeth Wynkoop.
- 9. **Elizabeth Wynkoop** was born in 1690 in Hurley, Ulster County, New York and died on Feb 12, 1761 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.
- 10. **Jacob Ten Broeck** was born on Mar 25, 1688 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York and died in April 1746 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York. He marries Elizabeth Wynkoop.
- 11. **Elizabeth Wynkoop** was born in Hurley, Ulster County, New York and died on Feb 12, 1761 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.
- 12. **Johannes de Wandelaer** was born in 1675 in New York and died in 1736 in Albany, Albany County, New York. He married Elisabeth (Lysbeth) Gansevoort.
- 13. **Elisabeth (Lysbeth) Gansevoort** was born in 1672 in Rensselaerwyck, Albany County, New York and died on Jan 7, 1742 in Rensselaer County, New York.
- 14. **Anthony Bogardus** was born in 1682 in Albany County, New York and died on Apr 14, 1744 in Albany, Albany County, New York.

He married Jannetje Harmense Knickerbockeron Mar 6, 1709 in Albany, New York.

Father: 16. Pieter Bogardus was born in 1646 in Nieuw Amsterdam an d died in 1704 in Albany, Albany County, New York.

Mother: 17. Wyntie Cornelise Bosch was born in 1644 and died on Jan 28, 1712 in Kingston, Ulster County, NeW York.

15. **Jannetje Harmense Knickerbocker** was born in 1684 in Rensselaerwyck, Albany County, New York and died on Apr 17, 1744 in Rensselaerwyck, Albany, New York.

Father: 18. Harmen Janse van Wije Knickerbocker is geboren op 18 mrt. 1648 in Wijhe,

Overijssel en overleden op 3 apr. 1721 in Albany, New York.

Mother: 19. Lijsbeth Janse Bogart was born on Jun 3, 1659 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr 15, 1732 in Redhook, Dutchess County, New York.

- 16. **Pieter Bogardus** was born in 1646 in Nieuw Amsterdam and died in 1704 in Albany, Albany County, New York. He married Wyntie Cornelise Bosch.
- 17. Wyntie Cornelise Bosch was born in 1644 and died on Jan 28, 1712 in Kingston, Ulster County, NY.
- 18. **Harmen Janse van Wije Knickerbocker** was born on Mar 18, 1648 in Wijhe, Overijssel and died on Apr 3, 1721 in Albany, New York.

Hij huwde Lijsbeth Janse Bogart op 3 jan. 1675 in Albany, New York.

Other events in the life of Harmen Janse van Wije Knickerbocker:

Military 25 jul 1685 Wounded in the battle of Solebay with the Ruijter's fleet.

service Went to Fort Orange.

Father: 20. Johannes van Wije Knickerbocker wwas born in 1623 in Friesland, Netherland

and died in Wije, Overijssel, the Netherlands

Mother: 21. Jannetje Jansen van Masterlandt was bon in 1628 in Zaltbommel, Gelderland,

Netherland.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.5 sheet 2

19. **Lijsbeth Janse Bogart** was born on Jun3, 1659 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr 15, 1732 in Redhook, Dutchess County, New York.

Father: 22. Jan Laurens Bogaert was born in 1625 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and

died in 1708 in Lower Manhattan, New Amsterdam, New York.

Mother: 23. Cornelia Anna Evertse was born op 1 aug. 1632 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1707 in New Amsterdam - New York.

20. **Johannes van Wije Knickerbocker** was born in 1623 in Friesland, Netherland and died in Wije, Overijsse. He married Jannetje Jansen van Masterlandt in 1650.

Father: 24. Roelof van Wije was born in 1600 and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 25. Johanna Splythoff and died on an unknown date.

- 21. Jannetje Jansen van Masterlandt was born in 1628 in Zaltbommel, Gelderland, Netherland.
- 22. **Jan Laurens Bogaert** was born in 1625 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1708 in Lower Manhattan, New Amsterdam, New York.

He married Cornelia Anna Evertse in 1654 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

### Other events in the life of Jan Laurens Bogaert:

Property Between 1663	New Harlem, Manhattan
-----------------------	-----------------------

and 1671 Buys a farm at the base of East 235<sup>th</sup> street and the

East river Manhattan

Immigration 16 apr 1663 New York, on Apr 16, 1663 with the New Netherland or

The "de Bonte Koe" via Redford to Harlem

Profession Between 1672 Harlem, Westchester County, New York

and 1676 Magistrate

Landproperty Between 1679 By the Hoorns Hook, Spuyten Duvil and Hellegat sound

and 1701 Land purchase

Relocation Between 1695 Sells his land in Bedford and Harlem to Captain Johannes Benson

and 1706 and moves to New Amsterdam.

Father: 26. Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert was born in 1598 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1670 in Vianen, Utrecht.

Mother: 27. Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert was born in 1600 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

23. **Cornelia Anna Evertse** was born in August 1632 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1707 in New Amsterdam - New York.

Father: 28. Evert Jansz Evertse was born in 1606 in Leerdam, Sout Holland.

Mother: 29. Grietje Claes was born in 1610 in Leerdam, South Holland.

24. Roelof van Wije was born in 1600 and died on an unknown date.

He married Johanna Splythoff.

### Other events in the life of Roelof van Wije:

Profession Captain in the army

Father: 30. Cornelis van Wije was married in 1563 and died on an unknown date.

Mother: 31. Wilhelmina van Haeften died on an unknown date.

25. Johanna Splythoff and died on an unknown date.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 28.5 sheet 3

26. **Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert** was born in 1598 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1670 in Vianen, Utrecht. He married Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert in 1624.

Other events in the life of Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert:

Church 1620 Schoonrewoerd, Low German Reformed. Adress 1667 Vianen. Has a house behind the church in

Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

Father: 32. Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman was born in 1560 in Hoog Middelkoop,

South Holland and died on Apr 1, 1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

Mother: 33. Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and

died in December 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

- 27. **Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert** was born in 1600 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
- 28. Evert Jansz Evertse was born in in 1606 in Leerdam, South Holland.

He married Grietje Claes.

Father: 34. Evertse.

- 29. Grietje Claes ws born in 1610 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 30. Cornelis van Wije was born in 1563 and die dan unknown date.

He married Wilhelmina van Haeften.

Other events in the life of Cornelis van Wije:

Profession Judge in Wageningen, Gelderland

- 31. Wilhelmina van Haeften
- 32. **Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1560 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland and died in April1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

He married 1th Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters in 1584 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Other events in the life of Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman:

Profession 1646 Magistrate in 1646 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He testeer on Apr 2, 1647 (records his will) in Acqouy, Gelderland

Guardianship 10-12-1646 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

He has asked the Court in Leerdam to transfer the custody of his grandchildren, the children of Cornelius Theunisz to another because

of his blindness.

Namechange 10-12-1646 Leerdam, Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

Theunis Gijsbertsz request the Court of Leerdam for his children to

give them the surname "Bogaert". This is granted.

Father: 35. Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 36. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in January 1540 and died in January 1582.

33. **Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters** was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in December 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

Other events in the life of Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters:

The will Dec 10, 1646 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

- 34. Evertse. He married with an onknown women.
- 35. **Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, SouthHolland.

He married Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

36. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in January 1540 and died in January 1582.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# Known 18<sup>th</sup> en 19<sup>th</sup> century descendants in America. President, First Lady, acquaintances in the Film world

### **28.6** Theodore (Teddie) Jr. Roosevelt (1858-1919)

Descendant of Louw Theunisz Bogaert (1598-1676). He was the 26<sup>nd</sup> president of America



### 28.7 Anna Eleanor Roosevelt (1884-1962) 34th First Lady van Amerika.

Descendants of Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert (1598-1676). Wife of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, de 32<sup>nd</sup> president of America. Her father Elliott Roosevelt was a brother of Theodore (Teddie) Roosevelt.



### 28.8 Humphrey Deforest Bogart (1899-1957)

Descendant of Gijsbert Theunisz Bogaert (1595-1664)



De verschijning van Bogart met zijn hoed, regenjas, zijn platte The appearance of Bogart with his hat, raincoat, his flat American accent and his inseparable cigarette grew into an icon of film history

In 1999 he was selected by the American Film Institute (AFI) to the greatest male film legend of all time.



Humphrey Deforest Bogart's grandfather was a brother of Nora Adela Rogers's great grandfather.

### 28.9 Nora Adela Rogers, a descendant of Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert (1632-1699)



Nora Adela Rogers (May 20, 1894 - August 10-8,1988) She was a journalist, writer and screenwriter.

She was born the only daughter of the criminal defense attorney Earl Rogers and Harriet Belle Greene.

She mainly gained a reputation for her groundbreaking achievements as The World's Greatest Girl Reporter in the 1920s - 1930s.

On April 22, 1970 she received the Presidential Medal of Freedom.

An award given to people by the President of the United States who have made a "special meritorious contribution to security or national interests of the United States and world peace.



She also wrote a number of screenplays for "silent films". Including "The Single Standard".

A romantic drama film from 1929 with Greta Garbo as the lead actress.

Her great-grandfather was a brother of the grandfather's Humphrey Deforest Bogart

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 29 The Dutch governor of New Netherlands in the 17th century

From 1624 -1664 the colony was successively led by the following persons.

29.1 Cornelius Jacobsz May, Governor of New Netherland 624 to 1625

**29.2** Willem Verhulst. Governor of New Netherland 1625 to 1626

**29.3** Pieter Minuit. Governor of New Netherland 1626 to 1632



Governor of New Netherland from 1626 to 1632

He was born in Wesel (Rhineland) and was a diamond cutter and merchant. He was the third governor of New Netherland also known as Nova Belgica.

He became "famous" because he bought the island "Manhattan" from the Indians in 1626 in exchange trinkets worth "60 guilders (approx \$ 24).

Minuit founded on behalf of the Swedish Queen on the south river Delaware (now Wilmington) on the north side opposite Fort Oranje a Swedish branch and became the first governor of New Sweden. (1638).

### 29.4 Bastiaens Jensz Krol, Interim-Governor of New Netherland1632 to 1633

Bastiaens Jenz Krol was appointed because Peter Minuit was recalled to the homeland. Before and after his performance as Director General, Krol was commander of Fort Oranje. Krol is mainly mentioned in the purchase documents of the domain Resselaerswyck in 1630 by diamond merchant Kiliaen van Resselaer.

He returned to Holland twice. Between 1638 and 1643 he lived in New Netherland. In 1645 the latest information about him from "Oud Amsterdam"

### **29.5** Wouter van Twiller, Governor of New Netherland from *1633 to 1638*

Van Twiller was born in Nijkerk as the son of Ryckert Wolters van Twiller and Marietgen Hendricks van Rensselaer. He was initially a clerk of the West India Company (WIC). At the hands of his uncle Kiliaen van Rensselaer, a member of Messrs. XIX, he was appointed director of New Netherland in 1633 at the age of 27, succeeding Bastiaen Jansz. Krol. Van Twiller left for the New World with the ship Soutberg. In 1637 he bought an island near New Amsterdam, which was named "Randall Island" a century and a half later.

#### 29.6 Willem Kieft. Governor of New Netherland from 1638 tot 1647



Was born in Amsterdam. He was initially a merchant, but was appointed governor of New Netherland on March 28, 1637, succeeding the circumspect Wouter van Twiller.

Due to its tactless behavior in a period of expansion after the WIC traded in 1639, Kieft's reign was continuous conflicts with the Indians and the colonists.

From 1640 to 1645 he waged the war named after him against several Indian ribes whom he imposed protection money in 1639.

In 1640 Director-General Kieft tried to get compensation in grain or to grant it services. The Indians did not cooperate and soldiers were deployed.

The final result was a period of "Indian wars" from 1641 to 1645.

During at that time the pioneers were obliged to leave their farms and go to the safety of the fort flee. Cattle were killed, houses destroyed, women and children captured and "Getomahawed".

George Rapalje's son Jacob Roger Williams, who happened to be in New Amsterdam during the rebellion has described situation.

In the course of 1642-1643, within months became years of diligent labor, freeing and to cultivate fields, to build houses by hand, destroyed.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

### 29.7 Pieter Stuyvesant, Governor of New Netherland from 1647 tot 1664



Petrus Stuyvesant (most likely born in Perperga, Weststellingwerf (Friesland), born 1611 or 1612 and died in New York 1672.

Peter Stuyvesant was selected in 1645 to replace the previous Governor William Kieft and was Director-General of the Dutch colony of New Netherland from 1647, until it was conquered by the English in 1664.

Peter Stuyvestant took steps to organize the city.

He hired surveyors to check the boundaries of the properties and demanded that anyone planning to build submit these plans to the surveyors for approval.





#### In 1664

Enter the English without ceremony in the lower bay of New York, and demanded the surrender of Pieter Stuyvesant, after which Richard Nicolls took over command.

Richard Nicolls served until 1668 when Francis became Lovelace appointed by the Crown of England to succeed him

### In 1665

Was there another Indians revolt when a farmer killed a squaw for taking peaches from his orchard At that time Peter Stuyvesant had every healthy soldier of it fort taken on an expedition against the Swedes on the Delaware River.

Pieter Minuit (former governor of New Netherland) had it with / for the Swedish queen Fort Cristina built on the Delaware River, now Maryland, Delaware, and New Jersey Pennsylvania He drowned during his trip to the Netherlands to pick up Dutch and Swedish pioneers for the Swedish Delaware branch.

Two thousand Indians gathered on the Hudson River and more than 700 landed on it Manhattan. The Indians killed 100 people, took 150 prisoners and left 300 people behind without a home or belongings.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

### 29.8 Anthony Colve, Governor of New Netherland from 1673 - 1674

The year 1672 has gone down in history for the Republic of the Seven United Netherlands as "the Disaster Year". A Dutch proverb from the time was therefore the land was beyond measure, the regents desperate and the people unreasonable.

- France attacked the Republic and it took great effort to defeat French troops onland.
   On the other side of the ocean a special act of war took place.
- The Dutch, commanded by Cornelius Evertse and Anthony Colve, took over power from the The English left and the Dutch regained possession of New York.

Cornelis Evertsen de Jongste (*Vlissingen, 1642-Middelburg, 1706*) was vice-admiral of the Staatse fleet when he was ordered to conquer Saint Helena in 1672.

The island in the southern Atlantic Ocean was in the hands of the English.

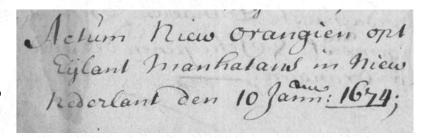
But upon arrival, the island was already by the Dutch East India Company (VOC) taken. Cornelis Evertsen de Jongste joined the fleet of the Amsterdam admiralty under Jacob Benckes.

In August 1673 the 21 ships reached the Hudson River.

Here 11 English ships were overpowered. Cornelis received information from Dutch farmers about the poor condition of the fort "Jems" on the Manhattan peninsula.

The English wanted negotiate the surrender. Cornelis suspected time wanted to stretch to reinforcement in it fort.

After waiting half an hour it gave up Cornelis Evertsen the Youngest order to open fire



The English lowered the flag to surrender and the fort was given a new name by Cornelis Evertse; "Willem Hendrik" and New York was renamed "New Orange".



New York in 1673, when Dutch forces recaptured the city from the English. On the far right the stockade "de wallen", after which Wall Street is named.

At the end of the Third Anglo-Dutch War between the Kingdom of England and the Republic of the Seven United Netherlands from 1672 to 1674, was by the Treaty of Westminster reaffirmed on February 19, 1674 that New Netherland became part of the Kingdom England and Suriname belonged to the Republic of the Seven Netherlands.

### 29.9 Edmund, Andros 1674- 1683



Colonial Governor of the Kingdom of England from New York.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

30

# The BOGAERT / Bogart Famiy

### The descendants in

"British North America" now Canada



### 30.1 The War of Independence and Canada

Settlements had been established by the British along the coastline from Florida to Newfoundland. In 1664, New Netherland, including New Amsterdam, was occupied.

Thirteen of the twenty British colonies revolted against the British in 1775 and on July 4, proclaimed their independence as the "United States of America".

### The War of independence (1775-1783)

This was the war between Great Britain and her thirteen colonies.

The differences between the colonies in economic terms are very large.

- The economy in the North was determined by traders and small farmers.
- The economy in the South was dominated by slavery dependent tobacco, rice and cotton plantations.

The official name for the British colonies in North America was British America.

The Peace of Paris (the Peace of Versailles) in 1783 meant the end of the American Revolutionary War. The independence of the United States was recognized by the British Empire.

But it was not until April 19, 1783, before the British acknowledged their loss.

The last British troops left on November 25, 1783 the United States.



After the War of Independence ended, the term "British North America" was used for the remaining British possessions on the American mainland North of the 49 latitude.

In 1867 the first British Norh America act was signed.

New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Ontario and Quebec gained independence as a self-governing part of the Kingdom of Great Britain, under the name Canada. Canada emerged from this between 1867 and 1873.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 30.2

# The history of the Bogart familie in America en Canada

An investigation into your family's history. For many, the past has passed and is no longer interesting. The future is ahead of us and we can still influence it.

The beauty that I come across again and again in my search in the past is the steadfastness of many families. In difficult circumstances, they always managed to create a better living situation together.

If I read the history of the descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman through, I realize, that if these people thought they had no hope for a better future, they would not have accomplished so much.

Without steadfastness, faith and trust, the past has no future.
 Both are inseparable and form a whole.

### Is genealogy a modern fad of the 21st century?

Two well-known descendants have preceded me in my quest.

Both published their books in the 20th century

1. John Albert Bogart, born February 18, 1889 in Ludlow, Kentucky USA, started his search for the origin of the Bogaert-Bogart family in the 1950s.

# "The Bogart Family, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and his descendants".

- Written by the American John Albert Bogart (1889-1969).
- Issued in 1955.
- An extensive study, mainly in America and less in the Netherlands.

Below is the link to the book.

https://archive.org/details/bogartfamilytuni00boga/page/n25/mode/2up

1. John Marshall Campbell Bogart, born on Juli. 17, 1847 in Adolphustown, Lennox en Addington County, Ontario, Canada.

### "The History of the Bogart Family in Canada".

- Written by the Canadian Marshall Campbell Bogart (1847-1927) Issued in 1918
- His cousin Frederick Bogart McMullen from Chicago (1871-1927) married to Lois Agatha Rice (1871 -), helped him prepare he book.

It is above all an ode to his grandmother Maria Polly Lazier (101 years old) and the research is mainly aimed at the immediate families around her.

The Dutch origin is briefly discussed.

Below is the link to the book:

https://archive.org/details/somenotesonhisto00bogauoft/mode/2up

In my search I used the data from their books.

- Where possible, I have improved and supplemented this with the help of today's search systems and files and tried to answer open questions.
- Where possible, I also provided the stories with available photos, such the well-known location photos from Google Earth.
- For the interested among you, I have included the links above to the English versions of the family books from the "Past".
- Furthermore, the ancestral line and the descendant overview of this Canadian family will be added to the site <a href="https://bogerdgenealogie.jouwweb.nl/">https://bogerdgenealogie.jouwweb.nl/</a>

I hope everyone enjoys reading these stories about a special Bogart family. If there are any questions and tips, let me know.





In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 30.3

### Why from America to Canada

The loss of faith and trust in the Britisch Crown led to an emigration to "British North America, present-day Canada.

**Gysbert Bogert** (1742-1829), son of Cornelius Bogaert and Margrietje Blauvelt, was married with Maria Lent (1744-1837) and lived in Tappan, Rockland County, New York.

During the American Revolution, Gysbert and his wife had remained faithful to the British Crown and were forced by the behavior of the patriots to flee to the current Canada. They were and remained faithful "**United Empire Loyalists**".

- The name "United Empire Loyalist" is an honorary title first given by the 1st Lord Dorchester, Governor of Quebec and Governor General of Canada to American settlers who remained loyal to the British Crown.
  - From Tappan they settled with their son **Abraham** in Aldolphustown, Lennox and Addington, Canada.
- Here they founded the Canadian branch of descendants of Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman.
  - Their daughter **Grietje Bogart** (1762-1809) married to Jan Duryee (1753-1793) stayed in Tappan. Unfortunately, there appears to be little information about a permanent contact between her and her parents and brother.

The oldest monument dedicated to Ontario's United Empire Loyalists is located in historic Adolphustown.

The text on the granite monument can be translated as follows.

• In memory of the Loyalists of the United Empire, who through loyalty to the British Crown left America and landed on this coast on June 16, 1784.



De U.E.L. Obelisk in Adolphustown, Ontario, Canada

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

### 30.4 Waters named after the Bogart family

- Between Rosseau and Raymond lies Bogart Lake in the Muskoka Lakes, Ontario Canada
- The little town "Bogarttown", now a suburb of New Market, North of Toronto, is located on the "Bogartkreek".

### Adolphustown

An important settlement where the Bogart family settled around 1783.

As mentioned earlier, Gilbert Bogart (1742-1829) and his wife **Maria Lent** (1742-1837) were as Loyalists after the American Revolutionary War (1775-1783) in 1794 emigrated to the province of "Upper Canada".

This was a part of British North America founded in 1791 by The Kingdom Great-Britain

- Loyalists were American settlers of all ethnic backgrounds, who supported the British cause during the American Revolutionary War.
- About 7,500 Loyalists emigrated to present-day Ontario. Most settled along the St. Lawrence River and Quinte Bay.
- A recognized Loyalist received at least one concession of land for a new start.
  - They settled in Adolphustown, Lennox and Addington, Ontario, Canada.
  - The purchase of their farm and adjacent land are registered under the 4<sup>th</sup> concession lot nummer 21.

### **30.5** Abraham Lent Bogart (1787-1848)

Son of Gysbert Bogart and Margrietje Blauvelt.

• He married on Mzr. 18, 1792 in Adolphustown, Lennox en Addington, Ontario, Canada with **Mary Polly Lazier** (1772-1874) daughter of Nicolas Jacobus Lazier and Charity Conklin.









# The History of the Bogart Family in Canada, In memory of a noble woman, My grandmother Mary Polly Lazier.

Marshall Cambell Bogart.

### As a grandson sa wand described his grandmother.

- It is appropriate and right to pay tribute to her great moral worth.
  - As Steele aptly observes, "The memory of a well-spent youth brings a peaceful, unmixed, and elegant pleasure to the mind".
- She never had to put aside the vanities and frivolities of youth, for she had never dealt with them
- She was always a strong, serious worker, "Carrying the burden and heat of the day".
- It was a pleasure for her to provide for her family and work day and night for the comfort and education of her children

He also included the genealogical data of his parents in the book:

• Lewis Lazier Bogart (1804-1888) and Elizabeth Cronk Bogart (1813-1890).

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **30.5** sheet 1

# **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

Abraham Lent Bogart was born on May. 28, 1767 in Tappan, Rockland County, New York and died on Okt. 12, 1848 in Adolphustown, Lennox and Addington, Ontario, Canada.



He married Maria Polly Lazier on Mar.19, 1792 in Adolphustown, Lennox and Addington, Ontario.



### Other events in the life of Abraham Lent Bogart

Immigration The couple emigrated to Toronto in 1784 as loyalists

after the American Revolution. Father: 2. Gysbert Bogart was born on Okt. 3, 1742 in Tappan, Rockland County,

> New York and died on Mar. 25, 1829 in Adolphustown, Lennox and Addington, Ontario, Canada.

Mother: 3. Maria Lent was born on Dec. 19, 1744 in Tappan, Rockland County, New York And died on Mar. 25, 1837 in Napanee, Lennox and Addington, Ontario.

Gysbert Bogart was born on Okt. 3, 1742 in Tappan, Rockland County, New York and died on Mar. 25, 1829 in Adolphustown, Lennox and Addington, Ontario, Canada. He married Maria Lent in 1761 in Tappan, Rockland, New York.

# Other events in the life of Gysbert Bogart

16 jun 1784 They came with son Abraham as United Empire Loyalitst to Canada Move to Daughter Grietje Bogart and husband John Duryee stayed in America.

4. Cornelius Bogaert was born on Okt 12, 1715 in Tappan, Rockland, New York Father: And died on May 14, 1807 in Tappan, Rockland, New York.

Mother: 5. Margrietje (Cornelius) Blauvelt was born on Mar.14, 1720 in Tappan, New York and died on May 14, 1807 in Tappan, New York.

3. Maria Lent was born on Dec. 12, 1744 in Tappan, Rockland County, New York and died on Mar. 25,1837 in Napanee, Lennox and Addington, Ontario.

Father: 6. Adolph Lent was born on Jun. 29, 1702 in Westchester County, New York and died On Okt. 8, 1780 in Manhantan, New York, New York County.

7. Klaatje (Cassie) Haring was born on Apr. 21, 1711 in Tappan, Rockland, Mother: New York and died in 1778 in Nyack, Rockland, New York.

Cornelius Bogaert is gebwas born on Okt. 12, 1715 in Tappan, Rockland, New York and died On May 14, 1807 in Tappan, Rockland, New York.

He married Margrietje (Cornelius) Blauvelt in 1740 in New-Amsterdam, New York.

Father: 8. Gijsbert Janse Bogaert was born on Sep. 26, 1663 in Bedford, Queens New Amsterdam and died on Dec. 12, 1718 in Tappan, Sparkill New York.

9. Annetie Jansen Low was born on Jul. 8, 1674 in New Amsterdam, New York City Mother: And died in 1740 in Tappan, Rockland, New York.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**30.5** sheet 2

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

5. **Margrietje (Cornelius) Blauvelt** was born on Mar. 14, 1720 in Tappan, New York and died on May. 14, 1807 in Tappan, New York.

Father: 10. Cornelius (Johannes) Blauvelt was born on Okt. 25, 1694 and died in 1738.

Mother: 11. Margrietje Talman was born on Jan. 13, 1697 in Nyack, Rockland, Ulster County,

New York and died in 1779 in Tappan, Rockland County, New York.

6. **Adolph Lent** was born on Jun. 29, 1702 in Westchester County, New York and died on Okt. 8, 1780 in Manhantan, New York, New York County.

Hij huwde Klaatje (Cassie) Haring.

Father: 12. Abraham Rycke (Lent).

Mother: 13. Anna Catharine Meyer was born on Mar. 11, 1677 in Ulfen, Westfalen, Duitsland

and died on Jul. 21, 1762 in Newton, Long Island, Queens County, NY.

7. **Klaatje (Cassie) Haring** is geborwas born on Apr. 21, 1711 in Tappan, Rockland, New York and died In 1778 in Nyack, Rockland, New York.

Father: 14. **Pieter Jans Haring** was born on Aug. 13, 1664 in New Amsterdam and died on

May 1, 1726 in Piermont, Orange, New York.

Mother: 15. Greetje (Grietje, Margaret) Bogaert was born on Aug. 13, 1664 in

Bedford-Stuyvesant, Long Island, New York and died on Apr. 13, 1723 in

Red Hook, Dutchess, New York.

8. **Gijsbert Janse Bogaert** was born on Sep 26, 1663 in Bedford, Queens New Amsterdam and died on Dec. 12, 1718 in Tappan, Sparkill New York.

He married Annetje Jansen Low Omstreeks 1694 in Albany, New York.

Other events in the life of Gijsbert Janse Bogaert

Occupation Member of the "Grand Jury" in Tappan.

Land purchased from Hendrick 6 okt 1707

Lamberts ate the "Sparkhill". Tappan (Orangetown) New York.

Father: 16. Jan Laurens Bogaert was born in 1625 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died

in 1708 in Lower Manhattan, New Amsterdam, New York.

Mother: 17. Cornelia Anna Evertse was born Aug. 13, 1632 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died on Apr. 15, 1723 in Red Hook, Dutchess, New York.

9. **Annetje Jansen Low** was born on Jul. 8, 1674 in New Amsterdam, New York City and died in

1740 in Tappan, Rockland, New York.

Father: 18. Laurens Jansen Lo(u)w van Kortright was born in 1651 in Leerdam,

South Holland and died in 1727 in Kingston County, New Jersey, New York.

Mother: 19. Maritje (Mary) Roosa is geboren in 1652 in Herwijnen, Gelderland en overleden

in 1706 in Harlem, New York.

10. Cornelius (Johannes) Blauvelt is geborenwas born Okt. 25, 1694 and died in 1738.

He married Margrietje Talman on Jan. 25, 1717 in Tappan, Rockland, New York.

Father: 20. Johannes (Gerrit) Blauvelt was born on Apr. 9, 1659 and died on Jul. 29, 1733.

Mother: 21. Catharine (Cornelius) Speets was born in 1676 and died on an unknown date.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **30.5** sheet 3

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

11. **Margrietje Talman** was born on JA. 13, 1697 in Nyack, Rockland, Ulster county, New York and died in 1779 in Tappan, Rockland County, New York.

Father: 22. **Teunis Douwens Talman** was born on Feb. 8, 1665 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York and died on Jul. 17, 1739 in Nyack, Rockland, Ulster County,

New York.

Mother: 23. **Brechtje Bridget Haring** was born on Jul. 4, 1675 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York and died on Jan. 12, 1709 in Nyack, Rockland, Ulster County,

New York.

12. Abraham Rycke (Lent).

He married Anna Catharine Meyer.

13. **Anna Catharine Meyer** was born on Mar. 11, 1677 in Ulfen, Westfalen, Duitsland and died On Jul. 21, 1762 in Newton, Long Island, Queens County, NY.

14. **Pieter Jans Haring** was born on Aug. 13, 1664 in New Amsterdam and died May1, 1726 in Piermont, Orange, New York.

He married **Greetje (Grietje, Margaret) Bogaert** on Dec. 4, 1687 in Harlem, Manhatten County, New York.

Father: 24. **Jan Pieterz Haring** was born on Dec. 26, 1633 in Hoorn, North Holland and died

On Dec. 7, 1683 in New York City, New York.

New York and died on Apr. 15, 1723 in Red Hook, Dutchess, New York.

Mother: 25. **Grietje (Margaret) Cozyns** was born on May 2, 1641 in Haarlem, North Holland And died in 1724 in Orange, Schuyler County, New York.

15. **Greetje (Grietje, Margaret) Bogaert** was born on Aug. 13, 1664 in Bedford-Stuyvesant, Long Island,

Father: 26. Jan Laurens Bogaert was born in 1625 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died

in 1708 in Lower Manhattan, New Amsterdam, New York.

Mother: 27. **Cornelia Anna Evertse** was born on Aug. 13, 1632 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr. 15, 1723 in Red Hook, Dutchess, New York.

16. **Jan Laurens Bogaert** was born in 1625 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1708 in Lower Manhattan, New Amsterdam, New York.

He married Cornelia Anna Evertse op 21 feb. 1650 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

### Other events in the life of n Jan Laurens Bogaert

Property 1663 to 1671 New Harlem, Manhattan

Buys a farm at the bottom of East 235th Street and the East River

Manhattan.

Immigration 16 apr 1663 New York op 16 april 1663 met de New Netherland of de Bonte Koe

via Redford naar Harlem

Occupation Tussen 1672 en Harlem, Westchester County, New York

1676 Magistrate in New Harlem in 1675 en 1676.

Land ownershipTussen 1679 en By Hoorns Hook, Spuyten Duvil en Hellegat sound

1701 Land purchase

Move to Tussen 1695 en Sell his land in Bedford and Harlem to Kapitein Johannes Benson and

1706 he move to New Amsterdam

Father: 28. Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert was born in 1598 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1670 in Vianen, Utrecht.

Mother: 29. Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert was born in 1600 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

and died on an unknown date.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **30.5** sheet 4

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

- 17. **Cornelia Anna Evertse** was born on Aug. 13, 1632 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died On Apr. 15, in Red Hook, Dutchess, New York.
  - Father: 30. Evert Jansz Evertse was born in 1606 in Leerdam, South Holland and died

in 1669 in Reusel de Mierden, North Brabant.

Mother: 31. **Grietje Claes** was born in 1610 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1632

in Leerdam, South Holland.

18. Laurens Jansen Lo(u)w van Kortright was born in 1651 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1727 in Kingston County, New Jersey, New York.

He married Maritje (Mary) Roosa on Dec. 14, 1672 in Esopus, Ulster, New York.

- Father: 32. **Jan Basiensen van Kortrijk** was born in 1618 in Leerdam, South Holland and died On Jan. 8, 1677 in Kingston, Ulster, New York.
- Mother: 33. **Jolant de la Montagne** was born in 1627 in Leiden, South-Holland and died in 1677 in Harlem, New York.
- 19. **Maritje (Mary) Roosa** was born in 1652 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1706 in Harlem, New York.
  - Father: 34. **Aelbert Heijmansz Roosa** was born on Jan. 15, 1621 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died on Feb. 27, 1679 in Esopus, Hurley, Ulster County, New York.
  - Mother: 35. **Wilhelmina (Wyntje) Ariens de Jongh** was born on Feb. 27, 1623 in Herwijnen, Gelderland an died on Okt. 28, 1686 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.
- 20. **Johannes (Gerrit) Blauvelt** was born on Apr. 9, 1659 and died om Juli. 29, 1733. He married **Catharine (Cornelius) Speets**.
- 21. Catharine (Cornelius) Speets was born in 1676 and died on an unknown date.
- 22. **Teunis Douwens Talman** was born on Feb. 8, 1665 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York An died on Jul. 17, 1739 in Nyack, Rockland, Ulster County, New York. He married **Brechtje Bridget Haring**.
  - Father: 36. **Douwe Hermansz Hermanszen** was born in 1624 in Friesland en oveand died before 19-6-1687 in Bergen, New Jersey.
  - Mother: 37. Dirckje (Dircky) Theunis was born in the Netherlands.
- 23. **Brechtje Bridget Haring** is gebowas born on Jul. 4, 1675 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York and died on Jan. 12, 1709 in Nyack, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.
  - Father: 38. **Jan Pieterz Haring** was born on Dec. 26, 1633 in Hoorn, North Holland an died On Dec. 7, 1683 in New York City, New York.
  - Mother: 39. **Grietje (Margaret) Cozyns** was born on May 2, 1641 in Haarlem, North Holland And died in 1724 in Orange, Schuyler County, New York.
- 24. **Jan Pieterz Haring** was born on Dec. 26, 1633 in Hoorn, North Holland and died on Dec. 7, 1683 in New York City, New York.

He married **Grietje (Margaret) Cozyns** in 1662 in Whitsuntide.

### Other events in the life of Jan Pieterz Haring

Occupation Alderman of New Amsterdam

- Father: 40. **Pieter Jansen Haring** was born in 1610 in Hoorn, North Holland and died on Dec.7, 1683 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.
- Mother: 41. **Grietje Maritie Pieters** was born in 1610 in Grote Havensberg, Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1633 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**30.5** sheet 5

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

25. Grietje (Margaret) Cozyns was bborn on May 2, 1641 in Haarlem, North Holland an died in 1724 in Orange, Schuyler County, New York.

42. Cosyn Gerritsen van Putten was born in 1608 in Putten, Gelderland and died Father:

in 1686 in New Amsterdam, New York.

Mother: 43. (Onbekend).

26. Jan Laurens Bogaert was born in 1625 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1708 in Lower Manhattan, New Amsterdam, New York.

He married Cornelia Anna Evertse op 21 feb. 1650 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Other events in the life of Jan Laurens Bogaert

1663 to 1671 New Harlem, Manhattan Property

Buys a farm at the bottom of East 235th Street and the

East River Manhattan.

New York on Apr. 16,1663 met de New Netherland of de Immigration 16 apr 1663

Bonte Koe via Redford naar Harlem

Occupation Tussen 1672 en 1676 Harlem, Westchester County, New York

Magistrate in New Harlem in 1675 en 1676.

Land Tussen 1679 en 1701 By Hoorns Hook, Spuyten Duvil en Hellegat sound

Land purchase ownership

Tussen 1695 en 1706 Sell his land in Bedford and Harlem to Kapitein Johannes Move to

Benson and he move to New Amsterdam

Father: 28. Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert was born in 1598 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1670 in Vianen, Utrecht.

Mother: 29. Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert was born in 1600 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

and died on an unknown date.

27. Cornelia Anna Evertse was born on Aug. 13, 1632 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on Apr. 15, 1723 in Red Hook, Dutchess, New York.

Father: 46. Evert Jansz Evertse was born in 1606 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in

1669 in Reusel de Mierden, Noord-Brabant.

47. Grietie Claes was born in 1610 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1632 in Mother:

Leerdam, South Holland.

28. Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert was born in 1598 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1670 in Vianen, Utrecht.

He married Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert in 1624.

Other events in the life of Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert

Faith 1620 Schoonrewoerd, Dutch Reformed Church

Adress 1667 Vianen.

He has a house behind the Church in Schoonrewoerd. Possessions

Father: 48. Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman was born in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in April 1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

49. Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters was bon in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland Mother:

And died in December 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

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In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **30.5** sheet 6

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

- 29. Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert was born in 1600 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 30. Evert Jansz Evertse was born in 1606 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1669 in Reusel de Mierden, Noord-Brabant.

He married **Grietje Claes** in 1627 in Leerdam, South Holland.

- 31. Grietje Claes was born in 1610 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1632 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 32. Jan Basiensen van Kortrijk was born in 1618 in Leerdam, South Holland and died on Jan. 8, 1677 in Kingston, Ulster, New York.

He married Jolanta de la Montagne in 1644 in Leerdam, South Holland.

50. Sebastaen Cortes Castillo van Kortrijk was born in 1586 in Fustinana, Navarra, Father: Spain and died in 1633 in Leerdam, South Holland.

51. Marritje Lucase van Vredenburg was born in 1586 in Leerdam, South Holland and Mother: died in 1622 in Leerdam, South Holland.

- 33. Jolant de la Montagne was born on Feb. 24, 1627 in Leiden, South Holland and died in 1677 in Harlem, New York.
  - Father: 52. **Jean Mousnier de la Montagne** was born in 1593 in Saintes, Poitou-Charentes, France and died in 1672 in Claverack, Ulster County, New York.
  - 53. Rachel de Forest was born in 1609 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France and Mother: died in 1643 in New Amsterdam, New York City.
- 34. Aelbert Heijmansz Roosa was born on Jan. 15, 1621 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died on Feb. 27, 1679 in Esopus, Hurley, Ulster County, New York. He married Wilhelmina (Wyntie) Ariens de Jongh on Jul. 3, 1638 in Herwijnen. Gelderland.



### Other events in the life of Aelbert Heijmansz Roosa

Occupation Mayor from 1655-1656, Captain, Alderman van Esopus,

Farmer, cheese maker

Emigration 15 apr 1660 New Amsterdam

With the ship "De Bontekoe" from the Netherlands with his daughter Mary.

54. Heyman Guysbert Roosa was born in 1593 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in Father:

Hurley, Ulster County, New York.

55. Metje Gijsberts de Roos was born in January 1595 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and Mother:

died in 1625 in Andel, Woudrichem, Noord-Brabant.

35. Wilhelmina (Wyntje) Ariens de Jongh was born on Feb. 27, 1623 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died On okt. 28, 1686 in Kingston, Ulster County, New York.

56. Arie Meertens de Jongh was born in January 1575 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and Father:

died in 1663 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

57. Maijken de Jonge was born in 1585 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1640 in Mother:

Herwijnen, Gelderland.

36. **Douwe Hermansz Hermanszen** was born in 1624 in Friesland and diedbefore 19-6-1687 in Bergen, New Jersey.

He married Dirckje (Dircky) Theunis.

37. Dirckje (Dircky) Theunis is geboren in Nederland.

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# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **30.5** sheet 7

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

38. **Jan Pieterz Haring** was born on Dec. 26, 1633 in Hoorn, North Holland and died on Dec. 7, 1683 in New York City, New York.

He married Grietje (Margaret) Cozyns in 1662 in Whitsuntide.

### Other events in the life of Jan Pieterz Haring

Beroep Alderman of New Amsterdam

Father: 58. Pieter Jansen Haring was born in 1610 in Hoorn, North Holland on an unknown

date.

Mother: 59. Grietje Maritie Pieters was born in 1610 in Grote Havensberg, Hoorn,

North Holland and died in 1633 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.

39. **Grietje (Margaret) Cozyns** was born on May 2, 1641 in Haarlem, North Holland and died in 1724 in Orange, Schuyler County, New York.

Father: 60. Cosyn Gerritsen van Putten was born in 1608 in Putten, Gelderland and died

in 1686 in New Amsterdam, New York.

Mother: 61. (Onbekend).

40. **Pieter Jansen Haring** was born in 1610 in Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1633 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.

He married Grietje Maritie Pieters.

Father: 62. Abraham Haring was born in 1581 in Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1608 in

Hoorn, North Holland.

Mother: 63. Cathys Boogaert was born in 1592 in North Holland and died in 1610.

41. **Grietje Maritie Pieters** was born in 1610 in Grote Havensberg, Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1633 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.

Father: 64. **Bogaerts Pieters** was born in 1580 and died in 1645 in New York.

Mother: 65. Lijsbet Cornelis is gebwas born in Leiden, South Holland.

42. **Cosyn Gerritsen van Putten** was born in 1608 in Putten, Gelderland and died in 1686 in New Amsterdam, New York. He married an unknown woman.

Occupation Wheelmaker

- 43. (Onbekend).
- 44. Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert was born in 1598 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1670 in Vianen, Utrecht.

He married Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert in 1624.

### Other events in the life of Louw Theunisz (Laurens) Bogaert

Faith 1620 Schoonrewoerd, Dutch Reformed Church

Adress 1667 Vianen.

Possessions He has a house behind the Church in Schoonrewoerd.

Father: 66. Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman was born in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in April 1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

Mother: 67. Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters was bon in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

And died in December 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

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# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**30.5** sheet 8

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

- 45. Neeltje Lowendr Bogaert was born in 1600 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died on an unknown date.
- 46. Evert Jansz Evertse was born in 1606 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1669 in Reusel de Mierden, Noord-Brabant.

He married Grietje Claes in 1627 in Leerdam, South Holland.

- 47. Grietje Claes was born in 1610 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1632 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 48. Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman was born in 1560 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland and died in April1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland. He married Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters in 1584 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Profession	1646	Magistrate in 1646 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
	1647	He testeer on Apr 2, 1647 (records his will) in Acqouy, Gelderland
Guardianship	10-12-1646	Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
		He has asked the Court in Leerdam to transfer the custody of his
		grandchildren, the children of Cornelius Theunisz to another
		because of his blindness.
Namechange	10-12-1646	Leerdam, Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
		Thousis Gijshartez request the Court of Loordam for his children

Theunis Gijsbertsz request the Court of Leerdam for his children

to give them the surname "Bogaert". This is granted.

Father:

35. Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. 36. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in January 1540 and died in January 1582.

49. Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in December 1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

# Other events in the life of Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters

The will 10 dec 1646 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

50. Sebastaen Cortes Castillo van Kortrijk was born in 1586 in Fustinana, Navarra Spain en overleden in 1633 in Leerdam, South Holland,

He married Marritje Lucase van Vredenburg in 1617 in Leerdam, South Holland.

- 51. Marritje Lucase van Vredenburg was born in 1595 in Leerdam, South Holland and died in 1622 in Leerdam, South Holland.
- 52. **Johannes Mousnier de la Montagne** was born in 1593 in Saintes, Poitou-Charentes, France and Died on May 10, 1672 in Claverack, Ulster County, New York.

He married Rachel de Forest on Dec. 12, 1626 in Leiden, South Holland.

70. Johannes de La Montagne was born in 1573 in Bordeaux, Gironde, Aquitaine, Father:

France and died in 1670 in Saintes, Charente-Maritime,

Poitou-Charentes. France.

71. Agnietje Gillis Ten Waert was born in 1573 in Bordeaux, Gironde, Aquitaine, Mother:

France and diedin 1670 in Claverack-Red Mills, Columbia, New York.

Mother:

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# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**30.5** sheet 9

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

53. **Rachel de Forest** was born in 1609 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France and died on Dec. 12, 1643 in New Amsterdam, New York City.

Father: 72. **Jesse de Forest** was born in 1575 in Avesnes, Pas-de-Calais, Nord-Pas-de-Calais,

France and died on Okt. 22, 1624 in Oyopok River Brazilian Guiana, South Amerika.

Mother: 73. **Marie du Cloux** was born on Nov. 17, 1576 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France and died in 1622 in New Amsterdam, New York.

54. **Heyman Guysbert Roosa** was born in 1593 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in Hurley, Ulster County, New York.

He married Metje Gijsberts de Roos.

Father: 74. **Abraham Gijsbert Goertzen Roosa** was born in 1560 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died after 27-2-1719 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

Mother: 75. **Maria Alters Dirksen** was born in 1558 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died after

wiother: 75. **Maria Alters Dirksen** was born in 1558 in Herwijnen, Geiderland and died after 28-4-1615 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

- 55. **Metje Gijsberts de Roos** was born in 1595 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1625 in Andel, Woudrichem, North Brabant.
- 56. **Arie Meertens de Jongh** was born op 1 jan. 1575 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1663 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

He married Maijken de Jonge in 1608 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

Other events in the life of Arie Meertens de Jongh

Occupation Mayor of van Herwijnen

Father: 76. **Meerten Adrians de Jongh** was born in 1552 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1639 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

Mother: 77. **Mariken Allerts Kempen** was born in 1555 and died in 1595 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

57. **Maijken de Jonge** was born in 1585 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1640 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

Father: 78. **Jan Anthonisse de Jonge** was born in feb. 1546 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and died on Dec. 19, 1617 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.

Mother: 79. **Mayken (Maria) Vierling** was born in 1559 in Schouwen-Duiveland, Zeeland and died on Jun. 13, 1603 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.

58. **Pieter Jansen Haring** was born in 1610 in Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1633 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.

He married Grietje Maritie Pieters.

Father: 80. **Abraham Haring** was born in 1581 in Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1608 in Hoorn. North Holland.

Mother: 81. Cathys Boogaert was born in 1592 in the Netherlands and died in 1610.

59. **Grietje Maritie Pieters** was born in 1610 in Grote Havensberg, Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1633 in Tappan, Rockland, Ulster County, New York.

Father: 82. **Bogaerts Pieters** was born in 1580 and died in 1645 in New York.

Mother: 83. Lijsbet Cornelis was born in Leiden, South Holland.

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# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **30.5** sheet 10

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

60. **Cosyn Gerritsen van Putten** was born in 1608 in Putten, Gelderland and died in 1686 in New Amsterdam, New York. He married an unknown woman.

Other events in the life of Cosyn Gerritsen van Putten

Occupation Wheelmaker

- 61. (Onbekend).
- 62. **Abraham Haring** was born in 1581 in Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1608 in Hoorn, North Holland.

He married Cathys Boogaert.

- 63. Cathys Boogaert was born in 1592 in the Netherlands and died in 1610.
- 64. **Bogaerts Pieters** was born in 1580 and died in 1645 in New York. He married **Lijsbet Cornelis**.
- 65. Lijsbet Cornelis was born in Leiden, South Holland.
- 66. **Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1560 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland and died in April1647 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland. He married 1<sup>th</sup> Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters in 1584 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Other events in the life of Theunis Gijsbertsz In den Boogaertman:

Profession	1646	Magistrate in 1646 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
	1647	He testeer on Apr 2, 1647 (records his will) in Acqouy, Gelderland
Guardianship	10-12-1646	Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
		He has asked the Court in Leerdam to transfer the custody of his grandchildren, the children of Cornelius Theunisz to another
		because of his blindness.
Namechange	10-12-1646	Leerdam, Schoonrewoerd, South Holland
		Theunis Gijsbertsz request the Court of Leerdam for his children
		to give them the surname "Bogaert". This is granted.

Father: 35. Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd,

South Holland and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

Mother: 36. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in January 1540 and died in January 1582.

67. **Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters** was born in 1562 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in December1645 in Hoog Middelkoop, South Holland.

Other events in the life of Neeltje Laurensdr Wouters

The will 10 dec 1646 Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

- 68. Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland and died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
  He married Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.
  - The married reserve enjoyer to describe in Toole in School world, Sedan Heliana

69. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in January1540 and died in January 1582.

70. **Johannes de La Montagne** was born in 1573 in Bordeaux, Gironde, Aquitaine, France and died in 10-5-1670 in Chateau de Montaigne, Saint-Michel-de-Montaigne, Aquitaine, France. He married **Agnietje Gillis Ten Waert** in 1593 in New Amsterdam, New York.

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# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

**30.5** sheet 11

### Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart

71. **Agnietje Gillis Ten Waert** was born in 1573 in Bordeaux, Gironde, Aquitaine, France and died in 1670 in Claverack-Red Mills, Columbia, New York.

Other events in the life of Agnietje Gillis Ten Waert

Marriage 1593 New York City (All Boroughs), New York, USA

72. **Jesse de Forest** was born in 1575 in Avesnes, Pas-de-Calais, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, France and died on Okt. 22, 1624 in Oyopok River Brazilian Guiana, South America. He married **Marie du Cloux** on Sep. 23, 1601.

Other events in the life of Jesse de Forest

Occupation Master craftsman, famous explorer and settler

Father: 86. **Jean de Forrest** was born in 1543 in Avesnes, Pas-de-Calais,

Nord-Pas-de-Calais, France and died in 1606 in Vossemeer, North Brabant.

Mother: 87. Anne Maillard was married in 1551 in Felleries, Nord, Nord-Pas-de-Calais,

France and died on Apr. 32, 1640 in Amsterdam, North Holland.

73. **Marie du Cloux** was born on Nov. 17, 1576 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France and died in 1622 in New Amsterdam, New York.

Other events in the life of Marie du Cloux

Marriage 23 sep 1601 Sedan, Champagne-Ardenne, France

mariago 20 cop reor Godan, champagno 7 adonno, rranco

Father: 88. **Nicaise du Cloux** was born in 1540 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France and

died on Apr. 16, 1598 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France.

Mother: 89. Marie du Cloux (Aubertin) was born in 1544 in Ardennes, Grand-Est, France

And died in 1598 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France.

74. **Abraham Gijsbert Goertzen Roosa** was born in 1560 in Herwijnen, Gelderlandand died after 27-2-1719 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

He married Maria Alters Dirksen.

- 75. **Maria Alters Dirksen** was born in 1558 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died after 28-4-1615 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.
- 76. **Meerten Adrians de Jongh** was born in 1552 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1639 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

He married Mariken Allerts Kempen.

Other events in the life of Meerten Adrians de Jongh

Occupation Mayor of Herwijnen vanaf 1638

Father: 94. Adriaan Jorisz de Jongh was born in 1500 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died

in 1551 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

77. Mariken Allerts Kempen was born in 1555 en oveand died in 1595 in Herwijnen, Gelderland.

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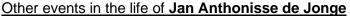
# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### **30.5** sheet 12

### **Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart**

78. **Jan Anthonisse de Jonge** was born in February 1546 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and died On Dec. 19, 1617 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.

He married Mayken (Maria) Vierling.



Occupation 12 apr 1598 Zierikzee, Zeeland

**Theasurer General** 

Noble tittles Ordinaris-feudatory of the Count of Zeeland and

Beoosterschelde

Burial 24 dec 1617 Zierikzee, Zeeland

Father: 91. Jan Anthonisse the "Old One" was born in 1520 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and

died on Nov. 13, 1588 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.

Mother: 92. Agatha Jans de Vager was born in 1521 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and died on

Mar. 20, 1591 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.

79. **Mayken (Maria) Vierling** was born in 1559 in Schouwen-Duiveland, Zeeland and died on Jun. 13, 1603 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.

Father: 93. Job Claaes Imans Vierling was born in 1540 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and died

on May 7, 1579 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.

Mother: 94. Martha de Huybert died on an unknown date.

80. **Abraham Haring** was born in 1581 in Hoorn, North Holland and died in 1608 in Hoorn, North Holland.

He married Cathys Boogaert.

- 81. Cathys Boogaert was born in 1592 in the Netherlands and died in 1610.
- 82. **Bogaerts Pieters** was born in 1580 and died in 1645 in New York. He married **Lijsbet Cornelis**.
- 83. Lijsbet Cornelis was born in Leiden, South Holland.
- 84. **Gijsbert Thaenisz In den Boogaertman** was born in 1540 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland And died in 1615 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

He married Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter in 1560 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

- 85. Neeltje Gijsbertsdochter was born in Janaury 1540 en overleden op 1 jan. 1582.
- 86. **Jean de Forrest** was born on Okt. 22, 1543 in Avesnes, Pas-de-Calais, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, France and died on Okt. 22, 1606 in Vossemeer, North Brabant.

  He married **Anne Maillard**.

### Other events in the life of Jean de Forrest

Baptism 10 jan 1544

Marriage 5 jun 1570 Henegouwen, Wallonië, België



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**Voorouders Abraham Lent Bogart** 

**30.5** sheet 13

87. Anne Maillard was born in 1551 in Felleries, Nord, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, France and died on Apr. 21, 1640 in Amsterdam, North Holland.

Other evenst in the life of Anne Maillard

Marriage 5 jun 1570 Henegouwen, Wallonië, Belgium 21 apr 1640 Amsterdam, North Holland Funeral

- 88. Nicaise du Cloux was born in 1540 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France and died on Apr. 16, 1598 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France. He married Marie du Cloux (Aubertin).
- 89. Marie du Cloux (Aubertin) was born in 1544 in Ardennes, Grand-Est, France and died in 1598 in Sedan, Ardennes, Grand Est, France.
- 90. Adriaan Jorisz de Jongh was born in 1500 in Herwijnen, Gelderland and died in 1551 in Herwijnen, Gelderland. Hij huwde een onbekende vrouw.
- 91. Jan Anthonisse de Oude was born in 1520 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and died on Nov. 13, 1588 in Zierikzee, Zeeland. He married Agatha Jans de Vager.
- 92. Agatha Jans de Vager was born in 1521 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and died on Mar. 20, 1591 in Zierikzee, Zeeland.
- 93. Job Claaes Imans Vierling was born in 1540 in Zierikzee, Zeeland and died on May 7, 1579 in Zierikzee, Zeeland. He married Martha de Huybert.
- 94. Martha de Huybert died on an unknown date.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

### **30.6 Peter Lent Bogart** (1802-1819)

Peter was a son of **Abraham Lent Bogart** and Mary Polly Lent. Peter was one of the victims of the sad drowning accident that took place on Sunday, August 29, 1819. He was just seventeen years old.

A group of youths, eighteen in number, crossed Hay Bay, left for a quarterly service, which was held in the first Methodist church in Canada was built (1792).

The boat was overloaded and yet they insisted my father Lewis insisted on going, but he was scared and ran and hid until they left the north coast.



### 30.7 A drama at the old Adolphustown Methodist Church

Probably the most memorable drowning accident ever in this county took place was just in front of the old Adolphustown Methodist Church, on Sunday morning August 29, 1819. When crossing the approximately 2.4 kilometer wide Hay Bay by believers from North Fredericksburg and the northern part of Adolphustown, the boat capsized. Though nearly seventy-nine years have passed since then, and anyone who ever witnessed has been of that sad the catastrophe has long since passed away, the memory of it is still always fresh with almost all the descendants of the families of those days.

- Ten of the 18 people on board drowned.
- Inclusing Peter Lent Bogart (1802-1819).
  - His parents were the aforementioned Abraham Bogart en Maria Polly Lazier.



In relation to the descendants of

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### 30.8 Broers Abraham Lent Bogart

### **30.8.1** Lewis Lazier Bogart (1804-1888) - Elizabeth Cronk (1813-1890).

They settled on a beautiful two hundred acre farm a mile east of Northport on the shore of the bay.

There was water power on the farm, so they built a large flour mill and ran an extensive milling compagny for nearly a century.



### **30.8.2 Cornelius Bogart** (1808-1888) - Bersey Maria Dorland (1812-1827).

Cornelius had a boots and shoe store in Belleville, Ontario

### **30.8.3 Gilbert Curtis Bogart** (1806-1880) - Ann Meecham (1811 -).

Gilbert married to Ann Meacham, which whom he got three children, one son and two daughters.

As a carpenter he built the princely house, which was later used as the Marchmont-huis in West Belleville, Ontario.

He sold this big house and came to Camden East, where he built a large flour mill.

Then thid mill became the Thompson Paper Mill, and later the Houpt Paper Mills.

He bogth a farm west of Napanee on the Deseronto-weg, waar hij stierf



Marchmont Home, Ontario, Canada British Home Child Group International

### 30.8.4 David Demorest Bogart (1809-1877), married to Harriet A. Bickford (1822-1904).

David married to Harriet Bicford from Oswego, which whom he had a daughter, Who died when she was12.

He was involved in the timber trade.

He did well, but became interested in a farm and bought the four hundred hectares large farm two miles from Napanee on the Newburgh Road.

He appointed an administrator to manage the farm fort him.

### 30.8.5 Abraham Lazier Bogart (1811-1886), qehuwd met Isabelle Young (1817-1869).

He established a new settlement on the Clare River around his farmstead with a post office, a water mill and a "cheese factory/shop".

This settlement was named **Hungerford Township**.

See next page.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 30.9 Hungerford Township

Hungerford Township was merged with the Township Elzevir & Grimsthorpe in 1998 and the Township Tweed to the new Township Tweed. Located in the Hastings County, Ontario, Canada.

Hungerford Township is located approximately 4.5 kilometers east of the municipality Sulphide and 11.6 kilometers northeast of the village of Tweed. Sulphide Creek, a tributary of The River Moira, flows northwest of the community.



**Abraham Bogart** and **Marie Polly Lazier** from Adolphustown, buy 400 acres of land on the Clare River in 1828

The Claire River flows into Lake Stoco on the east side.

These lands are located in the eastern part of Hungerford Township.

Registered under concession 10, lots 19 and 20.

Abraham Lazier Bogart, the youngest son inherits the family home.

He establishes a new settlement on the Clare River around his farmstead with a post office, a water mill and a "cheese factory/shop".

This settlement was named Hungerford Township.

Abraham Lazier Bogart remained active in Hungerford until after 1850.



RES. OF A.L. BOGART, CON. 10, LOT 20, MUNGERFORD. TR ONT.

- < Dam in the Clare and the watermill
- < The Bogart-house is in the middle, behind the carriage





Oude Bogart winkel. (De eerste 'kaasfabriek' in het Bogart district, deze privé

In 2020, the place of the "cheese factory / shop" is a large residential house, where families live. The road makes a right turn towards the bridge over the River Clare

In relation to the descendants of

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# 30.10 A passionate family researcher and a descendant

**Hendrik den Besten** was married to Hendrika Margaretha Buyserd on Aug 30, 1962 in Hei- en Boeicop, South Holland.

- Hendrik en Hendrika emigrated to Canada in April 1966.
- Through work at a shipyard and a car-sharing factory, they eventually have enough earned to buy a greenhouse company in the Ontario region.
- Behind the greenhouse they had a 2 ha. "Bogert" planted with apple rootstock M26, semi-dwarf growing with the apple varieties Golden Delicious (a yellow-green apple) and Mutsu (a cross between the Golden Delicious and the Indo, a green apple). For the connoisseur.
- They sold the apples at the Whole Sale Market in Toronto for years.
   De rit met de vrachtweagenvan huis en terug duurde circa 9 tot 10 uur.
- Besides apples, their tomatoes were popular.

They started in 1973 and, after 28 years, sold the company in 2001. In 2001 they had a house built in the woods near Madoc-Ontario, where they remain today enjoy their "old age".

#### **Passion or Obsession**

**Hendrik (Hink)** is a man who has never completed the search for his origin in the Netherlands, but also in Canada.

As soon as I approached him and asked for information and help, he sent he sent me large envelopes from Canada with large sheets of paper written pieces.

- Stories about his neighbors Bogerd family in Hei- en Boeicop and daughters with the same name because of naming both grandmothers with the same first name.
- Partly because of his help I have the connection with Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman can be determined with certainty.
- He also gave me the locations in Canada that are named after the Bogerd family.
- And contributed to the stories of the Abraham Lent Bogart family in Canada.

I can say that my search for the descendants in Canada and their stories, thanks to him, have resulted in this 2nd version of the Digital Bogerd Family Book.



Finally, I would like to mention that in the 2001 volume of de Lek and Huibert Kroniek already a article about Hendrik's story about the "World-known descendants"

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

Notes from and about persons

From the 7th up to and included the 16th century

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

# 31. Notes from and about persons from the 7<sup>th</sup> up to and including the 16<sup>th</sup> century

## 31.1 Notes on Pepijn II van Herstal

Pepijn still had the extensive family possessions along the Maas and Moselle. Through his marriage to Plectrudes (around 670) he acquired even more possessions on the Moselle and in the Eifel. He also managed to regain a lot of prestige by killing Gundewin, the murderer from his father. In 679 Pepijn was one of the leading nobles in Austrasia

#### 31.2 Notes on Theuderik III

Theuderik III succeeded his elder brother Chlothar III as king of Neustria in 673, below supervision of hofmeier Ebroin. But the city graves of Autun, Paris and Lyon came in revolt, took Ebroin prisoner, Theuderik III was dethroned and put in a monastery and Childeric II of Austrasia was put on the throne.

After the death of Childeric II in 675, Theuderik was restored to the throne in Neustria and Burgundy. In 679 he also became king of Austrasia and thus ruled all Franks. The court master of Austrasia, Pepin of Herstal, defeated him in 687 at Tertry and became court master of the entire Frankish empire, although Theuderik, after all his brother-in-law, was allowed to remain as king.

#### 31.3 Notes on Ruodhaid

Friedelehe is the term for a supposed form of Germanic marriage that is said to have existed during the early Middle Ages. Not giving a yes, but giving it having sexual intercourse was the basis of a marital union. Polygamy, arranged marriages, alliances between closely related relatives and repudiation of lady were just found. There is some controversy as to whether such a form of marriage is actually a quasi-marriage has existed, but historians who have identified it agree that it was a form of society not accepted by the Church.

#### 31.4 Notes on Karel Martel

Charles Martel was hofmeier of the Frankish Empire.

He reorganized the Frankish army and administration and managed both successfully domestic and foreign opponents, especially the Arabs, Frisians and Saxons to face. His power became so great that he took the place of the Merovingian kings, without himself to proclaim king.

- The Merovingians were a dynasty of Frankish kings who held a regular changing area in parts of today's Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, France and Germany ruled from the 5th to the 8th century
- The Merovingian dynasty takes its name from Merovech, a more or less legendary one king of the Salian Franks about 450. His grandson, Chlodovech, also known by the name Clovis, united most of Gaul north of the Loire under one authority.
- The capital of the Merovingians was until 486 located in Tournai. It is unclear when this became
  the capital. Where the center of it Merovingian Empire before, and until when, is also a matter
  of debate.

It is only known that this was Dispargum, probably Duisburg across the Rhine, though Duisburg near Tervuren has also been suggested. After Tournai, Clovis moved his capital to Paris.

#### 31.5 Notes on Bertrada van Laon

Her nickname was Bertha with the Big Foot. She had a club foot. She was the daughter from Charibert of Laon, Northern France near Reims.

# 31.6 Noties on Charlemagne

Charlemagne has been married five times.

He did not want his daughters to officially marry for strategic reasons.

At least four "concubines" of Charlemagne are known.

At least 20 children are known to be charlemagne is their father.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

### 31.7 Notes on Pepijn (at birth Karloman) of Italy

Karloman was 8 years old at the time of his appointment and his duties were performed by important ones courtiers, such as Abbot Adelard of Corbie and Duke Erik of Friuli. After the unsuccessful uprising of Karloman's half-brother Pepijn with de Bult in 792, he fell out of favor. Karloman was re-baptized by the Pope with the name Pepijn.

## 31.8 Notes on Angilbert

When Charlemagne sent his youngest son Pippin to Italy as king of the Lombards, Angilbert went along as primicerius palatii, that is to say as the highest official and counselor of the satellite court.

As a friend and advisor to Pepijn, he assisted Pippijn for a while in the rule of Italia. Angilbert presented to Pope Adrian I the document on iconoclasm, which is the Frankish Synod of Frankfurt. He later led three more important missions to the Pope in 792, 794, and 796.

### 31.9 Notes on Ingelram II of Flanders / Harelbeke

Ingelram II was since 817 the second forestier (forest master) of the Flemish shire, prince of Buck and Count of Harelbeke, and son of Liederik De Bucq.

After his death his son-in-law took over Odakar III resigns. The forestiers of Flanders form the basis of the later county of Flanders under the first count Baldwin I of Flanders

# 31.10 Notes on Bernard van Italy

Bernard, King of the Lombards, b. ca. 797 and transferred on April 17, 818, 19 years old. Buried in the Basilica of Saint-Ambroise in Milan.

He came to Italy, brought up in a monastery in Fulda, 812 and was taught by his grandfather Charlemagne in September 813 in succession of his father Pepijn as (sub) king of Italy He honors Louis the Pious as Emperor 814; when, however, this him at the so-called Ordinatio imperii of 817, he revolted against him with the greats of his empire; defeated he gives himself in December of that year to Châlon-sur-Saône.

The Reich Assembly condemns him to death in Aachen; however, by Louis the Pious "Gifted" to "sticking out his eyes", which "intervention" he does not survive, so that he (only two or three days after the procedure) dies of his wounds on April 17, 818.

## 31.11 Notes on Gerard of Aquitanië en Auvergne

Gerard of Auvergne (ca.795 - Fontenoy, June 25, 841) was a high Frankish nobleman.

Gerard was a member of the imperial entourage of Emperor Louis the Pious and resided at the court. He was married to Rotrude, daughter of Emperor Louis the Pious and Ermengarde van Hesbaye. After Rotrude's death, he remarried her sister Hildegarde.

Gerard was Count of Aquitaine and was appointed by Emperor Louis the Pious in 839 Count of Auvergne and Poitiers. He was killed in action on June 25, 841 at the Battle of Fontenoy (841).

#### 31.12 Notes on Baldwin IIe (the Bald) of Flanders and Boulogne

The Bald refers to his grandfather Charles the Bald.

#### 31.13 Notes on Ranulf I of Aguitanië and Auvergne

Ranulf I (820-866) was Count of Poitiers (from 835) and Duke of Aquitaine (from 852).

He is considered a possible son of Gerard, Count of Auvergne.

He was married to Bilichild of Maine (817-858).

Few details are known about Ranulf I, except that he died in Aquitaine in 866 wounds sustained in the Battle of Brissarthe against the Vikings (in which Robert the Strong died).

#### 23.14 Notes on Hildegard of Flanders

The place name Hillegersberg near Rotterdam is named after Hildegard of Flanders. Dirk II of West Frisia her husband owned the existing Bergan, wat means fortified place or hamlet.

In relation to the descendants of

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#### 31.15 Notes on Wichman IV of Hamaland and Veluwe

Wichman IV was first mentioned as a count in 936.

In 955 he married Liutgard (936 - September 29, 964), daughter of Arnulf I of Flanders.

In doing so, he became viscount of Ghent and the areas north of it, up to the Scheldt, as vassal of Arnulf. Together with Arnulf, he re-founded the Sint-Baafsabdij of Ghent, which by the Vikings had been destroyed.

Wichman IV became guardian of St Bavo's Abbey and in 956 also became guardian of the property that the abbeys of St. Omaars and Magdeburg near Deventer.

#### 31.16 Notes on Baldwin Ille of Flanders

Baldwin III (940 - January 1, 962) was count of Flanders from 958 until his death.

Little is known about his short life

Baldwin III was the only son of Count Arnulf I and of Aleidis (or Adela) of Vermandois.

His father appointed him as co-burial in 958, but he died four years later.

In 960 he married Mathildis van Saksen (942 - May 25, 1008), daughter of Herman Billung, duke of Saxony, and of Hildegarde of Westerburg.

The son of this marriage, Arnulf II (with the beard), inherited the county at the death of Baudouin's father (965). Their daughter Bertha married Gerold I of Geneva. After Baudouin's death Mathildis married Count Godfrey of Verdun.

## 31.17 Notes on Arnulf II (with the beard) of Flanders

Arnulf II (960/961 - 988), son of Baldwin III and Mathildis of Saxe-Billung, was count of Flanders from 965 until his death.

His father Baudouin III was appointed co-regent by Count Arnulf I in 958, but died as early as 962. At the death of Count Arnulf I, his grandson, young Arnulf II, was four years old. Arnulf thus succeeded his grandfather in 965, initially under the tutelage of the king of France, Lothair, who had promised before the death of Arnulf I that he would ensure that the Flemish nobles would not manipulate the young count for their own sake, a promise which he indeed adhered to. Around 976, King Lothair left the government to Arnulf, but withheld authority over the areas of Oosterbant, Artesië, Ponthieu and Amiens conquered by Arnulf I. The remainder of the county was divided into semi-autonomous regions, of which Arnulf had none exercised real authority. This crisis of authority caused Arnulf's son and successor, Baldwin IV, to end.

#### 31.18 Notes of Suzanna of Italy or Rosala van Ivrea (Italy)

Suzanna of Italy or, Rosala of Ivrea, (ca. 937 - Ghent, February 7, 1003) was a daughter of Berengarius II of Italy and Willa of Tuscany.

In 968 she married Arnulf II of Flanders and became the mother of:

Baldwin IV of Flanders (980-1035) Odo van Kamerijk Mathildis (- 995)

After Arnulf's death she remarried in 988 to Robert the Pious, according to the will from his father Hugo Capet. She brought a beautiful dowry: Montreuil-sur-Mer and Ponthieu. However, once becoming king, Robert soon divested Susanna to be married Bertha of Burgundy. Suzanna then retired to Flanders, where she died in 1003.

## 31.19 Notes on Ebalus (Ebles) of Aquitanië

Ebles was an illegitimate son of Ranulf II of Aquitaine. "Manzer" or "Mamzer" is a Hebrew word meaning bastard, son of a forbidden relationship, although it is in the case van Ebles in general may have been applied to bastardy.

In relation to the descendants of

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#### 31.20 Notes on Arnulf (Arnold) of West-Frisia and Gent

West Frisia is the name by which historians designate the area after the Frankish conquest of the Frisian Empire in the 8th century (Frisian-Frankish wars, from ca. 600 to 793 became controlled by digging.

These included the areas of Texel, Wieringen, Medemblik and Kennemerland, Rhineland, the Maas estuary, Schouwen and Walcheren.

The population was referred to as (western) Frisians, a collective term for close to each other related Germanic tribes.

Arnulf was not only one of the most powerful feudal lords of the Ottonian house in the area between the Rhine and the Scheldt, he also had goods from the French crown on loan. Because, like his father, he was a supporter of the Ottonians, he came into conflict with the French king Hugo Capet. This devastated Arnulf's territory and took away his French possessions.

#### 31.21 Notes on Balderik van Duffelgouw

Duffelgouw is the low-lying region between Nijmegen and Cleves. The area is located in the triangle of Nijmegen, Beek, Milligen aan de Rijn

#### 31.22 Notes on Adela van Hamaland-Renkum

A Stift or Sticht is an area over which an Abbot, Proost or Bishop as lord / prince secular has control. Examples in the Netherlands are Sticht Utrecht, Sticht Thorn in Limburg and Sticht Elten at it German village Elten on top of the Eltenberg in the German border town of Emmerik. Adela was involved in the controversial murder of the Saxon on October 5, 1016 nobleman and Count Wichman III of Vreden.

Wichman III opposed Countess Adela and her second husband Count Balderik attempt to expand its area on the Lower Rhine. The murder caused a lot of controversy and led resulted in Balderik and Adela being taken away from their belongings.

#### 31.23 Notes on Dirk III of West-Friesland

Dirk III (980-1039), son of Arnulf (Arnold) of West Frisia and Ghent and brother of Siegfried (Sicco) van Holland, built a castle in Vlaardingen, probably on the spot where the Grote Markt is now Church is located, where the river Flarding (now the Vlaardingse harbor) flows into the Merwede (nowadays the Nieuwe Maas).

From that castle he forced the merchants who passed by to sail on their way from Tiel to England and vice versa, to pay toll. These merchants and also Bishop Adelbold of Utrecht therefore enlisted the help of the German emperor.

In 1018 the emperor ordered his nephew Dirk to evacuate his fortress. Instead of being To obey liege lord, Dirk took himself up in his castle and the emperor had no choice but to do so send an army towards him.

This army, led by Duke Godfrey the Childless, consisted of a fleet of troops Utrecht, Cologne and Liège. On July 29, 1018 it came to the Battle of Vlaardingen.

The last part to the castle had to be traveled by land, which was difficult because of the area was full of ditches and dikes. It wasn't long before Godfrey's army ran aground and were forced to return to their ships to find another route.

On the way back, however, the army was ambushed by Dirk's troops.

Godfrey made a tactical retreat with his army, which prompted someone from it Frisian camp shouted that the front ranks were defeated and the duke fled.

At this, Godfrey's troops panicked so much that many went into the river in full armor leaps, trying to reach the ships. Others got stuck in the swamp.

Dirk took advantage of the panic immediately and the duke's mighty army was completely in the pan chopped. Godfrey was taken prisoner.

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### 31.24 Notes on Gozelo I the Great of Lotharingen

Gozelo I the Great (968-1044) was the youngest son of Godfrey "the Prisoner" of Verdun and Mathilde of Saxony (Billungen).

He became Count of the Ardennesgouw in 1002 as an inheritance from his deceased father and in 1008 Margrave of Antwerp under his brother Godfried "the Childless", Duke of Lower Lorraine. Gozelo built a castle in Antwerp.

Together with Godfried he donated Deil and Wamel to Bishop Adelbold II of Utrecht (925 -1026).

#### 31.25 Notes on Otto van Hammerstein

He is also called Otto I of Zutphen (975-1036) because he is said to have been the first Count of Zutphen.

That is not correct: Otto most likely was the owner-occupier of the Zutphen castle, but he certainly did not exercise the countship in that area. He was married to Ermgard of Verdun (980-1042).

#### 31.26 Notes on Geertruida van Saksen

Floris was killed in war in 1061 with the bishop of Utrecht, Willem van Gelre.

Dirk was a minor at the time and his mother acted as regent. Willem, the bishop of Utrecht, took advantage of this situation to annex the Rhineland and Kennemerland.

This annexation was formally confirmed by Empress Agnes of Poitou (1024-1077), the regent of Germany

Only the northernmost and southernmost areas remained of Dirk's county.

His mother realized that Dirk needed a strong ally and she married in 1063 Robrecht I of Flanders, brother of Count Baldwin VI of Flanders.

He submitted his claims Flanders (in favor of his cousin Arnulf III of Flanders) and devoted himself to his Frisian interests.

In Flanders he derives his nickname "de Fries" from this. Dirk received Rijks-Vlaanderen ten east of the Scheldt and the islands west of the Scheldt (including Walcheren), as an appanage.

## 31.27 Notes on Godfried I the Childless of Lower-Lotharingen

Godfrey was captured in 984 by an expedition of the French king Lothair to Verdun taken and held for three years.

Afterwards he was assigned the protection of the western border, the marches Ename en Antwerp.

#### 31.28 Notes on Filips I of France

Philip was already consecrated King of France in 1059 and crowned on August 4, 1060 (8 years old). His mother and Boudewijn V, Count of Flanders, were joint regents.

#### 31.29 Notes on Daniel I van der Merwede

Daniel van der Merwede, born ± 1120, died 1172.

He was a craftsman of the Merwede estate, which he kept on loan from the Lords of Voorne, a branch of the Counts of Holland.

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#### 31.30 Notes of Eleonora of Aquitanië

Eleanor was descended from the dynasty of the Dukes of Aquitaine, successors of the Carolingian kings of Aquitaine and rulers of the largest duchy on French soil.

She married the French heir to the throne Louis VII, who was crowned shortly after the marriage.

For the French crown, marriage was an opportunity to bind the fiefs more closely again.

Dissolution of marriage is considered one of the most consequential divorces in history, because it initiated a development that spanned more than 300 years ongoing conflict between the kingdom of England and France (Hundred Years' War).

After the dissolution of her marriage to the French king, Eleonora married the young Henry Plantagenet, the Duke of Anjou and Normandy, who at the time was English pretender to the throne.

Two years later, Hendrik and Eleonora were crowned English monarchs. Hendrik's politics aimed to consolidate the territories owned by the family into one area, that in modern historiography is referred to as Angevin Empire.

In addition, the areas that Eleonora brought into the marriage occupied a key position.

As heiress of Aquitaine, Eleanor felt calle and entitled to run her duchy independently and opposed its incorporation into her husband's realm.

Partly because of this, the marriage was fraught with conflict.

After Eleonora had rebelled against their father during the revolt of her three eldest sons in 1173 - 1174 connected, Hendrik placed her under house arrest for fifteen years.

Eleonora took over under the reigns of her sons only after her husband's death in 1189 Richard Lionheart and Jan without land once again play a significant political role in themselves.

#### 31.31 Notes on Floris III Count of Holland

He was born in The Hague in 1141 and died on August 1, 1190 in Antiochia, Turkey. He was married to Ada of Scotland (1145-1204).

From 1161 he was negotiating or at war with the West Frisians.

The West Frisians destroyed Alkmaar twice, Floris plundered and destroyed on his own turn Schagen, Winkel and Niedorp.

When Floris even conquered Texel and Wieringen in 1184, the West Frisians gave up.

A peace was made whereby the West Frisians had to pay 4,000 silver marks.

In 1165 Floris came into conflict with the bishop of Utrecht about the construction of a dam in the Oude Rijn near Zwammerdam. The bishop also claimed dominion over Western Friesland.

Emperor Frederick I of Hohenstaufen decided in Utrecht that the authority and income of Western Friesland had to be divided between the Count and the bishop.

In the south, Floris set a toll at Geervliet, South Holland.

This toll was mainly aimed at shipping between Flanders and the Rhine.

Count Philip of Alsace of Flanders exerted so much pressure on Floris that he took the toll again lifted. In 1166 Floris reinstated the toll.

Philip gathered an army and moved north and managed to capture Floris.

In 1167 Floris had to conclude the Treaty of Bruges (1167), which obliged him to lift the toll again and to recognize the supremacy of Flanders over Zeeland.

## 31.32 Notes on Willem I "the Crazy" of Holland

Little by little Willem managed to regain his lost territories.

In 1206 a peace was made whereby Holland was divided: Willem got Zeeland and the southern part of Holland (especially the Groote or Hollandsche Waard), and Louis got it northern part of Holland - the river Maas probably formed the border.

In practice, Willem quickly took over the whole county of Holland and has Louis made no more attempt to change this.

Willem I "the Crazy" is a son of Floris III of Holland and Ada of Scotland.

In 1213 Emperor Otto IV of Brunswick recognized William as Count of all of Holland.

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# The princes, kings and nobility in Europe

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#### 31.33 Notes on Mattheüs I of Elzas

Matthew I married Maria of Boulogne in 1160, daughter of Stephen of Blois and England and Mathilde van Boulogne.

She was heiress to the County of Boulogne and extensive possessions in England since the death of her last brother in 1159.

The Pope refused and in the following guarrel the Pope excommunicated Matthew and Mary, saying ground that their marriage was not valid because Mary as a nun had taken spiritual vows that she was no longer faithful.

Initially, nobody cared much about this and Matthew took part in a Flemish one in 1166 expedition against Holland. But in 1168 an interdict for the county of Boulogne followed.

In 1170 an arrangement was made with the help of Emperor Frederick I of Hohenstaufen Matthew and Mary divorced and the excommunication was lifted.

Mary re-entered the monastery and Matthew was allowed to keep the county of Boulogne.

#### Notes on Louis II of Loon 31.34

The County of Loon corresponded to Belgian Limburg, except for part of it Maasland and Lommel.

The Count of Loon borrowed some domains directly from the King of Germany, others of the Prince-Bishop of Liège and the rest of the Duke of Brabant.

Louis II van Loon opposed the House of Burgundy (see Liège-Burgundian Wars) and thus never entered the Burgundian Circle.

Only under revolutionary France (1794) was Loon politically united with the Netherlands. Louis II formed a strong alliance with the bishops of Utrecht and Liège in 1204, and the counts of Flanders, Namur, Ahr and Berg. With this support Louis could do almost everything reclaim the county of Holland.

But Louis was unable to keep his allies and in 1205 and 1206 Willem could little by little lost areas are reclaimed.

#### Noties on Aleid van Kleef 31.35

Louis II van Loon's engagement in 1203 with her daughter Ada van Holland (1188-1226) was arranged by her mother, Countess Aleid van Kleef, wife of Count Dirk VII of Holland.

Aleid wanted to bring the county of Holland under Loons as guickly as possible, as fearful as she was was also wrongly Willem of Friesland for her husband's brother, William I of Holland mentioned. In 1195 she had fought with William I at Alkmaar and, through her daughter Ada, sought power over Holland. When Ada's father Dirk fell seriously ill in 1203, he wanted to be leave the county to his only daughter, Ada, who is still a minor.

He died on November 4, 1203, and Aleid managed to marry her daughter Louis before his death.

#### Notes on Dirk VII of Holland 31.36

Dirk VII was born in 1164 in Dordrecht and died on November 4, 1203 in Dordrecht. He is married to Aleid van Kleef (1167-1242).

His daughter Ada van Holland (1188-1226) was his only heir.

His widow Aleid immediately married her to Louis II van Loon (1170-1218).

William I also made claims to succession in Holland and this is how the Loon war started. In the beginning William I had the upper hand and managed to capture Ada and Louis and Aleid drive out of Holland.

He sent Ada to King John of England for safekeeping.

#### Notes on Daniel Danielsz (III) van der Merwede

Lord van der Merwede

Took Bysantium (Constantinople) with Baudouin of Flanders.

Born in 1210 and died in 1284. Increased his coat of arms with 15 gold Bysanten.

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#### 31.38 Notes on Aleid van Gelre

Aleid van Gelre (ca.1182 - February 12, 1218) was the daughter of Count Otto I of Gelre and Richarda of Bavaria.

She married Willem I "the Grazy" van Holland (1167-1222) in Stavoren, Friesland in 1197. From this marriage five children were born:

- 1 Floris IV, his father's successor, married Machteld van Brabant
- 2 Otto, Bishop of Utrecht
- Willem, 1238 died during a tournament
- 4 Ada, Abbess of Rijnsburg
- 5 Ricardis (died January 3, 1262).

Aleid died while her husband was taking part in the Fifth Crusade.

She is buried in Rijnsburg Abbey.

# 31.39 Notes on Willem II of Teylingen van Brederode

Willem van Teylingen is considered the ancestor and is the one who is the ancestor of the family moved: castle Teylingen near Sassenheim.

The oldest part of the castle, the boundary wall, was built shortly after 1200.

He married 1st around 1199 with NN Gerardsdochter (van Teylingen).

And married 2nd around 1200 with Agniese van Bentheim. Agniese died in 1203.

She was the daughter of Otto van Holland, Count of Bentheim and Alveradis van Arnsberg.

## 31.40 Notes on Dirk van Teylingen Lord van Brederode

Dirk, Drossaard van Brederode van Theylingen was the 1st Lord of Brederode, Lord of Dorthoge, Drost of Holland. The Ancestor of the Lords of Brederode.

Dirk van Teylingen, Lord of Brederode (Latin: Theodericus de Theylingen) (ca.1180 - 1236) was Lord of Brederode and drossard of the counts of Holland.

He was a son of Willem van Teylingen and Agnes van Bentheim.

Dirk I is seen by historians as the founder of the house Brederode; the territory of

However, Brederode was already in the possession of his father, who came from the Van Teylingen family, thus possibly not being the first lord of Brederode.

In 1226 Dirk was appointed drossard at the court of the Count of Holland.

He served under Floris IV of Holland and Willem I of Holland. In the absence of the count he was also his first replacement

Dirk married Aleid Alveradis van Heusden around 1215; they had at least six children:

- 1 Willem 1st lord of Brederode (1228 1285) and successor of his father,
- 2 Floris van Brederode (1230 1306), lord of Doortoge and van Zegwaard
- 3 Aleidis van Brederode 1232-1262
- 4 Catherine of Brederode
- 5 Agnies van Brederode? 1245 1280

#### 31.41 Notes on Herbaren II van ter Lede

Jan VII van Arkel (died 1234) is said to have participated with his father in the Fifth Crusade, and after the battle on Egyptian soil have obtained the symbolic tribal weapon where it house of Arkel was connected to.

As a loyal vassal of Floris IV of Holland, Jan VII went up against the Stadingers, a group who had turned against the bishop of Münster.

During a battle near the river Weser van Arkel was killed on 24 June 1234.

Jan VII died without any rightful offspring, as a result of which the estate of Arkel was inherited by the house van der Lede.

Herbaren II van Lede was a son of Floris Herbaren van der Lede, who holds the lordship of Lede owned near present-day Leerdam.

Herbaren II van der Lede moved into the glory of Arkel and left the glory of van der Lede Leerdam to his brother Jan I van der Lede.

Herbaren went on to call himself Lord of Arkel between 1243 and 1253 and left his domain Ter Leede to his younger brother Jan. Herbaren thus became the ancestor of the house of Arkel.

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### 31.42 Notes on Jan Herbaren I (the Strong one) Van Arkel

Jan I van Arkel, nicknamed the Strong, was from the second generation of the van Arkel family from onwards 1253 until his death. Other possessions were Noordeloos, Bergenambacht, Heukelom, Hoog Blokland, Slingelandt, Stolwijk and Willige Langerak.

He was a son of Herbaren II van der Lede, heir to Jan VII van Arkel, and of Alverade

#### 31.43 Notes on Jan Herbaren II Van Arkel

He was still a minor before 1269, so the regency was assumed by his mother.

Jan appears in several certificates. In 1273 he bought the port of Gorinchem from the count van Bentheim (or inherited?).

In 1281 he was knighted by Floris V, the count of Holland.

In 1288 he took part in the Battle of Woeringen on the Brabant side.

In 1290 he recognized Floris as his feudal lord for his castle in Gorinchem and received it in return the right to charge a toll there.

## 31.44 Notes on Ermisinde Ermesinde of Namen

Heiress van Luxemburg

#### 31.45 Notes on Willem II of Holland

Willem II (1227 - 1256) in huddle with Elisabeth of Brunswijk fought several wars against the West Frisians.

During the campaign against the West Frisians, he fell through the ice near Hoogwoud on 28 January 1256 from the Berkmeer.

The West Frisians found him in a powerless position and killed him.

When they realized that they had killed the king, William was buried under the fireback from a farm in Hoogwoud.

It was not until 1282 that his son, Count Floris V, managed to find his remains, but not without them blow or blow: Hoogwoud was plundered and the population was largely exterminated by the Dutch. Willem II was buried in the Abbey of Middelburg.

#### 31.46 Notes on Willem I van Brederode

Willem I van Brederode (1228) married Margaretha van der Merwede, daughter of Daniel IV van der Merwede and Healdina van Grutura.

On June 25, 1282 he is loaned with the courts of Goudriaan, Hardinxveld, Papendrecht, Peursum and Slingeland.

Willem I and his second wife Hildegonde van Voorne are buried in the Brederode Chapel of the Engelmunduskerk in Velsen. Both persons are depicted on the tombstone.

The name Brederode first appears when it is mentioned in the charter of 1244.

During the reign of Count Floris V, William was one of the richest and most important nobles of the county of Holland in which he had extensive possessions.

In 1248 - 1249 he took part in the campaign along the Rhine over Cologne.

As an army commander in 1256 he played a large part in the struggle of his liege Lord King Willem II against the West Frisians.

Not only because he was a good commander, but also because he was capable of self-possession and take a good number of his serfs to battle at his own expense.

Willem died in 1285, his wife Hillegonda survived him for 17 years and died in 1302.

#### 31.47 Notes on Otto I van Arkel, Lord of Heukelum and Asperen

Also called the Bastard and the Miller.

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#### 31.48 Notes on Jan I Van Polanen van Duivenvoorde

Lord van Strijen en Polanen inherits the castle at Geertruidenberg from Jan I van Duivenvoorde. He was the son of Philip III van Duivenvoorde and Elisabeth, lady of Vianen, and was one half-brother of Philips' illegitimate son Willem "Snickerieme" van Duivenvoorde. Jan I is first mentioned in a source from 1305.

He is mentioned on December 6, 1305 as the son of Philips van Duivenvoorde and March 30, 1306 as cousin of Dirk van den Wale, who entered the mill in Voswijc on 17 September 1311 Monsterambacht donated.

Between 1307 and 1309 he inherited the Polanen property from his father, also a tribal house Polanen in Monster.

On March 30, 1326, he leased the manor of the Lek, namely the crafts: Krimpen aan de Merwede (on the Lek), Krimpen on the Yssel, Ouderkerk and Zuidbroek.

In 1327 he was loaned with Heemskerk and Castricum.

In 1328 he was present at the battle of Kassel under the Count of Flanders (Louis II of Nevers). In 1329 he was knighted.

In 1331 he became bailiff of Rhineland (1331), Woerden, Kennemerland and West-Friesland appointed. On November 19, 1335 he acquired Capelle from lord Pieter van der Leek, while duke Jan III of Brabant him on 9 Dec. 1339 the manor of Breda, of which his brother Willem van Duivenvoorde had the usufruct, pledged for 28,000 small florins.

On January 15, 1342 Count Willem IV lent him a corn tent hand a narrow corn tenth in Poeldijk.

# 31.49 Notes on Otto Van Polanen, Lord of Asperen

Otto van Polanen, lord of Asperen, son of Dirck van Polanen named van der Lecke and Elburch van Arkel.

As Otto van Asperen, lord van Voorst, he came for the first time before July 21, 1401, on which date he was therefore already married (van Doorninck, T. Rek. Overijssel Part. II, 92).

On April 17, 1404, Otto van Asperen, knight, lord of Voorst and Keppel, and Johanna, lady van Voorst, Asperen and Keppel, city rights to Keppel (Nijhoff: Bijdr. IX, II, 88).

Lord Otto van Asperen, knight, and Johanna, lady van Voorst, sell December 13, 1406 Dyrick den Olden eight "morgen" land in Mastenbroek (Charters Kl. Bethl. Near Zwolle, no. 35).

On May 13, 1409, both spouses lease the meier right of a farmstead in Voerst to Goedert van Franchuys and his brother Jacob (Almelo Archive no. 138).

In 1416 Otto and Johanna gave their son Johan van Polanen the manors of Voorst and Keppel under the condition to leave it unseparated.

This Johan appears on 3 July 1426 as Johan, son tot Asperen, lord of Voerst and Keppel (Archives Almelo no. 200) and is called lord of Asperen on June 25, 1430. His father Otto then apparently is passed away.

# 31.50 Notes on Johan Van Polanen, Lord of Asperen

Johan van Polanen, lord of Asperen, Voorst and Keppel; in 1426 official of Salland.

He died between July 25, 1431 and April 23, 1432.

He sided with the battle for episcopal dignity in the Sticht of Utrecht

Rudolf van Diepholt and he also sealed the letter of denial to Sweder van Culemborg dd. June 28, 1426 (van Doorninck T. Rek. Overijssel Archives 247).

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### 31.51 Notes on Frederic, Schele Gijs van Egmond

He was lord of IJsselstein, count of Buren and Leerdam and councilor-chamberlain of Charles the naughty and Maximilian I of Austria. He was also lord of Cranendonck and Eindhoven. In 1478 Frederik was captured in Nijmegen by followers of Adolf van Gelre and was imprisoned there for three years (1478-81).

In the 1480s he supported the politics of Maximilian I of Austria.

After his release, he assisted Bishop David of Burgundy in the Stichtse War (1481-1483). In 1482 he managed to thwart the siege of IJsselstein by setting up a military force in Schoonhoven collect.

In 1486 he attended his coronation as Roman king and in 1488 Frederick led an army that went to Bruges to relieve Maximilian when he was held there.

## 31.52 Notes on Adriaan van Bruheze

Adriaan van Bruheze was a steward in Breda

## 31.53 Notes on Dirck Jansz Van Nuijssenburg

Profession Tresorier Dordrecht 1559-1566

## 31.54 Notes on Willem Janszn. Van Nuijssenburg

Willem van Nuyssenburg served Emperor Charles V, Count of Holland, on his own for 16 months purse, with ten servants on horseback, for which he was loaned from the Emperor, into certain land Papendrecht, and it was itself called Nuijssenburg, after his own.

## 31.55 Notes on Johan (Jan) Willemsz van Nuyssenburg

Johan van Nuijssenburg, governor of the Hoekse Waard (1572-1596) Leenman van de Gratitude, endowed in 1578, 1581.

### 31.56 Notes on Adriaen van Nuyssenburg

Adriaen van Nuijssenburg, born in Dordrecht in May 1624, painter, residing in 't Huys de Kruythof on the Leerdamse Diefdike and steward of the Heren Dijkgraaf and Hoogheemraad of the Alblasserwaard and of the adjacent Dorts Heeren House.

## 31.57 Notes on Arien Meertens de Jongh

Ariens Meertens de Jongh was Mayor of Herwijnen in 1616.

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# Notes from and about persons

From the 17th up to and including the 20th century

in Europe

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# 32. Notes from and bout persons from 17<sup>th</sup> up to and including the 20<sup>the</sup> century in Europe

## 32.01 Notes on Cornelis Floriszn Bogaert

Legal Archives Leerdam number 85 dated 11-5-1707

Conelis Floriszn sells in Overheicop for 375 guilders to Gerrit Jansen van Santen op 't Sant, 2 m of pasture and arable on Cortgerecht, stretching from the ditch of Arien Geerlofs den Hartog to the ditch van Cornelis Joosten, located above Cornelis Joosten, below Johan van der Leede in Culemborg.

#### 32.02 Notes on Geurt Alertsen Rosa

Alderman of the municipality of Tuil.

#### 23.03 Notes on Willem Adriaansen Westerhout

Willem Adriaensen Westerhout, (05-02-1688) landowner and farmer in Schoonrewoerd and married to Neeltje (Nelligje) Enthusiast (01-01-1687).

He is a son of Janette Adriaensdr van Nuyssenburg and Adriaem Jansz Westerhout Westerhout. Willem Adriaensen Westerhout borrows large sums of money with his homestead as collateral

accessories on the polder Cortgereght under Leerdam, to be able to make repayments elsewhere. If the collateral is no longer sufficient, he moves his brother Jan Adriaensen Westerhout, married to Metje Cornelisse Cool, together with Gerrit Theunisse Liefhebber surety for him stand.

On 1-10-1723 the Aldermen of Leerdam demand a public auction of the covenants real estate and the guarantors are addressed. But this is not the end yet!

The following is stated in Leerdam's city account for 1726:

"Comt alderman Jan Meijer, city surgeon, paying attention to the appearance of the body of Nelligje Peel, wife of Willem Adriaansz. Westerhout, who had been fired and died, as to the surgeons, as well as devouring as usual, according to note *f* 16.7"

In 1729 Willem Adriaansz. Westerhout sentenced to 3½ years before the Court of Holland imprisonment in the Rasphuijs in Delft for killing his wife. He died in Rasphuijs.

# 32.04 Notes on Annigje Cornelisse Bogaard

Resides in Overheicop and a sister of Cornelis Corneliszn Bogaart

#### 32.05 Notes on Heiltje Ariens de Jongh

Cornelis Cornelisz Bogaart and Heiltje Ariens de Jongh registered in 1728 in the Gasthuis van the village of Schoonrewoerd.

#### 32.06 Notes on Johannes Jacobsz van der Leeden

Married on 6 May 1731 in Schoonrewoerd to Lijsbeth Cornelisdr Bogaart born in 1707.

#### 32.07 Notes on Rijkje Dirks den Braven

- House number 103 residing in the event of death
- Witness at baptism: Antje van der Linden

#### 32.08 Notes on Jan Abrahams den Hertog

Married 28 June 1767, Schoonrewoerd, to Rijkje den Braven 1743-1817, with: Maria den Hertog 1768, Abram den Hertog 1770- / 1774, Bart den Hartog 1773, Abraham den Hartog 1774-1850, Huibert den Hartog 1776-1827, Cornelis den Hertog 1781-1848.

#### 32.09 Notes on Neeltje Geurts Rosa

Neeltje Geurts Rosa is married to Anhonij Teunis Herberts van Ballgoijen in 1683 te Herwijnen, Gelderland. He was Mayor of Herwijnen in the period 1696-1698. She is a descendant of the Polanen family.

# 32.10 Notes on Pieter Cornelisz van Casant

Living on the Achterdijk in Nieuwland. Member with his 3rd wife there in 1740.

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#### 32.11 Notes on Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout

Metje (Antonetta) Jans Westerhout, b. ca.1703, tr. Schoonrewoerd 19.07.1722 Gerridt Geerlofszn. Zijderveld, c. Schoonrewoerd 09.02.1696, bur. ald. 25.11.1751, n. van Geerlof Peterzn Zijderveld and Metje Gerritsdr. Van Santen, lived on the D Liefdike.

#### 32.12 Notes on Ariaentjes (Adriana) Jansdr Westerhout

Ariaentje and Hendrck farmed on the D Liefdeijk, probably on the "Cruythof".

## 32.13 Notes on Annighje Florisse Bogaart

Upon death residing in Schoonrewoerd, house number 47.

# 32.14 Notes on Bart Cornelisse Bogaard

Registered in 1738 in the Gasthuis of the village of Schoonrewoerd.

# 32.15 Notes on Rijkje Dirks den Braven

Witness at baptism: Antje van der Linden. House number 103 residing upon death.

#### 32.16 Notes on Dina van Karssen

Dina van Karsen. Daughter of Cornelis Ariense van Karssen.

## 32.17 Notes on Floris Bartsz Bogaart

In the event of death residing in Schoonrewoerd, house number 8.

### 32.18 Notes on Neeltje de Leeuw

Marrigje is married to Huibert den Hartog on 28-10-1804 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. At the wedding of daughter Marrigje with Hermanus van den Berg on 12/29/1842 she is a builder in Schoonrewoerd.

#### 32.19 Notes on Huibert den Hartog

Huibert is at the declaration of daughter Marrigje on 8-12-1816 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland, 40 years old and living house no. 94. Son of Jan Abrahams den Hertog and Rijkje Dirks den Braven.

#### 32.20 Notes on Cornelia Bogerd

Living Diefdike 139

#### 32.21 Notes on Arie de Leeuw

Arie probably farmed "on 't Sant" on the Kerkweg, on the Leerdam side.

#### 32.22 Notes on Cornelis Gerritzn Zijderveld

Cornelis Gerritzn. Zijderveld, c. Schoonrewoerd 25.12.1722, builder at the Diefdike, bur. Zijderveld 28.03.1769, tr. Schoonrewoerd 30.03.1749 Neeltje Claesdr. den Hartogh (Hertogh), ged. Leerdam 27.03.1729, deceased. ald. 20.12.1807, bur. Schoonrewoerd 28.12.1807, Dr. van Claes Corneliszn. den Hertog, builder in Leerdam, and Beatrix Aerts de Jongh. She remarries Cornelis de Leeuw. Land leases competing the Church of Schoonrewoerd 1768: Cordgeregd: half a mile of land has been handed over to Geerloff Ariensz den Hartogh in the past for 6 Carolus guilders a year, to be paid on martini day or 14 days misunderstood to the hands of the steward of the spiritual goods over the County of Leerdam at the time, being of whom now prossesseurs the widow Cornelisz (Zijderveld), now in marriage Cornelis Janzn de Leeuw, this year being the 110th year of that first page. (nass. Dom. 7931). In 1793 Neeltje lived on the Kersteeg near the wheel in Schoonrewoerd.

#### 32.23 Notes on Neeltje Hendrickse van Meteren

Neeltje Hendrickse van Meteren, c. Schoonrewoerd 1/25/1739, deceased. Leerdam 4/13/1826, mar. Schoonrewoerd 16-10-1757 Gijsbert Aertse Verrips, c. Culemborg 6-9-1733, bur. Schoonrewoerd 4-9-1806, n. by Aert Cornelisz Verrips and Adriana Janse van Nieuwendael. Neeltje and Gysbert farmed on the Cruythof

#### 32.24 Notes on Harmen Jansz. de Gans

Married 1 August 1797, Lexmond (Zederik), to Cornelia Tukker 1775-1844 with: Jan Harmens de Gans 1798 - †, Cornelis de Gans 1800-1849 x de Gans 1801 - †, Marrigje Harmens de Gans 1802 - †, Gerrit de Gans 1806-1883, Krijntje de Gans 1814-1883.

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### 32.25 Notities over Heiltje Bogaert

Living in Lexmond.

#### 32.26 Notes on Dirk Janse den Braven

Frans Bogerd and Cornelis Bogerd, who are authorized for Dirk Janse den Braven and Heiltje Bogaert, Frans Geitenbeek and Cornelia Bogaert (authorization 25-1-1799 in Lexmond) sell to Gerrit de Jong; 2 merge on Overheicop. extending from the Middelwetering to half transverse ditch of Klaas van Vlissingen, ringing above Peeter 't Lam, below Cornelis van den Berg F 125.00 act 28-1-1799.

## 32.27 Notes on Roelof Middelkoop

Source Civil archives municipality Schoonrewoerd registration number birth 4 dated 28-01-1823 and death certificate number 19 dated 5/2/1898. Lot number Militia canton of Vianen. Stature: 1 cubit, 4 inches, 6 palm and 5 stripe. Eyes: blue. Hair: reddish

#### 32.28 Notes on Arie Pieter Middelkoop

According to tradition, Arie Pieter was 1812-1893, married to Barbera de Leeuw, a translator Dutch-French at the horse market in Leerdam and Schoonrewoerd. He probably learned French from Schoonrewoerd's schoolmaster, Lucas van Hattem who with a niece of his father getr. used to be. In addition to being a farmer and translator, he was also a baker.

#### 32.29 Notes on Wouter van Gent

Wouter van Gent (1776-1841) is married on Jan 30, 1819 in Leerdam to Jenneke Bogert. Passported soldier.

# 32.30 Notes on Jenneke Bogert

Jenneke Bogert and Wouter van Gent lived in Bergstraat in Leerdam. Jenneke is there passed away.

# 32.31 Notes on Abraham Bogaard

Abraham (1777-1835), married to Metje van der Leeden, living at the time of death in Loosdorp.

#### 32.32 Notes on Pieter Bogerd

Pieter (1783-1861) and married to Maria van Ooijen, on 30-4-1841 in the municipality of Leerdam registered the birth of the son, named Willem, of his daughter Teuntje Bogert. Witnesses: Huibert Verdugt 50 years old (1790) and married to Aagje Exaltus, and Jan Willemse Bogerd 25 years (1815-1872) and married to Jaantje Adriana Middelkoop.

#### 32.33 Notes on Jan de Leeuw

Jan Corneliszn de Leeuw (1751-1815) and married to Maaike Dirksdr van der Koppel lives in 1805 on the Zijderveldse Diefdike.

# 32.34 Notities on Hendrik Siebeling

Jannigje Siebeling (1790-1855) married on February 4, 1824 in Ameide to Gerrit Pouw. Jannigje is Hendrik Siebeling's mother. The father is unknown so far.

#### 32.35 Notes on Cornelis de Gans

Married on May 15, 1830, Hei- en Boeicop (Zederik), to Lijsje den Braven. Their children:

Kornelis de Gans 1831- †, Harmen de Gans 1833- †, Cornelis de Gans 1836- †, Harmen de Gans 1838-1907, Harmen de Gans 1838- †, Hermina de Gans 1849- †, Hermina de Gans 1842- † Cornelia de Gans 1844-1845, Cornelia de Gans 1847-1847.

## 32.36 Notes on Neeltje Woudenberg

Source Civil registry - Marriage Archive location Central Bureau for Genealogy (for National Archive) General Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop

Type of deed: Marriage certificate Document number: 3 Date: 07-05-1841 Groom Pieter Broere Date of Birth: 11-08-1806 Age: 34 Place of Birth: Hei- and Boeicop Bride Neeltje Woudenberg Date of birth: 08-01-1818 Age: 23

Place of birth: Meerkerk Father of groom Bart Broere. Mother groom Aafje Bogert.

Father bride Klaas Woudenberg. Mother of the bride Machteltje de Wit

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#### 32.37 Notes on Lijsbeth (Elisabeth) van der Leede

Lijsbeth Cornelisse van der Leede, baptized (NG) on 06-20-1756 in Schoonrewoerd (source: Nat.Arch. Schoonrewoerd Baptisms S2-p27 (fig. 29), source text: den 20 ditto a child baptized from Cornelis van der Leeden and Neeltje Zijderveld, the child named Lijsbeth), died on 11-30-1841in Leerdam at the age of 85. Publication of the banns on 1784-05-16 in Schoonrewoerd (source: Trouwboek Schoonrewoerd S3 p. 41, source text:

On May 1, 1784, the legal notice of marriage was entered into, Eijmert van der Leeden ym was born in Leerdam and living over here, born with Elizabeth van der Leede jd and living over here. married den 16 Meij 1784), married at the age of 27 on 1784-05-16 in Schoonrewoerd (source: Wedding book Schoonrewoerd S3 p. 41) with Eijmert Jansz van der Leden, 35 years old, baptized (NG) on 06-12-1748 in Kedichem (witness (es): Martijntje van der Leden.) (source: Nat.Arch. Kedichem) Baptismal book K5-p12 (fig. 10), source text:

On the 12 June was baptized Eijmert, F: Jan Dirkze van der Leden, M: Cornelia Gerritsdr van Amerongen, G: Martijntje van der Leden. The child was born and the parents won Leerdam soil.), Died on 01-09-1825 in Leerdam at the age of 76, son of Jan Dirksz van der Leede and Cornelia Geertsen van Amerongen.

From this marriage:

- 1. Johannes Eijmerts van der Leede, baptized (NG) on 1784-12-05 in Schoonrewoerd (source: Nat.Arch. Schoonrewoerd Baptisms S2-p73 (fig. 75), source text: a child was baptized the same day van Eijmert van der Leede and Leijsbeth van der Leede, the child named Johannes.).
- 2. Neeltje van der Leede, baptized (NG) on 1786-03-12 in Schoonrewoerd (witness (es): Antonet van Leede, wife of Abraham Bogert) (source: Nat.Arch. Schoonrewoerd Baptisms S2-p78 (image 80), source text: Denselven thought a child was baptized by Eijmert van der Leede and Leijsbeth van der Leede, the child takes Neeltje, was baptized by Antonet van Leede, wife of Abraham Bogert), died on 1862-12-02 in Leerdam at the age of 76 (source: Genlias death certificate, referenced number: 96). Married at the age of 25 on 1811-11-17 in Lexmond (source: Trouwboek Lexmond L9-p83, source text: On the seventeenth of November for the Maire van Lexmond en testify before having had two Marriage orders in Schoonrewoerd as here married Roelof van Bommel, young man of age, born and living on Lexmond and Neeltje van der Leeden adult Young daughter born in Schoonrewoerd.) With Roelof van B, born about 1790 in Lexmond.
- 3. Cornelia van der Leeden
- 4. Cornelis van der Leede, baptized (NG) on 1789-10-11 in Leerdam (source: Nat.Arch. Leerdam Baptisms L2-p132 (fig. 28), source text: the child Cornelis, parents: IJmert van der Leeden and Elisabeth van der Leeden.).
- 5. Adriana van der Leeden, born on 1791-10-11 in Schoonrewoerd, christened (NG) op 1791-10-16 in Schoonrewoerd (witness (es): Adriana van der Leede, source text: The 16 october a child baptized of Rijmert van der Leede and Leijsbeth van der Leede, the child named Adriana. Baptized by Adriana van der Leede.
  - A dogter b. den 11 Oct.), died on 1834-05-01 in Leerdam at the age of 42, source text: General Municipality: Leerdam Type of certificate: Death certificate: 35. Declaration date: 03-05-1834. Deceased Adriana van den Leeden. Gender: M.
  - Date of death: 01-05-1834 Age: 46 Father Egbert van den Leeden Mother Elizabeth van der Leeden Partner Arie van Tol). Married at the age of 24 on 1816-04-20 in Leerdam to Arie van Tol, born about 1789 in Venlo, son of Arie van Tol and Maria Cornelje.
- 6. Antenet van der Leede, born on 1792-12-17 in Schoonrewoerd, christened (NG) on 1792-12-23 in Schoonrewoerd, source text: A child was baptized here, a dog was born on December 17 where from the father was Eijmert van der Leede, mother Lijsbeth van der Leede. the name of the child is Antenet.), died on 1836-12-05 in Leerdam at the age of 43 (source: death certificate Genlias, ref.: 60). Married at the age of 29 on 1822-08-01 in Leerdam to Arie Kortlever, born about 1779 in Kedichem, son of Pieter Kortlever and Elisabeth van der Leden.

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#### 32.38 Notes on Engelina de Wild

Source Civil registry - Marriage Archive location Central Bureau for Genealogy (for National Archive) General Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of deed: Marriage certificate Document number: 5 Date:17-10-1832 Groom Pieter Broere Date of Birth: 11-08-1806 Age: 26 Place of birth: Hei- and Boeicop Bride Engelina de Wild. Date of birth: 12/18/1810. Age: 21. Place of birth: Hei- and Boeicop Died: 18-4-1840. Father groom Bart Broere. Mother groom Aafje Bogert. Father of the bride Jacob de Wild. Mother of the bride Annigje Zijderveld

# 32.39 Notes on Neeltje Middelkoop

Civil status - Death Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Schoonrewoerd Type of deed: Death certificate Document number: 7 Declaration date: 15-05-1879 Deceased Neeltje Middelkoop Sex: F Date of death: 15-05-1879 Age: 68 Place of death: Schoonrewoerd Father Gerrit Middelkoop Mother Hermpje van Ewijk. More information Widow of Bastiaan den Braber and Floris Bogaard (1803-1848) and mother of Elisabeth Bogaard (1844-1922).

#### 32.40 Notes on Floris Bogaard

Civil status - Death Archive location The Utrecht Archives General Access no: 1232 Inventory number: 9 Municipality: Vianen Type of certificate: Death certificate Document number: 96Declaration date:08/14/1848 Deceased Floris Bogaard Gender: M Date of death: 08/14/1848 Age: 45

Place of death: Vianen Father Bart Bogaard Mother Elizabeth Vink Partner Neeltje Middelkoop.

# 32.41 Notes on Abraham Bartsz Bogaart

Living from 1846 to 1856 at Loosdorp no 18.

Owners, Wouter Schaap and Jacob Versteeg, sell number 18 to Willem Middelkoop. This can only be put in after Abraham Bogert's departure, after the death of his wife in 1855. In 1856 he moved to Loosdorp 92 and later to Zuidwal A299a in Leerdam.

## 32.42 Notes on Anthonie Hoegee

Anthonie Hoegee (1827-1918) was married on November 24, 1854 in Vianen, to Elisabeth Bogaard 1830-1895 Living in Leerdam. The marriage certificate is co-signed by P. Bochanen.

## 32.43 Notities over Koenraad (Koen) Bogert

Living in `857 in Leerdam, Huibertkade.

# 32.44 Notes on Arie Bogerd.

Arie Bogerd worked his own land and had two cows for the "Baat".

He was also "Dikeschopper" in the service of the polder; he made sure that traces of horses and wagons were refilled. Arie Bogerd came to live in Leerdam on May 10, 1872.

Arie Bogerd inherited two from his parents-in-law Leendert Noorland (er) and Jenneke van der Plaat houses, located at Hoogeind 13 and 15. All children of Arie Bogerd and Jenneke Noorland have a certain period all lived in one house on the Hoogeind in Leerdam.

Arie Bogerd married to Jenneke Noorland, he could not write.

#### 32.45 Notes on Willem Bogaard

Municipality: Arkel Death certificate Deed number: 4 Declaration date: 17-03-1885 Deceased Willem Boogaard Gender: M. Date of death: 15-03-1885 Age: 56. Father Gerrit Boogaard Mother Grietje van Harmelen Partner Neeltje Versluis.

#### 32.46 Notes on Cornelia de Leeuw

Death certificate, number: declaration date: 16-02-1885 Deceased Cornelia de Leeuw.

Gender: V. Date of death: 02/16/1885 Age: 49 Place of death: Hagestein.

Her profession was builder.

Father Hermanus de Leeuw. Mother Cornelia Johanna Kemp. Partner Gerrit Verrips.

#### 32.47 Notes on Willem Casant Bogerd

Lived at the birth of daughter Metje in Loosdorp in 1839.

Lived on the death of daughter Metje in 1842 at Schaaijk in Leerdam.

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### 32.48 Notes on Margrieta Zijderveld

Margrieta Zijderveld, b. Schoonrewoerd 08.09.1854, deceased. Leerdam 14.11.1940, bur. Schoonrewoerd. Buried in grave no.180 (old cemetery).

Tr. Schoonrewoerd 13.04.1877 in Schoonrewoerd. In the marriage certificate the name Heijkoop was as Heikoop. Husband is Anthonie Johannes Heijkoop, b. Lexmond 14.03. 1849, deceased. Leerdam 18.03.1923, bur. Schoonrewoerd. Buried in grave no.104 (old cemetery). Son of Thomas Heijkoop and Adriana den Hartog.

# 32.49 Notes on Pleuntje Bogerd

Moved in December 1895 from high Blokland to Schoonrewoerd, Oud Schaik 23.

# 32.50 Notes on Cornelis Leendert Middelkoop

Living in Schoonrewoerd on Dorpsstraat 10.

# 32.51 Notes on Regina Wouterina Souwer

Regina married Hendrik van Os on 1-6-1923 in Leerdam, South Holland. Hendrik van Os was born on 2-2- 1800, transferred in Leerdam on 6 Jun 1838, son of Hendrik van Os and Annigje van Gelderen.

## 32.52 Notes on Cornelis Abrahamse Bogaard

On the death of daughter Neeltje in 1880, living in Loosdorp.

Cornelis is below the measure and is exempt from military service for one year in connection with are small body measurements; 4 feet, 8 inches, 2 stripe. Lived at Treffelede district B 157 in Ldm.

### 32.53 Notes on Teunis Bogerd

Teunis is married to Annigje Verneulen on 5-10-1838 in Leerdam, South Holland. He cannot write. During the death of his mother, lived in Loosdorp at no. 8 near the forest. Below par and is exempt from military service for one year.

## 32.54 Notes on Jakob Bogert

At the birth of Metje Bogert 1839 lived in Dr Teunis Bogert and Annidje Vermeulen Loosdorp behind number 18.

#### 32.55 Notes on Teunis Arie Bogerd

Living in 1845 at Treffelede in Leerdam.

#### 32.56 Notes on Jenneke van Doorne

Lived in Asperen in 1856 as the widow of Gerrit de Ridder. Married on 3/28/1856 Cornelis Bogerd.

# 32.57 Notes on Cornelis Bogerd

He was married to Teuntje van der Leeden. He lived during the death of his daughters Maria (1838), Anneke Maria (1841) and son Jacob (1841) at Treffelede in Leerdam. Engelbert Lemmen was also a witness at the death report. Lived in Oosterwijk in 1839, in 1834 in Leerdam and in 1849 Watermiller in Schaik near Leerdam.

## 32.58 Notes on Jaantje Adriana (Geertruida) Middelkoop

Also called: Jaantje Geertruida Middelkoop.

#### 32.59 Notes on Huibert den Hartog

When the birth of his daughter Marrigje (8-12-1816) was registered, he was 40 years old, a worker, living house no.94.

At his death 50 years old, son of Jan Abrahams den Hertog, mother Rijkje Dirks den Braven

#### 32.60 Notes on Neeltie de Leeuw

She is married to Huibert den Hartog.

At the marriage of daughter Marrigje (1842) she is a builder in Schoonrewoerd.

## 32.61 Notes on Jan Bogaard

Living in Hoogeind. Lived op Schaik during the death of brother Thomas.

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### 32.62 Notes on Arie Bogaard

In 1790 from Beesd to Leerdam. In 1829 live in Schaik.

#### 32.63 Notes on Willem Bogaard

Living on the Diefdike. Father of Aalbert Laurentius Bogerd. Witnesses at birth of his granddaughter Klara Jozina Bogerd daughter of Aalbert Laurentius Bogerd and Teuntje Kool

#### 32.64 Notes on Thomas Bogaard

Thomas, married to Maria Kers, declares with the marriage certificate, registered 15-45-1823, that he met the National Militia under number 1474. Living Schaikseweg number 114,113 and 250 in\
Leerdam.

#### 32.65 Notes on Arie de Leeuw

Arie probably farmed "on 't Sant" on the Kerkweg, on the Leerdam side.

## 24.66 Notes on Hendrik Aartsz. Verrips

Lived in Weverwijk before 1851. Owner and living after 1-3-1851 at Loosdorp number 6.

# 32.67 Notes on Jeronia Plomp

Jeronia Plomp, married to Gerrit de Ruijter, farmer at Oud-Bodegraven, Zwammerdam, South Holland, makes her will. She appoints her husband as heir and executor. 13-9-1901

## 32.68 Notes on Gerrit de Ruijter

Gerrit de Ruijter, widower of Margrietha Domburg, married Jeronia Plomp on 12-9-1901, farmer at Oud-Bodegraven under Zwammerdam, makes his will. He appoints his wife as heiress and executor.

#### 32.69 Notes on Bastiaan van der Stelt

Married to Adriana Hak on June 24, 1876 in Leerbroek. Married to Annigje Verschoor, divorce on June 9, 1876 in Leerbroek, South Holland.

#### 32.70 Notes on Willem Maasland

Birth, archive location Het Utrecht Archives, General, Access no: 1254 Inventory no: 5 Municipality: Everdingen Birth certificate Deed number: 22 Declaration date: 11-10-1848 Willem Maasland Sex: M Date of birth: 11-10-1848 Place of birth: Everdingen, Father Jacobus Hendrik Maasland Mother Dirkje Adriana Klijnveld

#### 32.71 Notes on Anthon ie Cornelis Hoegee

1894 won: Nieuwstraat in Leerdam Residing at Oud-Schaik 2 in Leerdam, South Holland. Birth: According to personal card: Anthonie Cornelis

# 32.72 Notes on Hermanus de Lange

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop, Type of deed: death certificate, deed number: Declaration date: 03-09-1917 Deceased Hermanus de Lange, date of death: 02-09-1917 Age: 63 father Leendert de Lange Mother Diena Bogerd Partner Elisabeth Bogaard

# 32.73 Notes on Elisabeth Bogaard

Access number: 1260 Inventory number: 16 Municipality: Everdingen Type of certificate: Death certificate Document number: 11 Declaration date: 25-10-1940 Deceased Elisabeth Bogaard Gender: V Date of death: 25-10-1940 Age: 87 Place of death: Everdingen Father Floris Bogaard. Mother Aartje Vermeulen. Partner Hermanus de Lange Relationship: widow of

# 32.74 Notes on Hermanus de Lange

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop, Type of certificate: Death certificate. Deed number: 7 Declaration date: 03-09-1917 Deceased Hermanus de Lange Date of death: 02-09-1917 Age: 63 Father Leendert de Lange Mother Diena Bogerd Partner Elisabeth Bogaard

## 32.75 Notes on Marrigje Bogaard

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Birth certificate Certificate number: 1
Declaration date: 11-01-1850 Child Marrigje Bogaard Gender: V Date of birth: 11-01-1850
Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Death certificate Certificate number: 1 Declaration date: 20-01-1938 Deceased Marrigje Bogaard Date of death: 19-01-1938 Age: 88.

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#### 32.76 Notes on Cornelis Bogerd

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Birth certificate Certificate number: 15 Declaration date: 03-10-1861. Child Cornelis Bogerd Sex: M Date of birth: 01-10-1861 Access number: 1270 Inventory number: 10 Municipality: Hagestein. Type of certificate: Death certificate Document number: 10 Declaration date: 09-10-1935 Deceased Cornelis Bogerd Sex: M Date of death: 28-09-1935 Age: 73 Place of death: Jaarsveld and found: Access number: 463 Inventory number: 624 Municipality: Jaarsveld. Type of certificate: Death certificate Document number: 15 Declaration date: 30-09-1935 Overledene Cornelis Bogerd Sex: M Date of death: 09/28/1935 Age: 73 Place of death: Jaarsveld Father Bastiaan Bogerd Mother Teuntje Pesselse Partner Elisabeth Kool Relationship: widower.

## 32.77 Notes on Neeltje Bogerd

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Birth certificate Certificate number: 4 Declaration date: 15-02-1864 Child Neeltje Bogerd Sex: F Date of birth: 14-02-1864 Access number: 1270 Inventory number: 10 Municipality: Hagestein Type of certificate: Death certificate Document number: 10 Declaration date: 08-08-1941 Deceased Neeltje Bogerd Sex: F Date of death: 07-08-1941 Age: 77 Place of death: Hagestein.

# 32.78 Notes on Willem Bogerd

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Birth certificate Certificate number: 2 Declaration date: 16-02-1867 Child Willem Bogerd Gender: M Date of birth: 16-02-1867 Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Death certificate Document number: 4 Declaration date: 11-06-1938 Deceased Willem Bogerd Date of death: 11-06-1938 Age: 71.

#### 32.79 Notes on Johannes van Kekem

Johannes is married to Johanna Bogaard on January 15, 1920 in Lexmond, Utrecht. Buried in Gouderak

#### 32.80 Notes on Cornelis Versluis

Cornelis Versluis is married to Trijna Bogerd on 11-11-1887 in Schoonrewoerd. He had a piece of arable land. You could regularly see him taking a wheelbarrow with vegetables to Leerdam.

# 32.81 Notes on Trijna Bogerd

In 1941 Trijna lived at 20 Watertorenlaan in Leerdam.

#### 32.82 Notes on Jannigje Verbaan

Jannigje Verbaan was married to Leendert Bogerd on 19-2-1892 in Leerdam, South Holland. They also help on Verhoef's farm. She could reach the farm via a tree trunk over a ditch come. She milked the cows.

#### 32.83 Notes on Leendert Bogerd

Leendert Bogerd was married to Jannigje Verbaan. On 3 -8-1914 Leendert buys Bogerd from his father Arie Bogerd the two houses and yard of 475 m2 at Hoogeind 13 and 15, which Arie van his father-in-law Leendert inherited Noorland, for the price of F 1525. Leendert's father Bogerd, Arie Bogerd married Jenneke Noorland on 1-3-1867 in Leerdam. Arie cannot write.

#### 32.84 Notes on Arie Bogerd

Arie Bogerd, married to Neeltje van Loon and lived at 17 Leerdam Horndijk on 18-7-1941.

## 32.85 Noties on Jenneke Bogerd

Jenneke Bogerd married Ernst Broere on 17-6-1909 in Leerdam. She lived at 21 Hoogeind in Leerdam.

#### 32.86 Notes on Maarten Bogerd

Maarten, married to Sijgje de Groot on 7/27/1899 in Leerbroek, South Holland, he was born on 3/3/1898 assigned as a lottery to the 3rd Regiment of Fortress Artillery. On 6/30/1899 he passed as a duty officer corporal on long leave. He was later called up regularly for refresher exercises.

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### 32.87 Notes on Jan Arie Bogert

Jan Arie Bogert is married to Aagje Kortlever on 26-10-1905 in Schoonrewoerd. He lived on 12/7/1949 at Hoogeind 5 and 5a.

# 32.88 Notes on Annigje Bogaard en Jan Oosterom

Birth certificate number 5, declaration date 24-4-1857. Death certificate number 16, declaration 7/21/1941. Birth certificates ummer 6, declaration 9-3-1859. Death certificate number 17, declaration 12/7/1940.

#### 32.89 Notes on Elizabeth Hekman

Elizabeth is married to Peter Vos on 9/14/1888 in Hei- en Boeicop, South Holland. Source Civil Registry - Birth Archive Location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Leerbroek Type of certificate: Birth certificate Document number: 23 Declaration date: 06-11-1865

# 32.90 Notes on Adrianus Verrips

Source Civil registry - Marriage Archive location Historical Center Overijssel General Access number: 123 Inventory number: 07488 Municipality: Kampen Type of certificate: Marriage certificate, Certificate number: 38 Date: 04/29/1897 Groom Adrianus Verrips Age: 26 Place of birth: Hagestein

Bride Margaretha Albertina Molenbeek Age: 24 Place of birth: Utrecht Father of groom Gerrit Verrips Mother of groom Cornelia de Leeuw Father of bride Hartger Molenbeek Mother of the bride Gerdina Johanna Fokkens Further information profession Groom: baker; profession father Groom: farmer. Civil status. Death Archive location Historical Center Overijssel General Access number: 123 Inventory number: 15329 Municipality: Zwolle Type of certificate: death certificate. Document number: 364 Declaration date: 30-06-1942 Deceased Adrianus Verrips Sex: M. Date of death: 29-06-1942 Age: 71 Place of death: Zwolle Father Gerrit Verrips Mother Cornelia de Leeuw Partner Margaretha Albertina Molenbeek Relationship: husband Further information born in Hagestein

## 32.91 Notes on Johannes van Snippenberg

Johannes was married to Aantje Petertje Bogerd on 8-2-1889 in Asperen, Gelderland. Birth certificate number 1 in Lienden.

 After the death of his wife, Johannes lived with his daughter Geertruida until his death Everharda lived. Only this daughter has not been found to date.

The name Geertruida Everharda is the name of Agnieta Maria van Snippenberg's mother-in-law. Research is needed to clarify this point.

In the death certificate of Kedichem number 13 is "Sneppenberg" instead of Snippenberg as surname. declaration of death was caused by his son-in-law Evert Elias Hijmering, he is married with his daughter Agnieta Maria van Snippenberg.

# 32.92 Notes on Clasina (Sien) den Hartog

Neeltje den Hartog had a sister in Kedichem in addition to a sister Hermine and a brother Arnoldus called "Aunt Sien". She was a descendant of Cornelia Cornelisse Boogaert, married to Dirk Rijcken den Braven.

Access no: 481 Inventory no: 157 Municipality: Vleuten Type of certificate: Birth certificate Certificate number: 35 Registration date: 28-07-1893 Child Clasina den Hartog Sex: V Date of birth: 27-07-1893 Place of birth: Vleuten.

Father Abraham den Hartog Mother Engelina Broere Bron Registry Office - Marriage Archive location Het Utrecht Archives General Access no: 463 Inventory number: 238 Municipality: Bunnik. Type of certificate: Marriage certificate Certificate number: 11 Date: 01-11-1917 Groom Johan Stek Age: 29

Place of birth: Kedichem Bride Clasina den Hartog Age: 24 Place of birth: Vleuten Father Groom Huibert Stek Mother Groom Aafje Vis Father Bride Abraham den Hartog Mother bride Engelina Broere

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#### 32.93 Notes on Peter Verrips

Peter is married to Antonetta Bogaard on 24-6-1886 in Leerdam, South Holland. He attended Kalversteeg 10 Schoonrewoerd.

#### 32.94 Notes on Jantje Heijkoop

Jantje Heijkoop Leerdam (Huibertkade) 15.07.1891, deceased. Leerdam 19.07.1970, bur. ald. 23.07.1970, married in Schoonrewoerd 30.03.1922 Pieter Dirk de Leeuw, born. Schoonrewoerd 05.01.1889, farmer, deceased. Leerdam 07.01.1964, bur. ald. 10.01.1964, son from Arnoldus Johannes de Leeuw, Builder, and Cornelia de Vor.

#### 32.95 Notes on Arie Willem Bogerd

Arie Willem is married to Hilligje Donker on 5/27/1909 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He has always lived on the Dorpsstraat in Schoonrewoerd (Overheicop). Came from Bottrop, Germany to Schoonrewoerd, Overheicop 21 on 18-8-1914

# 32.96 Notes on Aartje de Leeuw

Aartje is married to Arie den Hertog on May 20, 1914 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He lived in Loosdorp number 20.

## 32.97 Notes on Maria Bogerd

Maria is married to Klaas Middag on 7/22/1904 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. She was honored by marriage.

# 32.98 Notes on Willem Bogerd

Willem Bogerd (1885-1969) spent some time in the building built in 1823 educational institutions for beggars, vagrants and orphans in Veenhuizen. So-called "compulsions". An asylum has also been built in Ommerschans.

In 1859 the national government took over these and after 1870 the government work design was changed Justice. Willem Bogerd and Petertje Foppen lived at 75 Patrimoniumstraat in Leerdam until 1-10-1952 when their son Hendrik Cornelis and his wife Maria Hoos came there live in.

#### 32.99 Notes on Dirk Bogerd

Dirk is married to Aangje Bogerd on 11-6-1908 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He lived at 5 Kalverweg, Schoonrewoerd.

## 32.100 Notes on Hendrik Bogerd

Hendrik is married to Maria Elisabeth Huisman on 5/21/1941 in Leerdam, South Holland. He lived at 63 Noordwal Leerdam and on 4-5-1954 at Zeist Bloemenheuvellaan 23.

#### 32.101 Notes on Cornelis (Cees) Bogerd

Cornelis got married on 26-12-1926 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland to Neeltje Fortuijn. He is a shopkeeper at Kalverweg 12A in Schoonrewoerd.

#### 32.102 Notes on Cornelia (Kee) den Besten

See the family card 5929 of the municipality of Rotterdam of Cornelis van Gent 1888 and Cornelia (Kee) den Besten 1885. Nieuwland, b4, house number 82a, couple 5-10 van Leerdam, 6-10 to Leerdam, family 5-11- van Kedichem. 5-12 to IJsselmonde, South Holland.

#### 32.103 Notes on Frederik Bel

Frederik got married on 18-4-19 in Leerdam to Willemina Adriana van Es, In 1964 they lived at Loosdorp number 16A.

## 32.104 Notes on Arie Pieter Middelkoop

Arie Pieter Middelkoop, b. Schoonrewoerd 11-2-1881, deceased. Hei-en Boeicop 10-11-1977, tr. Zijderveld-Everdingen Eigje Kool 18-10-1906, born. Zijderveld 2-9-1872, deceased. Schoonrewoerd 9-11-1925, Dr. Willem Kool and Maria Francijna de Leeuw. Arie Pieter and Eigje farmed on t Hoog House in Schoonrewoerd.

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### 32.105 Notes on Teuntje Bogert

Teuntje was married to Peter van der Plas on April 10, 1873 in Leerdam, South Holland. During marriage, the female child born earlier, named Teuntje, is legally recognized. Lived at Treffelee B number 37a (right of ter Leede). Moved to Rotterdam on 13-4-1873.

## 32.106 Notes on Willem Bogerd

Source Civil Registry - Birth Archive Location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Leerdam Type of certificate: Birth certificate Document number: 63 Declaration date: 29-09-1845 Child Willem Bogert Sex: M Foundling: N Date of birth: 27-09-1845 Place of birth: Leerdam Father Teunis Ariese Bogert Mother Maaike Hol.

Source Civil status - Death Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Leerdam Type of certificate: Death certificate Document number: 126 Declaration date: 09/01/1893 Deceased Willem Bogerd Sex: M Date of death: 08/31/1893 Age: 47 Place of death: Leerdam.

Father Teunis Ariese Bogerd Mother Maaike Hol Partner Gijsbertje den Hartog. Source Civil stand - Marriage Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland General Municipality: Leerdam Type of deed: Marriage certificate Document number: 18 Date: 08/22/1868 Groom Willem Bogerd Age: 22 Place of birth: Leerdam Bride

Gijsbertje den Hartog Age: 21 Place of birth: Leerdam Father groom Teunis Ariese Bogerd Mother groom Maaike Hol Father bride Mother bride Jacoba den Hartog. More information, the father of the bride not stated. Whether Gijsbertje was true at the wedding of Eimert van Bommel and mother Jacoba den Hartog is not true known.

## 32.107 Notes on Pieter Adrianus Bogerd

Pieter is married to Aartje Meijer on 5-2-1869 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Source: Civil Registry \ National Archives South Holland, municipality of Leerdam, birth certificate number 35 declaration date 5/31/1845 and death certificate number 85 declaration date 10/26/1914.

## 32.108 Notes on Cornelis Bogerd

Cornelis is married to Lijntje Heerkingeneg on 5/7/1875 in Leerdam, South Holland. On 9-9-1898 he left with his family for Schiedam, South Holland and from there to Schiedam.

## 32.109 Notes on Jakob Bogert

Jakob, born 20-201806 and brother of Teunis lived on when Metje Bogert was born 14-6-1839 in Leerdam, in Loosdorp behind number 18. Metje is a daughter of Teunis Bogert and Annigje Vermeulen

#### 32.110 Notes on Abraham Bogaard

Abraham is married to Alexandra Catharina Peek on 1/26/1854 in Leerdam, South Holland. He lived in Leerdam Schaik in 1857

## 32.111 Notes on Cornelia Bogaard

Cornelia is married to Bastiaan van Steenis on 4/17/1851 in Noordeloos, South Holland. She lived Schaik 140 Leerdam.

#### 32.112 Notes on Aalbert Laurentius (Albertus) Bogerd

Aalbert is married to Teuntje Kool on 8/29/149 in Leerdam, South Holland. He lived Schaik 120 Leerdam.

#### 32.113 Notes on Jan Boogerd

Jan is married to Annigje van der Linden on 6/22/1850 in Leerdam, South Holland. Lot number 38 Militia / Schutterij canton of Vianen. Stature: 1 cubit, 6 inches, 5 palm and 5 stripe. Eyes: brown Hair: light brown Living in 1853 in Leerdam Diefdike.

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#### 32.114 Notes on Cornelis Bogerd

Cornelis is married to Aartje Kros on 25-4-1855 in Leerdam, South Holland.

Lot number 16 Militia canton of Vianen. Blind on the right eye.

Stature: 1 cubit, 7 inches, 6 plm and 6 stripes. Eyes: brown Hair: dark brown Free from conscription

#### 32.115 Notes on Jan Gerrit Heistek

Jan is married to Sientje Visser. He was a train driver

## 32.116 Notes on Anna Klazina Bogaard-Middag

Anna is married to Teunis van Hemert on 12/17/1926 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Anna Klazina was born Middag, but during her mother's marriage Sara Middag met Cornelis Bogaard, recognized as Bogaard. Anna Klazina went to Hurwenen in 1926 after her marriage she moved to Gelderland.

# 32.117 Notes on Elisabeth Aartje Bogaard

Elisabeth, half-sister of Anna Klazina, moved to Hurwenen, Gelderland in 1938 after her marriage.

# 32.118 Notes on Hendrik Bogaard

Hendrik is married to Govertje Langenberg on 6-8-1916 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Residing Schaikseweg 92 Leerdam From 25-1-1968 Kon, Julianastraat 18 Schoenrewoerd.

## 32.119 Notes on Johannis Gerrit Diepenhorst

Johannis Gerrit is married to Neelje de With on January 23, 1891 in Ameide, South Holland. He was Carter until 1894, from 1894 Kastelein, from 1896 on and on 1896 Hotel owner.

# 32.120 Notes Arie Bogerd

Detail result: Deceased source Civil registry - Death National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of deed: Death certificate Document number: 9 Declaration date: 12/19/1949 Deceased Arie Bogerd Date of death: 12/19/1949 Age: 71 Father Teunis Bogaart Mother Elisabeth van Diejen Partner Engelina Zijderveld

#### 32.121 Notes on Engelina Zijderveld

Detail result: (Child) Source Civil registry - Birth Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Birth certificate Document number: 5 Declaration date: 13-04-1882 Child Engelina Zijderveld Sex: M Date of birth:13-04-1882 Father Jakob Cornelis Zijderveld Mother Annigje de Jong. Detail result: (Partner) Source Civil registry - Death Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of deed: Death certificate Document number: 8 Declaration date: 13-12-1948 Deceased Engelina Zijderveld.

Date of death: 12-12-1948 Age: 66 Father Jakob Cornelis Zijderveld Mother Annigje de Jong Partner Arie Bogerd

# 32.122 Notes on Antonie Hoegee

Source - Civil registry - Birth Archive location - National Archives (State Archives South Holland) Municipality: Leerdam Type of certificate: Birth certificate Registration number: 13 Declaration date: 24-01-1881. Child is legally recognized by marriage certificate of 26-05-1881 by Pieter Hoegee and Martijntje van der Hagen

#### 32.123 Notes on Marius Willem Hoegee

Marius is married to Heiltje Cornelia Gerdessen on 1/30/1930 in Asperen, Gelderland. He lived at 4 Oud-Schaik in Leerdam.

## 32.124 Notes on Geertje Bogaard

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Type of certificate: Marriage certificate Certificate number: 3 Date: 30-05-1902 Groom Leendert de Lange Date of birth: 09-03-1877 Age: 24 Place of birth: Hei- en Boeicop. Bride Geertje Bogaard. Date of birth: 16-02-1877 Age: 25 Place of birth: Hei- en Boeicop. Father groom Hermanus de Lange. Mother groom Elisabeth Bogaard, father bride Cornelis Bogaard Mother of the bride Neeltje Veen.

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#### 32.125 Notes on Johannes van Bruchem

Municipality: Hei- en Boeicop Marriage certificate Certificate number: 2 Date: 19-02-1914 Groom Johannes van Bruchem Date of Birth: 00-00-1876 Age: 38 Place of Birth: Everdingen Bride Dina Willemina de Lange Date of birth: 06-10-1886 Age: 27 Place of birth: Hei- en Boeicop Father groom Gerard van Bruchem Mother groom Annigje van Eck Father bride Hermanus the Tall Mother bride Elisabeth Bogaard.

## 32.126 Notes on Janna Bogerd

Access number: 1264 Inventory number: 6 Municipality: Hagestein Type of certificate: Birth certificate Document number: 31 Declaration date: 08/27/1886 Child Janna Bogerd Gender: V Date of birth: 08/25/1886 Place of birth: Hagestein Access no: 463 Inventory no: 468 Municipality: Willige Langerak Species certificate: Death certificate Document number: 4 Declaration date: 10-07-1915 Deceased Janna Bogerd Sex: F Date of death: 07/09/1915 Age: 28 Place of death: Willige Langerak.

# 32.127 Notes on Barbera Neeltje Rustwat

Barbera is married to Dirk van Kekem on May 20, 1948 at Gouderak, South Holland. Moordrecht, care center Moerdregt.

## 32.128 Notes on Sophia Johanna Bogerd

Sophia is married to Hermanis van Iperen on 12/17/1931 in Lexmond, South Holland. 25-5-1932 Leerbroek, Kerkweg 1, 27-7-1954 Leerbroek, Dorpsweg 7.

#### 32.129 Notes Arie Versluis

Arie had a bike shop on the corner of Ruyterstraat and Tiendweg in Leerdam. Arie's daughter lived with her husband Versteeg on the other side of the Tiendweg.

### 32.130 Notes on Leendert (Leen) Versluis

Leendert is married to Aartje Bos on 12/23/1920 in Arkel, South Holland. He had a liquor store.

## 32.131 Notes on Hermanus (Manus) Versluis

Hermanus is married to Krijntje van Houwelingen on 11-13-1919 in Arkel, South Holland. Together with his brother Hannes, he had a grocery store on the Vlietskant in Leerdam.

#### 32.132 Notes on Jan Bogerd

Jan is married to Johanna de Stigter on 11/20/1919 in Leerbroek, South Holland. Living at 61 Schaikseweg. Moved to. On December 18th, 1948 to Tiendweg 48 in Leerdam. Moved on December 2, 1957 to Tiendweg 122 in Leerdam. Moved on January 15, 1960 to Schaikseweg 61 in Leerdam.

#### 32.133 Notes on Jenneke Bogerd

Jenneke is married to Frederik de Stigter. She lived on 26-7-1921 Hoogeind 13 in Leerdam.

#### 32.134 Notes on Johannes (Hannes) Bogerd

Johannes is married to Teuntje Verbaan. Worked in the bakery shop / factory of Maarten Bogerd.

## 32.135 Notes on Jan Bogerd

Jan is married to Grietje Catharina van Santen. Living 6/15/1928 Patrimoniumstraat 65 Leerdam and on 7-5-1952 Smaleveldstraat 2913 in Schiedam. Living on 29-7-1943 in Leerdam and on 3/21/1949 in Indonesia.

#### 32.136 Notes on Teunis Bogerd

Teunis is married to Maria Meijers. They lived Leerdam, Horndijk 47. 6/19/1952 Utrecht, Amsterdamsestraatweg 80. 4/24/1958 Amsterdam Jac. Catskade 471, 1-4-1964 Leerdam Schoolstraat 39.7-7-1964 Amsterdam Jac. Catskade 47I. 19-9-1973 Churchilllaan 252B.1-8-1 974 Leerdam, Recht van ter Leede 19.8-12-1975 Noordwal 7

#### 32.137 Notes on Jenneke Bogerd

Jenneke is married to Henk Cornelis van der Loo on 9/11/1924 in Leerdam, South Holland. Jenneke had a water distillery during her marriage in the Korbootstraat in Scheveningen. In the early 1950s the family emigrated to Ontario Canada. Residential addresses Canada: Bergeystreet 23, Hespeler, Onytario; RR 3 Greenlane, Bearnsville, Ontario

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### 32.138 Notes on Johanna Wilhelmina (Anna) 't Lam

Johanna is married to Cornelis Bogerd on 6-8-1923 in Leerdam, South Holland.

She was born in Schiedam but grew up in Leerdam.

She attended the Juliana School and the Bergstraat School.

After the death of her husband Cornelis took Anna someone in the house, teacher miss. Schipper, who stayed until her death in 1986.

### 32.139 Notes on Cornelis Bogerd

Cornelis is married to Johanna 't Lam on 6-8-1923 in Leerdam, South Holland. Residential addresses: Kerkstraat, Leerdam; Hoogstraat 37, Schiedam; Havenstraat 55, Hilversum; Singel 34, Nijkerk; Aert van der Goesstraat 23, The Hague, Schevingen. At a young age, Cornelis started a grocery store in Kerkstraat in Leerdam.

# 32.140 Notes on Wicher Vaartjes

Wicher is married to Cornelia Bogerd on 9/20/1929 in Leerdam, South Holland. During the war, Wicher Vaartjes was able to withdraw from employment in Germany by falling under diving on a boat in Schevingen.

# 32.141 Notes on Cornelia (Cor) Bogerd

Cornelia is married to Wicher Vaartjes. Residential addresses: A. van Beyerenstraat 54b, The Hague; Loenensestraat 84, The Hague; Koenestraat 18, Amerongen; Huize Transwijk, Loenensestraat 49, Utrecht.

# 32.142 Notes on Anna Cornelia Bogerd

Anna is married to Josephus Antonius Cornelis Wittenberg. Addresses in The Hague. Ampèrestraat 55, Rijswijksestraat 96, Slichesstraat 10, Scheveningseweg 39, Lange Besstenmark 95, Fahrenheitstraat 58.

#### 32.143 Notes on Cornelis Meindert van der Hoeven

Cornelis is married to Trijna Bogerd on 1-11-1939 in Schiedam, South Holland. Cornelis was arrested during a raid and transported to Germany. After 3 months he was back home but never wanted to talk about this period and never is become more the old.

# 32.144 Notes on Pieter Hendrikus Geurs

Pieter is married to Sijgje Bogerd on 31-1-1940 in Leerdam, South Holland.

After the ULO, Pieter was drafted into military service in 1936 and was assigned to the navy.

Pieter was actively involved as a navy man in the war activities at the Maas bridges in Rotterdam.

He has worked as a sales representative for various machine and tool companies.

He last worked at Van Kranenburg in Rotterdam.

## 32.145 Notes on Sijgje Bogerd

Sijgje and Pieter Hendrikus Geurs lived in Bethehemstraat 28c in 1940 and from 1940-1956 in Simonstraat 21A and from 1956 in Haringpakkerstraat 46b. After the death of her husband in 1972, Sijgje moved to Leerbroek and lived in C. Verripslaantje 12 The region where she grew up and lived. Sijgje lived from 1983 until her death at 8 Willem de Zwijgerstraat in Leerdam.

#### 32.146 Notes on Aagje Bogerd

Aagje is married to Arie Bogerd on 24-11-1942 in Leerdam, South Holland. Aagje attended the Christian school in Leerbroek for 2 years and attended the Bergstraatschool in Leerdam. Until her marriage she has the church building of the Reformed Church Church in Leerdam kept clean and also worked in the shop at Hoogeind 25 (later 56).

# 32.147 Notes on Catharina (Kaatje) Bogert

Married to Cornelis Manschot. She lived on 6-8-1941 at Lexmond Dorpsstraat 125.

#### 32.148 Notes on Arie Bogert

Arie is married to Catharina Maria Sterk. Arie lived respectively Hoogeind 5 in Leerdam, 12-4-1949 Kalversteeg 3 in Schoonrewoerd, 30-11-1954 Right van ter Leede 29 in Leerdam.

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#### 32.149 Notities over Pietertje den Besten

Pietertje is married to Willem Oosterom. She lived in Meerkerk.

#### 32.150 Notes on Willemina Bogaard

Willemina is married to Adriaan Mulder on 20-10-1921 in Amsterdam, North Holland. She lived in the Burg on 2-9-1941. Meesstraat 3 in Leerdam. Living on 5/30/1961 in the Snippengat 1 in Gorinchem, South Holland.

## 32.151 Notes on Hendrika Cornelia Bogerd

Hendrika was married to Lodewijk Blokland. No tombstone present. Cemetery number 34, Zerk number 44659 Ameide, general cemetery.

## 32.152 Notes on Dirk Bogerd

Living at Kalverweg 5, Schoonrewoerd.

# 32.153 Notes on Arie Willem Bogerd

Arie is married to Hilligje Donker on 5/27/1909 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. He has always lived on the Dorpsstraat in Schoonrewoerd (Overheicop). He came from Bottrop, Germany to Schoonrewoerd, Overheicop 21 on 18-8-1914

#### 32.154 Notes on Arie Verrips

Arie is married to Marrigje Boogert on 5/28/1925 in Veenendaal, Utrecht. He lived at Village number 44.

# 32.155 Notes on Hendrikus (Drikus) van Berk

Hendrikus is married to Alexandrina Catharina Verrips. He buys Loosdorp number 10 and lives there together.

#### 32.156 Notes on Cornelia de Leeuw

Cornelia de Leeuw, b. Leerdam 28.06.1924, married. 09.09.1947 Johan van den Hoek, born. Klaaswaal 20.08.1919, deceased. Nieuwegein 25.08.1993, zn. van Kornelis van den Hoek, farmer, and Neeltje Lena van der Wekken.

#### 32.157 Notes on Jantje Peternella Catharina Bogerd

Jantje is married to Jan Willem de Bruijn on 9/28/1928 in Leerdam, South Holland. She lived at 39 Horndijk in Leerdam. On October 16, 1939 Overheicop 9. In 1951 number 11, 29-10-1968 Overheicop 19.

#### 32.158 Notes on Jan Arie Bogerd

Jan Arie is married to Cathreina de Jong on 11/13/1941 in Kedichem, South Holland. 9-6-1943; Living in Overheicop 10 in Leerdam and Brinkweg 7 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland 7/4/1956; Living at 26 Ruijterstraat in Leerdam. 4/29/1958; Schoonrewoerd, South Holland.

#### 32.159 Notes on Peter Willem Bogerd

Peter is married to Johanna Bos on 10/30/1946 in Leerdam, South Holland. Bottrop Germany. 18-8-1941: About Heicop 10, Leerdam. 30-10-1946: Dorpstraat 41, Schoonrewoerd, South Holland

#### 32.160 Notes on Dammes Middag

Dammes is married to Maria Schoonhoven on 25-11-1936 in Utrecht. Lived at 14 Galvanistraat in Zuilen from 10-1-1938

# 32.161 Notes on Huibert Alewijn (Huib) Middag

Huib is married to Johanna Stulen.

He received a medal of honor associated tot he Orde van Oranje-Nassau.

# 32.162 Notes on Pieter Evert (Piet) Stek

Pieter and Geertruida den Hartog are from Loosdorp number 22 after 3 years moved to the Tiendweg.

#### 32.163 Notes on Jacobus (Kobus) Makop

Jacobus is married to Neeltje den Hertog. He has worked in Argentina, Moordrecht, Loosdorp numbers 38, 18 and 20 until his death.

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#### 32.164 Notes on Maaike Maria Bogerd

Maaike is married to Evert Kranenburg. She left for Achttienhoven on 12-6-1934.

## 32.165 Notes on Jantje Bogerd

Jantje is married to Maarten Brouwer. She attended Kalversteeg 11, 5/8/1939 Hei- en Boeicopseweg 90, 3/27/1940 Kalversteeg 11 and 12/10/1940 Dorpstraat 72 Schoonrewoerd.

#### 32.166 Notes on Dirkje (Dikkie) van Gent

Dirkje is married to Arie de Kock.

She is a natural daughter of Cornelia (Kee) den Besten and is married by marriage.

#### 32.167 Notes on Maaike Willemina Bel

Maaike is married to Cornelis van Dieren. Since 1984 she has owned Loosdorp number 16A.

# 32.168 Notes on Azwerus (Aart) Roza

Azwerus is married to Anna van Ballegooijen.

He lived February 16, 1883 in Nieuwaal, Gameren, Gelderland. On 15 Oct 1904 in Gameren.

#### 32.169 Notes on Cornelia Vos

In the death certificate of Abraham van Gent 30 Aug 1938 you can read that Cornelia Vos is still alive Presumably only died after 1940, see mourning card of son Cornelis

## 32.170 Notes on Abraham van Gent

When his daughter Metta marries Jan Koenraad Haase, living in Genderen, North Brabant.

# 32.171 Notes on Bernardus van Genderen

Bernardus is married to Gijsje Bogerd. Born Kok, recognized at marriage

# 32.172 Notes on Gijsje Bogerd

Gijsje is married to Bernardus van Genderen on May 29, 2013 in Leerdam, South Holland. She lived at Groen van Prinsterenstraat 40 and at 1-2-1952 Hoogstraat 34 in Leerdam.

## 32.173 Notes on Teunis Bogerd

Teunis is married to Neeltje van Ginkel on 5-6-1913 in Heukelum, Gelderland. He lived in Heukelum, Leerdam, 29-3-1926 in the Siemenstraat 3, July 1963 in the Johan van Oldenbarneveltsraat 3.

#### 32.174 Notes on Lena Bogerd

Lena is married to Andries van Meeuwen on 1/27/1916 in Leerdam, South Holland. She lived at Zuidwal 1 in Leerdam and on 7/21/1941 PB 658.

#### 32.175 Notes on Louiza Bogerd

Jan Hoos and Louiza Bogerd came to live in Nieuwerkerk a/d IJssel, South Holland on 29-4-1917 the Schoolstraat number 27 in Leerdam. In addition to another family de Hoos at number 29.

#### 32.176 Notes on Willem Bogerd

Son of Johan and Belia, lived on 7/22/1941 at 11 Siemenstrat in Leerdam.

#### 32.177 Notes on Marinus Bogerd

Marinus is married to Jenneke van Gangelen on 6/16/1898 at Asperen, Gelderland. He lived on Vlietskant 13 in Leerdam on 7/21/1941.

#### 32.178 Notes on Maria Bogerd

Maria is married to Franciskus Verhoeks on 6-11-1903 in Leerdam, South Holland. Living in the Vlietskant nr 36 and 32 on 23-12-1948 in Leerdam. They had on the Vliets side a timber trade.

#### 32.179 Notes on Jenneke Bogerd

Jenneke is married to Elias Pieter van Maren on 5-8-1898 in Leerdam, South Holland. Lived 3-3-1980 Schoonrewoerd, Steenhovenweg 3.

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#### 32.180 Notes on Willem van Genderen

Willem is married to Adrian Kortlever on 2/15/1884 in Leerbroek, South Holland. Nicknames of Willem van Genderen were "Ouwe Willem or Willem de Futs"

#### 32.181 Notes on Dirk de Bruin

Dirk is married to Catharina van der Leeden on 9-12-1864 in Leerdam, South Holland. He was born around in Hei-en Boeicop. Living in Loosdorp number 18 near the forest.

### 32.182 Notes on Huibertje Burggraaf

Huibertje is married to Klaas Middag on 1/18/1895 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. She leaves on 20-5-1885 from Schoonrewoerd to Hei- en Boeicop and from there to Everdingen. In May 1888 back to Hei- en Boeicop and from there finally on 12-11-1888 to Schoonrewoerd. Huibertje lived in Ameide in 1945.

#### 32.183 Notes on Abraham Bogaard

Abraham is married to Jenneke Kentie on 27-4-1883 in Leerdam, South Holland. He lived 23-3-1940 Lingestraat 9 in Leerdam Living 26-5-1941 Schoolstraat 4 in Leerdam. Living 18-5-1942 JC Rijsdijkerstraat in Leerdam.

## 32.184 Notes on Leendert Bogaard

Leendert is married to Jannigje van Weenen on 3/18/1881 in Beesd, Gelderland. They lived in Asperen on 12/30/1881 and moved to Leerdam. On 1/9/1895 from Leerdam to Beesd. On May 29, 1995 from Beesd to Leerdam, Noordwal and later Hoogstraat 2.

### 32.185 Notes on Neeltje Bogerd

Neeltje is married to Arie Pieter de Weerd on 11/16/1877 in Leerdam, South Holland. She lived at Paralleweg 4, Leerdam.

## 32.186 Notes on Willem Bogerd

Willem is married to Jannigje Bertha Maria Bron on 5/29/1891 in Kedichem, South Holland. They have lived in Acquoy, Meerdijk 108.

#### 32.187 Notes on Johan Bullee

Johan is married to Gijsbertje Bogerd on 8-12-1887 in Beesd, Gelderland. He lived in the Café on the Meerdijk in Acquoy, next to the exit to Acquoy.

## 32.188 Notes on Nicolaas Bogaard

Nicolaas got married on 23-2-1950 to Adriana Lakerveld in Lexmond, South Holland. They lived at the Recht van 't Leede 46 Leerdam

# 32.189 Notes on Franciscus Xaverius Antonius (Frans) Stommel

Franciscus was born at 56 Ferdinand Bolstraat, gem. Newer Amstel (now municipality Amsterdam) Franciscus is married to Johanna Wilhelmina van Holten on 13-6-1917 in Rotterdam, South Holland. Source: Amsterdam city archives

# 32.190 Notes on Anton Frederick Huisman

Anthonie Frederik Huisman is married to Grietje Hoffland on 2-8-1952 in Haastrecht, South Holland. Born: August 24, 1928 in Papekop Profession: Livestock farmer Denomination: Dutch Reformed. Institution: Polder Papekop and Diemerbroek Place: Papekop Function: Heemraad board member, 1967-1974

## 32.191 Notes on Antoon Delfgou

Antoon is married to Josina Maria Verhoeven on April 17, 1925 in Vianen, Utrecht. Living in 1947 in Utrecht, Pauwstraat 55

#### 32.192 Notes on Peter Bogerd

Peter is married to Bastiaantje Francina Horden. He has lived in Rumpt and Gellicum.

## 32.193 Notes on Johannes van Iperen

Johannes is married to Hendrika Verhoeven in 1960 in Meerkerk, South Holland. Living in Meerkerk.

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#### 32.194 Notes on Lena Bogerd

Lena is married to Nikolaas de Ridder on 17-10-1945 in Leerdam, South Holland. She moved to Deventer, Zutphenselaan 10, on September 24, 1963.

## 32.195 Notes Aagje Bogerd

Aagje attended the Christian school in Leerbroek for 2 years and attended the Bergstraatschool in Leerdam. Until her marriage she has the church building of the Reformed Church Church in Leerdam kept clean and also worked in the shop at Hoogeind 25 (later 56).

## 32.196 Notes on Leendert Bogerd

Leendert is married to Nella Stek on 4-5-1948 in Leerdam, South Holland. They lived at Schaikjseweg 61 Leerdam. 20-01-1943 Moved to Beesd, B86

## 32.197 Notes on Aartje Bogerd

Aartje is married to Leendert Middelkoop on 9/30/1947 in Leerbroek, South Holland. They lived on 31-1-1944 in Renkum Wolfheze 2, 3-12-1945 in Amersfoort Utrechtsestraatweg 266, 12-3-1946 at Leerdam Hoogeind 25 and at Lexmond Kortenhoeve 3.

### 32.198 Notes on Gijsberta Boogerd

Gijsberta is married to Cristiaan Havelaar on December 14, 1962 in Leerdam, South Holland. Living at Hoogeind 22, on 27-6-1940 Schoolstraat 39 in Leerdam and on 14-12-1962 Gorinchem Schepenenstraat 12B.

# 32.199 Notes on Nelly Bogerd

Nelly is married to Dirk Maasland on May 15, 1964 in Leerdam, South Holland. Schoolstraat 39, Leerdam. 15-5-1964: Appeldijk 5, Heukelum, Gelderland.

### 32.200 Notes on Aria Bogerd

Aria is married to Hendrik Cornelis van Dijk on 2/23/1962 in Leerdam, South Holland. Living at Schoolstraat 39 in Leerdam, on 23-2-1962 in Schoonrewoerd Diefdike 23, 10-2-1966 in Leerdam Overheicop 12.

#### 32.201 Notes on Helena Maria Bogerd

Helena is married to Ernst van Wijk on 3/28/1957 at Kerkwijk, Geldeland. She was born Oud Schaik 1 Leerdam. Living on 14-10-1942 Zaltbommel Steenweg 62, 6-7-1945 Oud Schaik1, 20-10-1945 Zuilichem, 10-12-1945 Oud Schaik 1, 9-9-1946 Zaltbommel Gamerscheweg 22, 7/30/1955 's Hertogenbosch Wilhelminapark 2, 12/30/1955 Oud Schaik 1, 3-4-1957 Kerkwijk Nederhemert B 121K. Living in Neederhemert in 1965

#### 32.202 Notes on Pieter den Besten

Pieter is married to Jantje Bogerd on 1-4-1927 in Leerdam, South Holland. Living at 83 Schaikseweg Leerdam. Miller's servant, fruit grower and farmer.

#### 32.203 Notes on Nicolaas Bogerd

Nicolaas is married to Johanna Cornelia Kemkes on 9/23/1930 in Beesd, Gelderland. In 1955 he received a medal of honor associated with the *Order of Oranje-Nassau* for his efforts from its function to come to the Glass Factory day and night in case of calamities due to the stagnation of the ovens.

They lived at Dorpstraat 15 Schoonrewoerd., 21-10-1932 Nieuwenhuizenstraat 21 Leerdam. Since 22-2-1966 Wilhelminakade 74 and on 22-4-1977 Wilhelminakade 62 in Leerdam.

## 32.304 Notes on Gerrit Pelle

Gerrit is married to Dirkje Bogerd on 3-11-1937 in Leerdam, South Holland. Inhabited Schaikseweg 36 Leerdam and since 10-4-1942 Hoogeind 2a Leerdam.

#### 32.305 Notes on Leendert van Delsen

Leendert is married to Petertje Bogerd on 7/26/1939 in Leerdam, South Holland. Have lived on 26-7-1939 at Diefdike 19 Leerdam 27-6-1941 at Parelleweg 8 Leerdam 22-4-1954 in the Folbert van de Leedestraat 25 Leerdam. 15-11-1954 in Patrimoniumstraat 34 Leerdam 6-3-1972 Wilhelminastraat 60 Jutphaas 24-10-1972 Talmastraat 1 Leerdam.

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#### 32.306 Notes on Petertie Bogerd

Petertje was born in Bottrop-Germany and is married to Leendert van Delsen. Lived 7/26 1939 Diefdike 19 Leerdam, 27-6-1941 Parallelweg 8 Leerdam, 22-4-1954 F. vd Leedestraaat 25 and 5-11-1954 Patrimoniumstraat 54 Leerdam.

#### 32.207 Notes on Hendrika Sterk

Hendrika is married to Peter Bogerd on 9/18/1946 in Vuren, Gelderland.

When Willem Sterk was employed, he took a lot of bars of "Kwatta" with him and sold them to the other soldiers, hence the name Kwatta. He is divorced from his wife at the time so very unusual, his ex-wife lived in the house with aunt Driek and uncle Peet for years.

She was originally from Hank, North Brabant.

## 32.208 Notes on Peter Bogerd

Peter, married to Hendrika Sterk, lived in Bottrop Germany. Schaikseweg 89 Leerdam, 2-5-1939 Diefdike 15 Leerdam, 20-4-1949 Parallelweg 16, Spoorstraat Leerdam.

# 32.209 Notes on Bastiaan Bogerd

Bastiaan was married to Adriana van Put on Okt 6, 1942 in Leerdam, South Holland. On 5-11-1938 the "hoop maker Gebroeders Bogerd" was registered in the commercial register in Dordrecht registered at the Hoogstraat location in Leerdam, South Holland. Bastiaan and 2 are brothers the founders.

Bastiaan and Adriana lived Schaickweg 89 Leerdam, 2-5-1939 Diefdike 15 Leerdam, 10-6-1942 Meentstraat 1 (is now Julianstraat) Leerdam, 13-7-1942 Vlietskant 41 Leerdam, 6-9-1946 Prins Hendrikstraat 9 Leerdam and 14-4-1954 de Ruyterstraat 6 Leerdam.

## 32.210 Notes on Willem Bogerd

Willem is married to Jaantje Annigje Middelkoop on 8/16/1950 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Inhabited Schaikseweg 89 Leerdam, 8/16/1950 D Liefdeijk 28 Leerdam, 7/7/1965 Diwfdike 42 Acquoy, Schaikseweg Leerdam.

## 32.211 Notes on Arie Bogerd

Arie is married to Cornelia van Wingaarden on 9/28/1949 in Leerdam, South Holland. Cornelia is also a descendant of Gijsbert T. in den Boogaertman. Lived Schaikseweg 89 Leerdam, Diefdike 15 Leerdam and Prinses Margrietstraat 34 Leerdam.

## 32.212 Notes on Dirk Bogerd

Dirk is married to Neeltje Verrips on 5/18/1949 in Leerdam, South Holland. They have together take over in the Meent took a baby business and Neeltje managed the business and Dirk did his job as postman next door and later his work at Battery Factory Boogstein.

They lived Schaikseweg 89 Leerdam, 2-5-1939 Diefdike 15 Leerdam, 21-11-1956 Meent 86, 29-3-1958 Meent 68 Leerdam and 20-3-1970 Burg. Meesstraat 27 Leerdam.

#### 32.213 Notes on Leendert 't Lam

Leendert is married to Neeltje Elisabeth Bogerd on 8/30/1949 in Leerdam, South Holland. Lived 8/19/1957 Patrimoniumstraat 36, 8/5/1981 Brunellaan 59 Leerdam

## 32.214 Notes on Neeltje Elisabeth Bogerd

Neeltje is faithful to Leendert 't Lam. Living 8/30/1949 D Liefdeijk 15 Living 8/19/1957 Patrimoniumstraat 36 Resident 5-10-1981 Brunellaan 59

#### 32.215 Notes on Arend Bogerd

Arend is founder, owner and director of the Boogstein accumulator factory, founded in 1957 the Schaikseweg in Leerdam, South Holland. Lived 9/18/1951 J. de Jongestraat 24, 11/6/1956 Burg. Meesstraat 34, 13-12-1960 Princess Margrietstraat 12 and 16-10-1970 Oud Schaik 20 Leerdam.

#### 32.216 Notes on Wim van Berk

Wim is married to Nel Verweij. Living on the Schaikseweg

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#### 32.217 Notes on Arie Willem Bogerd

Arie is married to Metje Frederik.

They lived at 7 Brinkweg Schoonrewoerd. 1-11-1974 Overheicop Leerdam

## 32.218 Notes on Willem Bogerd

Willem is married to Pietje van Malssen on 4/21/1972 in Leerdam, South Holland. Hilligje is married to Marinus de Jong on 6/25/1971 in Schoonrewoerd, South Holland. Living on 9-6-1943 Overheicop 10, on 9-6-1949 Overheicop 10A, 4-7-1956 Ruijterstraat 26 and on 29-4-1958 Schoonrewoerd Brinkweg 7.

## 32.219 Notes on Hilligje (Hillie) Bogerd

Living in Overheicop 10a, on 4-7-1956 de Ruijterstraat 26 and on 29-4-1958 Brinkweg 7 at Schoonrewoerd. 25-6-1971 Prins Hendrikstraat 9 Leerdam.

## 32.220 Notes on Arie Cornelis den Hartog

Cornelis was married to Emma Keppel. Living Loosdorp14.

# 32 221 Notes on Willem (Wim) Vrolijks

Willem is married to Ria Heikoop. He comes to Loosdorp in 1984.

He is the owner of Vrolijks BV together with his brother Theo and owners of Loosdorp number 8. Vrolijks BV started an assembly company around 1982.

#### 32.222 Notes on Peter de With

Peter is married to Joke Vrolijks. Owner lot 1 Loosdorp number 34.

## 32 223 Notes on Cornelis (Kees) van Gent

Cornelis is married to Geertje in 't Veld. Before the marriage with Maaike he worked at Kees den Besten on Schaikseweg and later moved to Loosdorp 5 and worked there in the torticulture.

#### 32,224 Notes on Cornelis Helsloot

Cornelis is married to Trijntje Zijlstra on 11-6-1914 in Rozenburg, South Holland. Gamekeeper, Field Guard in Texel, North Holland.

## 32.225 Notes on Metta Johanna Margrita van Gent

Metta is married to Jan Koenraad Haase on 27-4-1916 in Eethen, North Brabant. She died in 1928, residing in Zetten. Her husband lived in Leerdam.

## 32.226 Notes on Wouter Anton Bogerd

Wouter is married to Lisabeth Adriana de Bruin on 4-6-1948 in Heukelum, Gelderland. Living on 3/29/1926 at 3 Siemenstraat in Leerdam, 2/2/1948 at Zeist van Reenenstraat 43, and 4-6-1962 Leerdam Oldenbarneveltstraat 12.

#### 32.227 Notes on Hendrik Cornelis Bogerd

Hendrik Cornelis Bogerd and Maria Hoos lived after the marriage at 75 Patrimoniumstraat in Leerdam. The parental home of Hendrik Cornelis.

Later on 22-1-1968 they moved to the JC Rijsdijkstraat 12 in Leerdam, South Holland. To then move on 1-3-1973 to Koningsweg 27 in Geldermalsen, Gelderland.

## 32.228 Notes on Adrianus Brandsma

Adrianus is married to Pieternella Bats on 24-11-1923 in Leerdam, South Holland. Birth certificate Leerdam, number 42, declaration 19-3-1900.

#### 32.229 Notes on Carl Alexander Bastian

Carl is married to Jannigje Cornelia Bogerd on 17-10-1890 in Leerdam, South Holland. On 21-2-1916 from Leerdam to Strijp, a district of the municipality of Eindhoven, North Brabant.

# 32.230 Notes on Maria Theodora (Riet) van Deventer

Maria is married to Arie Bogerd on May 16, 1940 in Roermond, Limburg. Born in the Laan our pleasure 2 in Schiedam, South Holland

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#### 32.231 Notes on Arie (Harrie) Bogerd

Arie is married to Marie Theodora van Deventer, Overijssel.

He was born in Schiedam in the Broersveld 62

## 32.232 Notes on Wilhelmina Bogerd

Wilhelmina is married to Jan Adrianus Giltjes on 12/15/1911 in Leerdam, South Holland. 22-7-1941 Br Jekelstraat 27, Leerdam.

#### 32.233 Notes on Johan Bogerd

Johan is married to Belia Twigt on 29-4-1922 in Leerdam, South Holland. Living on 7/21/1941 at 26 Siemenstraat in Leerdam.

## 32.234 Notes on Johanna Maria Bogerd

Johanna is married to Cornelis Bazen on 7-7-1921 in Leerdam, South Holland. Leerdam, 9-7-1921 Rotterdam, Bilderdijkstraat 63b, 21-1-1939 Rotterdam Bilderdijkstraat 84A. Lived 3-3-1941 Noordwal 53 in Leerdam and on 6-9-1941 Bilderdijkstraat 84B Rotterdam.

## 32.235 Notes on Pieter Bogerd

Pieter is married to Hilleke Mouthaan on 11/30/1922 in Asperen, Gelderland. Pieter lived at number 14 and 18 at the Horndijk, he moved to Katwijk on 09-08-1949 moved back to Leerdam on 3/13/1953 and to Heukelum, Gelderland on 1/4/1973.

# 32.236 Notes on Adriana Johanna Bogerd

Adriana is married to Pieter van Felius on 4-10-1917 in Leerdam, South Holland, 7/18/1941 in the Groen van Prinsterenstraat 5 Leerdam.

# 32.237 Notes on Jan Willem Bogerd

Jan is married to Anna Catharina Sprong on 5/14/1924 in Leerdam, South Holland. Departs on 5/30/19124 to Tilburg, North Brabant.

#### 32.238 Notes on Ortje Bogerd

Ortje is married to Pieter Hannessen on 13-4-1923 in Leerdam, South Holland. She lived at Schagerlaan 35HS and Schalkvurgerstraat 32-1 in Amsterdam, North Holland.

# 32.239 Notes on Jacoba Bogerd

Jacoba is married to Albertus de koster on 9/25/1925 in Leerdam, South Holland. Living at 64 Nieuwenhuizenstraat in Leerdam.

#### 32.340 Notes on Pieter Bogerd

Pieter is married to Janna Aria Kooij on 31-10-1923 in Kedichem, South Holland. They had a shop for toys and household goods at number 7 Fonteinstraat. They lived 9/30/1925 Kedichem, 4/28/1939 Fonteinstraat 7, Leerdam South Holland.

#### 32.241 Notes on Jan Hendrik Heikoop

Jan Hendrik Heikoop is married and Metje Gerritje van Bruchem. Both are offspring. They lived with his sister Alida Maria at Hoogeind 22 in the Secret Annex. Later they moved to Middelkoop where Hendrik Heikoop and Barbera van Kekerix live. In 1929 they decide to build their own house at Hoogeind No. 9.

#### 32.242 Notes on Aartje Bogerd

Aartje is married to Nicolaas van Weenen on 1/18/1939 in Leerdam, South Holland. She lived on 18-10-1939 in Leerdam Vlietskant 24b and on 16-7-1941 PB 611

## 32.243 Notes on Pieter de Keijzer

Pieter is married to Cornelia Bogerd on 5-8-1936 in Schiedam, South Holland. Pieter is the holder of the medal of honor attached to the *Order of Orange-Nassau in silver* 1976

## 32.244 Notes on Cornelis Hoogstraten

Cornelis is married to Teuntje Roza, daughter of Teuntje Bogerd, on 11-9-1935 in Rotterdam, South-Holland. Corneis has entered into foreign military service and because of this the loss of it Dutch Citizenship.

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#### 32.245 Notes on Arie Versluis

Arie had a Fiersen business on the corner of Ruyterstraat and Tiendweg in Leerdam. Arie's daughter lived with her husband Versteeg on the other side of the Tiendweg.

# 32.246 Notes on Neeltje Den Hartog

Source Civil Registry - Birth Archive Location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Leerdam Type of certificate: Birth certificate Document number: 81 Declaration date: 31-07-1866 Child Neeltje den Hartog Sex: F Foundling: N Date of birth: 30-07-1866. Place of birth: Leerdam Father unknown. Mother Gijsbertje den Hartog Further information Child recognition act: child is recognized by mother Gijsbertje den Hartog and at the marriage with Willem Bogerd 22-8-1868 in Leerdam, South Holland real. Leerdam Register of Population 1897-1920, Part 1, Page 660

## 32.247 Notes over Maria Geertruida van Meeteren

Source Civil registry - MarriageArchive location Brabants Historisch Informatie Centrum General Access no.: 550.083. Inventory number: 1580. Municipality: 's-Hertogenbosch. Type of deed: Marriage. Deed number: 147Date: 29-07-1911. Groom Wilhelmus Johannes Maria Place of birth: 's-Hertogenbosch. Bride Meteren Maria Geertruida van Meeteren. Groom Petrus Johannes. Mother of the groom Elisabeth Catharina Steenbekkers. Father of the bride Cornelis van Meteren. Mother of the bride Henrica Jacoba Krijbolder.

#### 32.248 Notes over Gorinus van Meeteren

Gorinus is real at the marriage of the parents.

## 32.249 Notesover Maaike Alberta Bogerd

Source Civil registry - Birth Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Leerdam Type of certificate: Birth certificate Certificate number: 50 Declaration date: 28-05-1874. Child Maaike Alberta Bogerd Sex: F.

Foundling: N Date of Birth: 28-05-1874 Place of Birth: Leerdam Father Daniël Bogerd Mother Fijgje Walter. Source Civil status - Marriage Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Leerdam Type of deed: Marriage certificate Deed number: 5 Dat

# 32.250 Notities over Pleuntje Bogerd

Moved in December 1895 from high Blokland to Schoonrewoerd, Oud Schaik 23.

## 32.251 Notities over Johannus Gerardus Wilhelmus Van Meteren

Bridegroom Johannes Gerardus Wilhelmus van Meteren, born. 's Hertogenbosch 20 years Father Gerardus Josephus van Meteren. Mother Johanna Maria Louisa Aalberse. Bride Harmina Tjaardina de Man, born. Rotterdam 21 years. Father Marinus de Man. Mother Tjaardina Roelfina Dadema. Place of marriage Rotterdam. Marriage date 28-03-1928

#### 32.252 Notities over Carl Alexander Bastian

They moved on 21-2-1916 from Leerdam to Strijp, a district of the municipality of Eindhoven.

# 32.253 Notities over Peter Bust

Source Civil status - Birth Archive location National Archives (State Archives South Holland) General Municipality: Leerdam Type of certificate: Birth certificate Certificate number: 163 Notification date: 07-10-1899. Child Peter Bust Sex: M. Vondeling: N Date of Birth: 07-10-1899 Place of Birth: Leerdam Father Tonjes Bust. Mother Maaike Alberta Bogerd.

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### 32.254 Notities over Cornelis Bogerd

On 1-5-1937 to Kedichem. On 25-4-1940 to Nieuwland, Geer 4.

On 30-9-1946 to Leerdam, Siemensstraat 1.

On 20-3-1947 to Putten, Grietenweg 10.

## 32.255 Notities over Jan Anthonisse de Jonge

Lord of Oosterland, Sir Jansland, Ellemeet, Elkerzee and Botland. Magistrate.

He was the first of the family to be called 'the Young'; as such, the name becomes it first mentioned in aldermen's letters of 2 March and 1 June 1581.

His father, Jan Anthonis Pieterse (Zierikzee 1520 - Zierikzee 13 November 1580), a cloth merchant by trade, was also known as 'Ouwe Jan Thonisse'.

On December 27, 1577, Jan Jr. was appointed to his first public position: Heemraad van Schouwen.

Since 10 July 1580 he was part of the government of Zierikzee, as alderman from 1580-1609 and as mayor in 1587, 1604 and 1615; from 1599-1617 he was treasurer there, while on 12 April 1598 he was appointed colonel of the militia.

In a document dated 9 November 1607 he is referred to as an ordinary feudatory of the countship of Zeeland Beoosterschelde. He managed to amass an enormous fortune with the cloth trade The list of his bequests lasted 151 pages.

He owned land on Schouwen, Duiveland, Tholen, Noord-Beveland and Overflakkee.

## 32.256 Notities over Jasper Abramsz Bogaart

Accepted as a member on 18-9-1764 for the elders Jacob Huigen Verweij and Arie Jochemsz den Toom, with certificate from Nieuwland to Polsbroek.

Possibly died in Lakervelt. - "When I drove up after Gorcum in the year 1727, I passed Lakervelt, which is situated between Lexmond and Meerkerk, and found it not to be a village, but a fairly long area of huysen, built along the ordinary road after Gorcum.

It is true that there are very many fowls reared there, which are very willing to lay eyelids and brood; this makes the name "Lakerveltsche Hoenders" most famous and her feathers, which consist mostly of white and black. A quote from "the origin of the Lakenvelder chicken". Lakerveld is a hamlet in the province of South Holland and is part of the municipality of Zederik.

Lakerveld is the name of the polder and of the road that cuts through the polder. Lakerveld has about 480 inhabitants.

The hamlet is located between Lexmond and Meerkerk. The A27 highway runs right through the area. The name Lakerveld literally means the field around the Laak, a small peat river that ran through the original peat area, and which a street in Lexmond also reminds of. Laak generally means watercourse

# 32.257 Notities over Teunis Vroege, gehuwd met Maria van de Merwe

Occupation: Marker-off / Ironworker.

Many shipyards had a truss floor, on such a truss floor were the trusses of a ship drawn. Marker-offs were able to make sketches on the basis of this data to replace a piece of 'skin'.

Marker-offs who drew on sheets of steel the lines along which the burner had to burn, there lines were also placed where a shot had to be placed, on each plate a unique number so that the ironworkers could easily find everything later.

At a later stage the department came up, drawings were photographed here, the negatives were placed on glass plates, a negative plate was placed in the optaf tower projected and the marker-offs / ironworkers indicated where a sheet of steel had to be burned turn into.

In recent years, the copyist has disappeared from the picture, the drawings now go through software packages to the burners.

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# Notes from and about persons

From the 17° up to and including the 20ste century

in America en Canada

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# Notes over persons from the 17<sup>de</sup> to and including the 20<sup>ste</sup> century in America en Canada

# 33.1 Notes over Jan Pieterz Haring

Father of Rockland County. Jan Pietersen Haring can be considered the father of Rockland County. In the early 1680s he was the leader of a group of ten families who acquired the Tappan patent, 16,000 acres in present-day Rockland and Bergen counties.

He was ultimately responsible for the settlement and population of the two provinces. His children and grandchildren and their children married into many other families and peoples the communities within the Patent from West Nyack to Blauvelt, Orangeburg to Tappan, Sparkill and Piermont, Old Tappan to Rockleigh, Harrington Park, Northvale, Norwood and Closter, Dumont to Hackensack, and so on.

## 33.2 Notities over Cornelius Bogaert (1712-1771), married to Mary van Schaick

Cornelius Bogeart has sold part of his land "the Graham tract" on which the "the old" Church of Raritan" was built. He owned an "Inn" originally built in 1734 by George Middagh.

George sold it to Cornelis Teuniszn Bogaert, son of Jan Teunisen de Nyse and Middleward and Catalyna Theunise Bogaert, daughter of Teunis Gijsbertz Bogaert of Buswick Brooklyn.

# 33.3 Notes over John (Johannes) Bogert, married on Mar. 16, 1737 to Abigail Quick

Baptism records obtained from: Collegiate Church Company 45 John St. New York. give as witnesses: Johannes Peek, Rachel Koning had sixteen children. John Bogert, Junior, son of John, born 1718, married 16 Mar 1737, Abigail, daughter of James Quick. He was a distinguished and prosperous New York merchant and served as an alderman of 1756 to 1766 and during the same period he served several terms as a deacon and elder of the Church. On March 12, 1766, he bought John Benson's farm in Harlem, lying on Van Keulen's Hook, adjacent to the Harlem River, and moved there for his remaining years on the to devote to agriculture. He then bought the property known as the Lawrence Benson Homestead. In 1776, when the Revolution began, the Provincial Convention, after leaving New York, came a

In 1776, when the Revolution began, the Provincial Convention, after leaving New York, came a month together in the church of Harlem, and because Mr Bogert was a good Whig, records were kept in his house, which stood on the same spot. as the present (1881) Morris Randell House, at the bottom of 125th Street, Harlem River.

John Bogert, Jr., died December 5, 1782, having married only the year before, July 7, 1781 a second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Philip Daly and widow of Abraham Brasher.

- Loyalists are American settlers who remained loyal to the British Crown during the American Revolution, also known as Royalists, Tories or King's Men.
- Whigs are against absolute monarchy and therefore against the rule of the British Crown

#### 33.4 Notes over Abraham Brokaw, married on Aug. 26, 1751 to Judith Davis

Abraham was the one who advertised in the "New York Mercury," on May 7, 1759.

The property was described as follows; "This is to indicate that the subscriber has a good plantation must be sold".

Located on the south side of the Raritan River in the county of Somerset and the county of East New Jersey.

Large 200 acres of land and about 120 cleared land, and about five acres cleared to mow. The extraordinarily good land and still more pasture to be cleared has the grounds a very good house with cellar, a very good kitchen, a good Dutch cupboard, all the above buildings are completely new.

"A young orchard of 120 acres," etc. was signed Abraham Brokaw.

It is known that he left Somerset County, New Jersey and went to Sussex County for a while. About 1788-89 they went to Western Pennsylvania, then lived briefly in Fayette County and later in Washington County, Pennsylvania, where he died in Cross Creek Township.

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## 33.5 Notes over Abraham Brokaw (1756-1825), son of Abraham Brokaw and Judith Davis

Abraham went to Ohio with his brothers, George and John. An early deed shows that he bought land there in 1798 in Jefferson County.

Before settling in Ohio, Abraham lived in Walpack, New Jersey, where he passed land to his son-in-law Lewis Layton on June 5, 1807.

Apparently Abraham bought the land in the old "Congress Lands", which had been ceded to the government by the Indians in 1805. This became Richland County, Ohio in 1813.

Part of this was added in 1846, about 240 square miles on the eastern side, to the newly formed county of Ashland, in which the town of Loudeville is now located.

# 33.6 Notes over Joseph Warford, born in 1741 Hunterdon, died in 1798 in North Caolina.

Joseph Warford built the first flour mill and sawmill on Abbotts Creek.

The mill was known as Warford's Mill. It was sold to William Kennedy for \$10.00.

Later it became Young's Mill and remained in operation until 1926, when a dam on the Yadkin River flooded the bottom land and mill site, forming High Rock Lake.

Joseph also had a small flour mill on Warford's branch.

The distillery was continued for two successive generations.

The cognac they produced was widely known. Henry Feezor, a Civil War veteran, said,

"It was the best cognac in the province".

The Warford Grave wharf was on Joseph land in colonial times and next to a wagon road. Joseph and Mary Warford and their young daughter, Elizabeth, were the first three to be buried there. Marking small native rocks, hand engraved and barely legible many of these earliest burials. It is owned and cared for by Stoner's Grove Baptist Church.

# 33.7 Notes over Lewis Lazier Bogart (1804-1888)

One of the last survivors of the original UE loyalists.

A man who lived long and was widely appreciated. He was wealthy.

Lewis Lazier Bogart died on December 24, 1888 at his residence in Gosport.

He was one of the last of the first generation descendants of the UE Loyalists in this section, his father was one of the first who in 1776, more than a century ago, in Adolphustown settled.

He was born within a mile of where he lived to his wife, Elizabeth Cronk.

Over the years he had built a comfortable house and, through diligence and frugality, built a comfortable house and acquired significant properties.

He had given most of these to his family and only had enough left over to have a comfortable life in his old age.

## 33.8 Notities over Abraham Lazier Bogart (1811-1886)

425 acres in Hungerford en 17- ha. Township

#### 33.9 Notities over Dr. Jonathan Melville Hammer (1820-1883)

He studied medicine before coming to Sevier County, where he lived from 1842 until his death in 1883 ceased his practice. On October 4, 1847, Jonathan Hammer was appointed to committee of administrators to draw up an action plan and oversee the construction of a Methodist Meeting House in Sevierville. He was also active in the Masonic Lodge.

He represented Sevier County in the 35th General Assembly in 1867-1869.

In the April 1875 session of the Sevier County Court, Dr. Hammer appointed to the history of Sevier County before the centennial celebration in July 1876.

At the end of history, Dr. Hammer the following comments: "In the simplistic stage of society, wealth, position, office, family or position not essential to the distinction of a man".

Dr. Hammer lived and had his office in a large two-storey white house on the at the time dead end of Main Street. The old Catlett Tavern adjoined the home of Hammer.

Once upon a time, a brass nameplate with the inscription "Dr. JM Hammer" hung above the door from his office on the second floor.

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#### 33.10 Notes over Obadiah Saloman Brokaw (1822-1916), married to Czarena Fletcher

When his parents Benjamin Brokaw and Mary Ann Smith moved to "Brokaw Hill", he helped out With clearing the land. He was married in Racine, Meigs County, Ohio, to Czarena Fletcher, a daughter of Charles and Stephanie Susan (Cannon) Fletcher.

He learned the blacksmith trade and for many years had his own shop in Hooksburg, on the River Muskingum. He once had a slatted business, because they evaporated salt from water in those days, and he took the salt with a flat boat to the market in Muskingum.

In 1865 he sold his forge and bought the "Blockhouse Farm" on Big Bottom, near Stockport, Ohio, about a mile south of the city.

This was at the site of the Big Bottom Massacre, where the Indians, Native Americans in "Ohio land," settlers, regular soldiers, and militias confronted them in an attempt to expel their territory.

This confrontation is considered part of the Northwest Indian Wars.

He became an authority on Valley history and later in life he handed about two acres of land to the Ohio Historical Society, including the "Block House" site.

He erected a monument there to commemorate the massacre on January 2, 1791.

# 33.11 Notes over James Harrison Kitching (1840-1882), married to Martha Elizabeth Dowell

James H. Kitching, a prosperous farmer and stock trader from Alexandria, was born on May 28,1840 in Smith County. He is the fourth of fourteen children born to Thomas and Mary Bogart. Father Thomas Kitching was born in Smith County in 1809, a son of James Kitchen and Mary Davis, a native of North Carolina.

He immigrated to Tennessee early, stopping first at the top of Bledsoe's Lick, Sumner County, then in Smith County, near the head of Kitching Creek named after him.

He was one of the first settlers in that part where his life was passed down.

Thomas grew up in his native country, where he married about 1831.

He is a distinguished farmer, well and favorably known. His wife was born in North Carolina about five years later than her husband.

Both are staunch members of the Methodist Episcopal Church South.

In September 1862, he enlisted in the United States Army in Company B, Fifth Tennessee Cavalry. He took part in the Battle of Stone River and many skirmishes.

In August 1863 he was discharged for invalidity, but in the fall of 1864 he enlisted as soldier by the Company G, Fourth Tennessee Mounted Infantry. He soon became a second lieutenant and was assigned to command a force to restore order and enforce civil law in Smith County.

He held this task until the end of the war. After the war he resumed his duties in agriculture.

In February 1870 he married Mattie E, daughter of Robert and LD Dowell of Alexandria.

James H. Kitching remained in Smith County until 1879, when he moved to Alexandria.

He has always found his profession in agriculture and trade. He has a farm and a comfortable house in the town. For some time he has been the administrator of the Masonic Normal School.

He's a Republican; rather conservative. He cast his first presidential vote for A. Lincoln in 1864. He has been associated with the Masonic Brotherhood since 1868 and since his seventeenth a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which Mrs. Kitching is also a member.

## 33.12 Notes over Peter Dumont Vroom jr (1842-1926), son of Gouverneur Peter Dumont Vroom

He was the son of New Jersey Governor Peter Dumont Vroom. (see point 28.4).

He served as a 1st Lieutenant in the 1st New Jersey Volunteer Infantry on August 12, 1862.

He was wounded in an action at Crampton's Pass Virgina on September 14, 1862.

He was promoted to major of the 2nd New Jersey Volunteer Cavalry on August 28, 1863.

He was then promoted to lieutenant colonel for brave and brave on March 13, 1865 for his faithful service During the war.

He was retired with the rank of Brigadier General, Inspector General of the Army.ring the war.

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#### 33.13 Notities over Marshall Campbell Bogart (1847-1927)

He compiled and puclished the history of his family in 1918. No children.

#### 33.14 Notes on Cornelis Andréas Koorn later Kooren

Cornelis was married to Maria Schoonrok.

The family, except for the eldest daughter Willempje, emigrated to America in 1910. they came 10-7-1910 to New York city with the SS Rijndam.

The surname Koorn was changed to Kooren upon arrival.

Only Simon and his descendants continued to call themselves Koorn. They have settled in North Dakota. On 7/8/1910 they arrived at Belfield Train Station with 44 other Dutchmen. De Koorn's went to work at the Belfield Land and Investment Company, later called the Holland-Dakota Land Company.

In 1919 they moved to a farm in the Milnor area and in 1924 to a farm ten South West of South Heart, North Dakota.

In 1929 they left for the town of Aok Harbor, Washington on Whidbey Island.

In 1947 they moved to Seattle, WA and lived with their youngest daughter until their death Vivian (Hendricka) and husband Floyd Smith. (Source Joyce Koorn, USA)

## 33.15 Notities over John Lawrence Haslett Bogart (1877-1944)

John Lawrence was born in Whitby, Ontario, in 1877 and was there with his parents in 1881. He graduated from the Royal Military College, Kingston, in 1897, joining the 14th Regiment.

He worked in topographic research and taught engineering at Queen's University.

In 1899 he married Ethel May Moore in Kingston and lived there in 1901 as a bourgeois engineer.

In 1904 he transferred to the Royal Canadian Engineers and was stationed in Ottawa.

Then in 1906 to Halifax, to return to Ottawa in 1910.

In World War I he commanded the 2nd Division Signals and later served as OC of Canadian Corps. He served in the theater of war until 1919, receiving the DSO and other awards.

He was posted to Toronto and served there until 1923.

From 1923 to 1930 he served camp engineer at Petawawa camp.

He returned to Ottawa for four years, then Petawawa again, in charge of relief efforts to the camps in the area. 1937 he became a district officer in Calgary.

He retired to Pembrok, Ontario the following fall. There he was active in the Holy Trinity Church and in welfare work. He died there in 1944, survived by Ethel.

#### 33.16 Notes on Simon Koorn

Simon emigrated to America with his parents in 1910, when he was 19 years old. He lived in North Dakota for about a year and then left with 3 other youngsters men to Oak Harbor-Washington, where he worked on various farms.

In 1917 he enlisted in the army to automatically acquire American nationality to gain. Simon stayed in the army for 3 years. He fought in Europe in WWI (1914-1918).

After the war he stayed in Europe to recruit Germans and Dutch for the army.

After the war no stayed in Europe to retain the and Europe to retain the arms.

After his return on 1-1-1920 he married his childhood sweetheart Lizzie Zylstra.

Both worked hard and eventually bought their own farm. Source: Familie MUR and relatives.

#### 33.17 Notes over Frederick (Firpo) Marberry (1898-1976), married to Mattie Louise Womack

Professional baseball player. Considered one of the great assist pitchers in American baseball history. The righthander pitched in the major leagues for 14 years, a record of 147-89, averaging 3.63 points earned and 101 saves.

In the 1924 World Series, he started Game 3 against the New York Giants and was the losing pitcher as he gave up five hits and three runs in three innings. in a 6-4 loss.

He saved both Games 2 and 4. He was traded to Detroit along with Carl Fischer on December 14, 1932, for pitcher Earl Whitehill.

In relation to the descendants of

# Gijsbert Thaenisz in den Boogaertman from Schoonrewoerd

#### 33.18 Notes over Doctor Clarence Nall Bogart (1904-1950), married to Dorethy Dean Duvall

Dr. Clarence Bogart was born on August 2, 1904, the son of Mrs. Nellie Manasco and the late Dr. Julius Abram Bogart who died in 1941.

The Bogart's moved to Forrest City in 1906. Clarence Bogart graduated from Forrest City High School and attended the University of Arkansas Medical School, graduating from Tennessee Medical University in 1929.

He has been a member of the state, state, and national medical association since graduating. He co-founded the first clinic in Forrest City with his father Julius Abraham Bogart, which they operated together from 1932 to 1942.

The clinic was then sold due to the health of the elder Julius Abraham Bogart and because his son Clarence Bogart enlisted in the army.

The building here is now the telephone office.

Clarence Bogart served in the Army Medical Corps from June 1942 to January 23, 1946.

While stationed abroad in India, he suffered a serious heart attack and was sent back to the United States due to ill health. He had the rank of major.

Clarence Bogart married Miss Dean Duvall in 1938 and fathered two sons. He was a member of the American Legion, Presbyterian Church, County, State, and American Medical Associations.

## 33.19 Notes over Fred Dwight Bogard (1929-2004) and son Pete Bogard

Fred has been in the car business since he was 17 years old. He owned three car dealerships, Southwest Motors in Tucumcari, Fred Bogard Ford in Portales and Car City of Clovis.

He was a member of the Clovis Portales Elks Lodge.

His son Pete was born on September 27, 1951 to Goldie and the late Fred Bogard.

He followed his father into the car business.

He owned and managed several dealerships in Metroplex and Amarillo.

He spent a lot of time guiding and teaching others in the car industry.

He later worked with his son, Blake, at Texas Auto Wholesale.

An avid aviator and watersports enthusiast, he enjoyed many days in the air and on the water.

# 33.20 Notes over Anthonie Gijsbertus den Besten

Hendrik den Besten was married to Hendrika Buyserd on 30-8-1962 in Hei- en Boeicop.

He grew up at number 40 in Hei-en-Boeicop, South Holland.

Hendrik emigrated to Canada in 1966. There he built up a greenhouse business in Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario, Canada.

Hendrik (Hink) has given his father Anthonie Gijsbertus den Besten on February 12, 1981 in Niagara on the Lake in Canada, in memory of his grandmother Merrigje Pesselse, the Bogart-Family book by John Albert Bogar